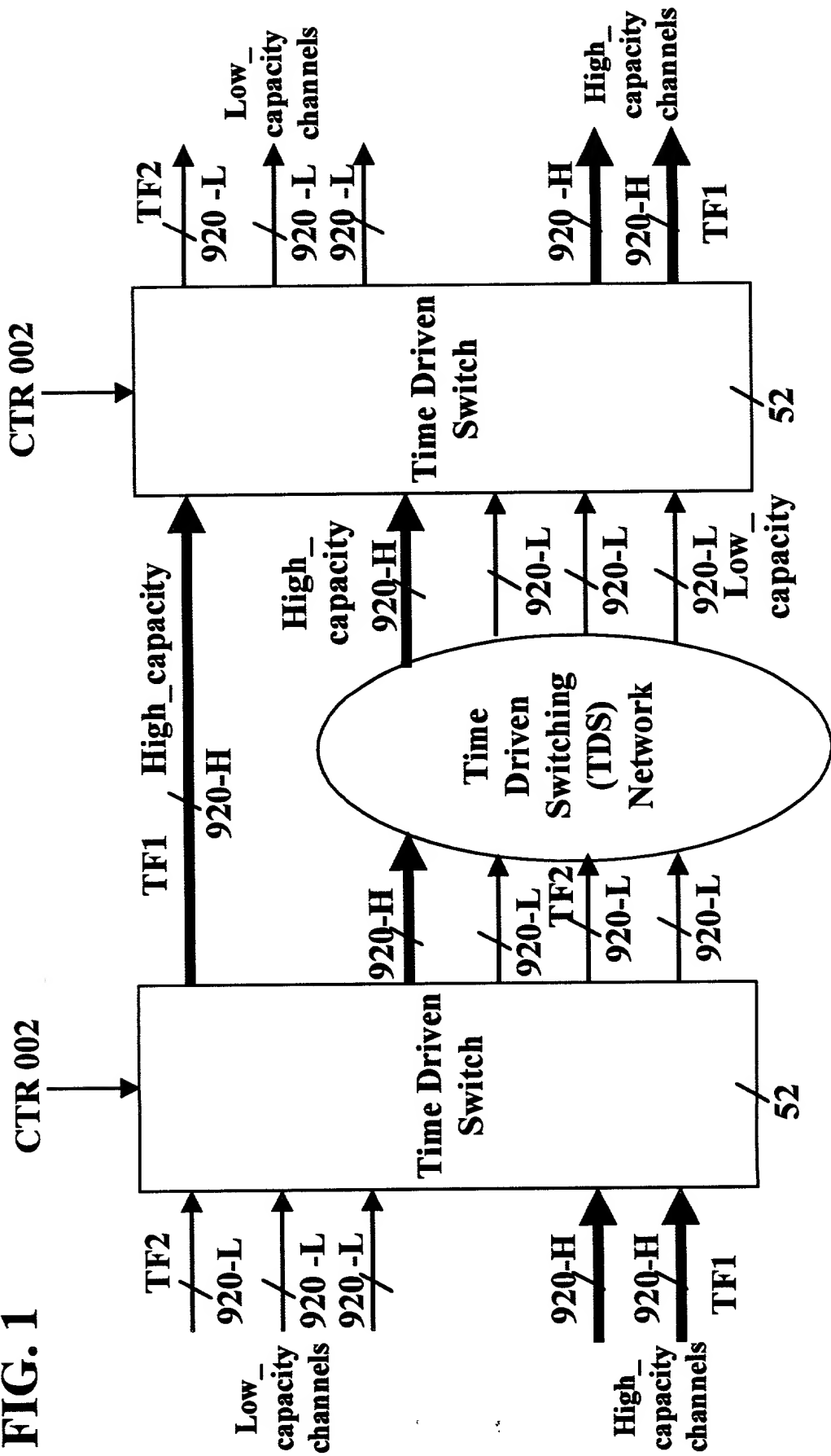


FIG. 1



c = High_capacity/Low_capacity

Example:

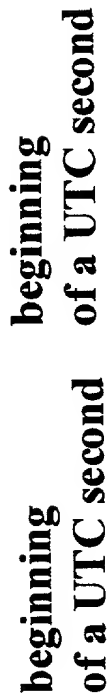
$$\Rightarrow c = 64 = (\text{OC-192/OC-3})$$


FIG. 3

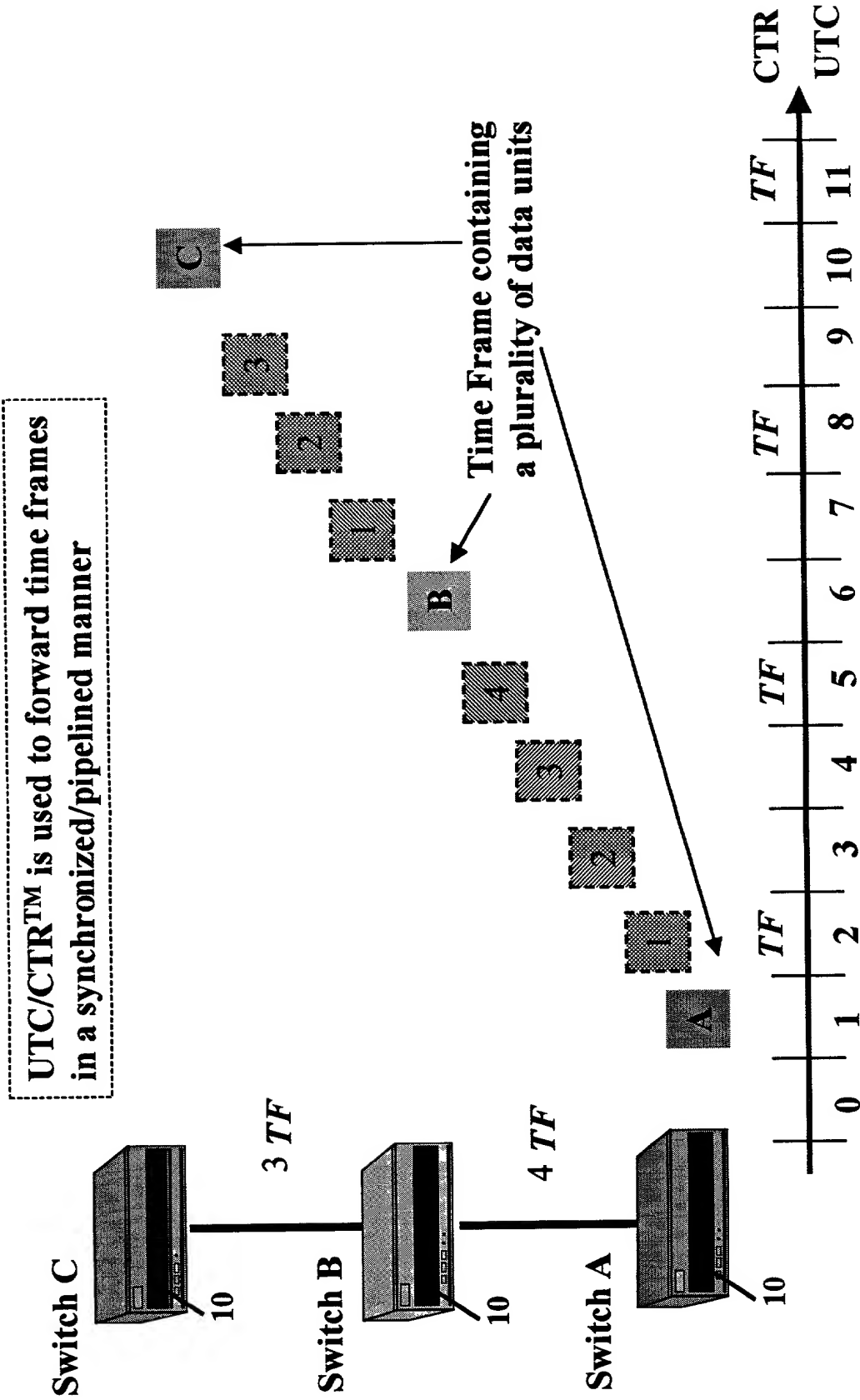
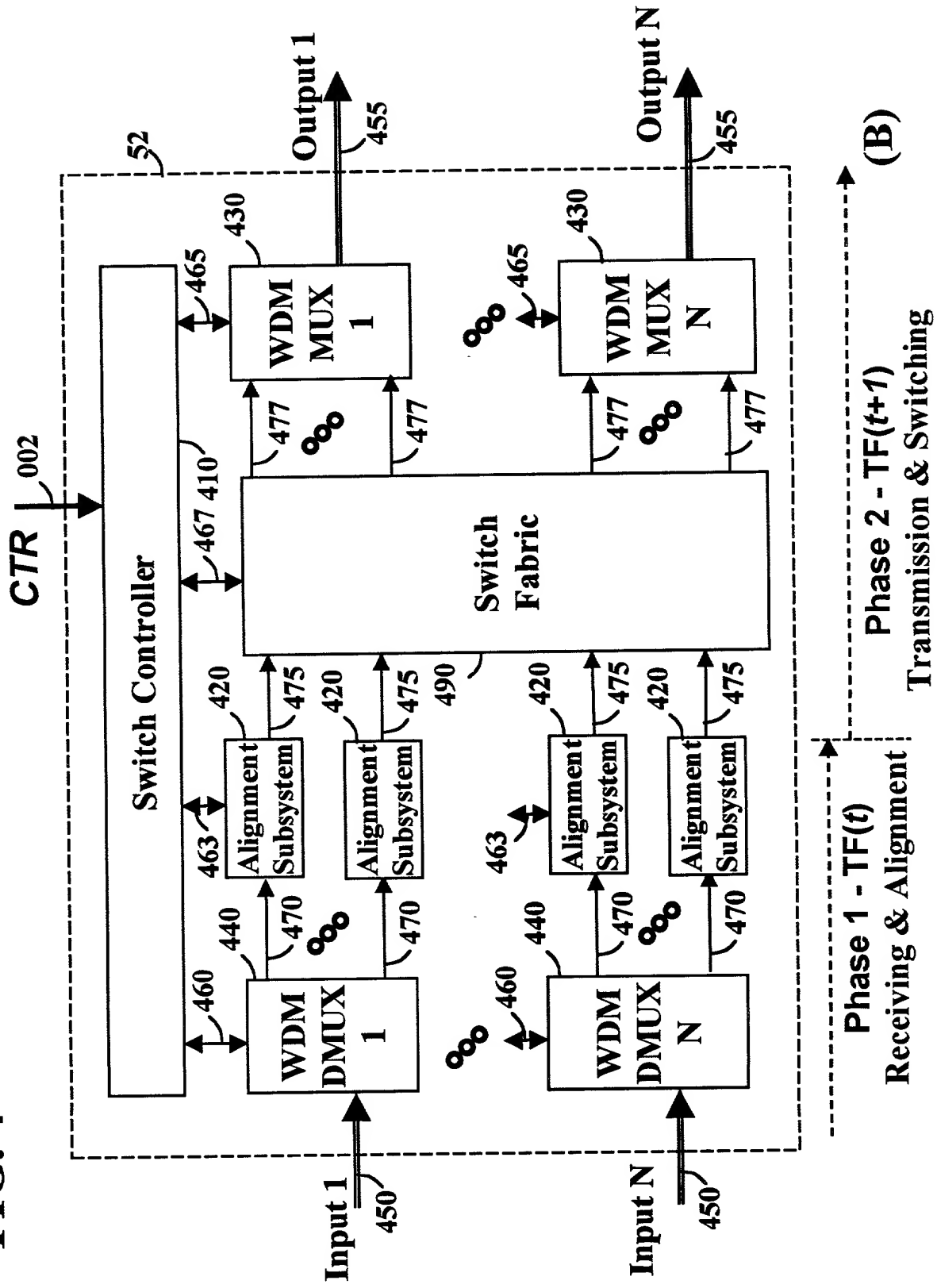


FIG. 4



Two time intervals: $SC1_length \cdot TF1 = 1$ UTC second

- $SC2_length \cdot TF2 = 1$ UTC second

- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the time cycles of TF1 and TF2 are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., $High_capacity = OC-192$, $Low_capacity = OC-48$):

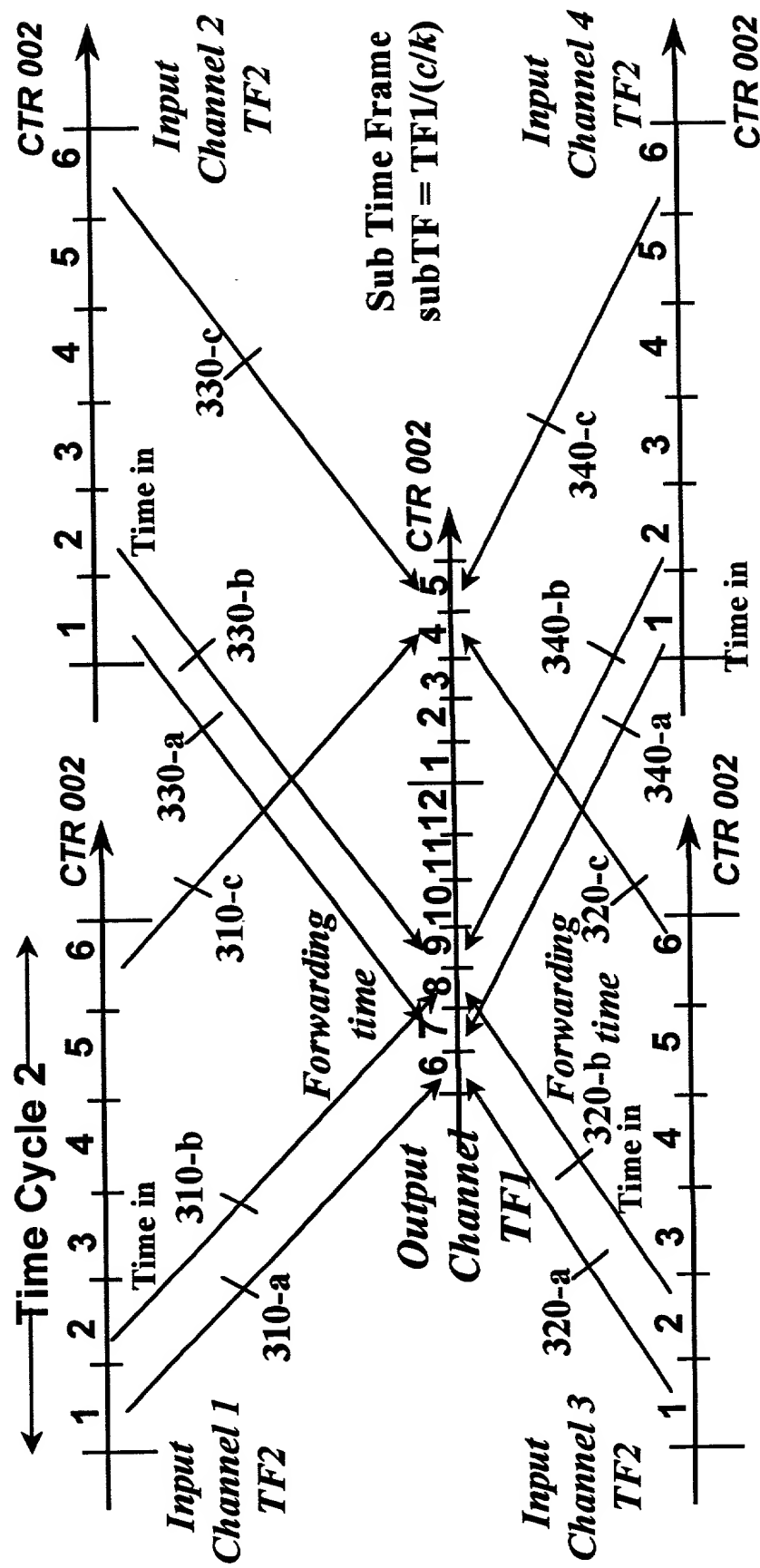


FIG. 6

Two time intervals: $SC1_length \cdot TF1 = 1$ UTC second

- $SC2_length \cdot TF2 = 1$ UTC second
- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the time cycles of $TF1$ and $TF2$ are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., High_capacity=OC-192, Low_capacity=OC-48):

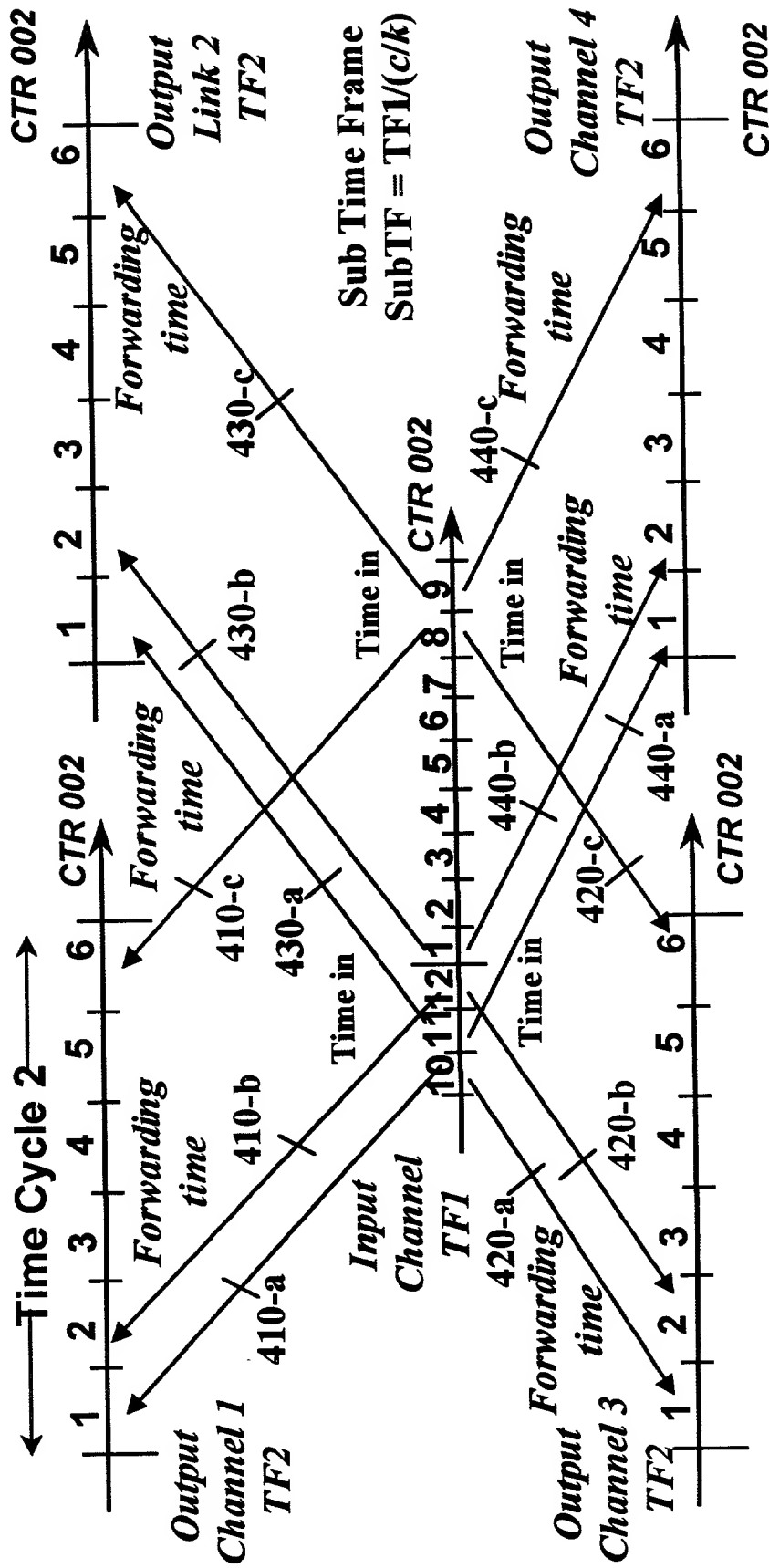


FIG. 7

Two time intervals: $SC1_length \cdot TF1 = 1$ UTC second

- $SC2_length \cdot TF2 = 1$ UTC second

- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the time cycles of $TF1$ and $TF2$ are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., High_capacity=OC-192, Low_capacity=OC-48):

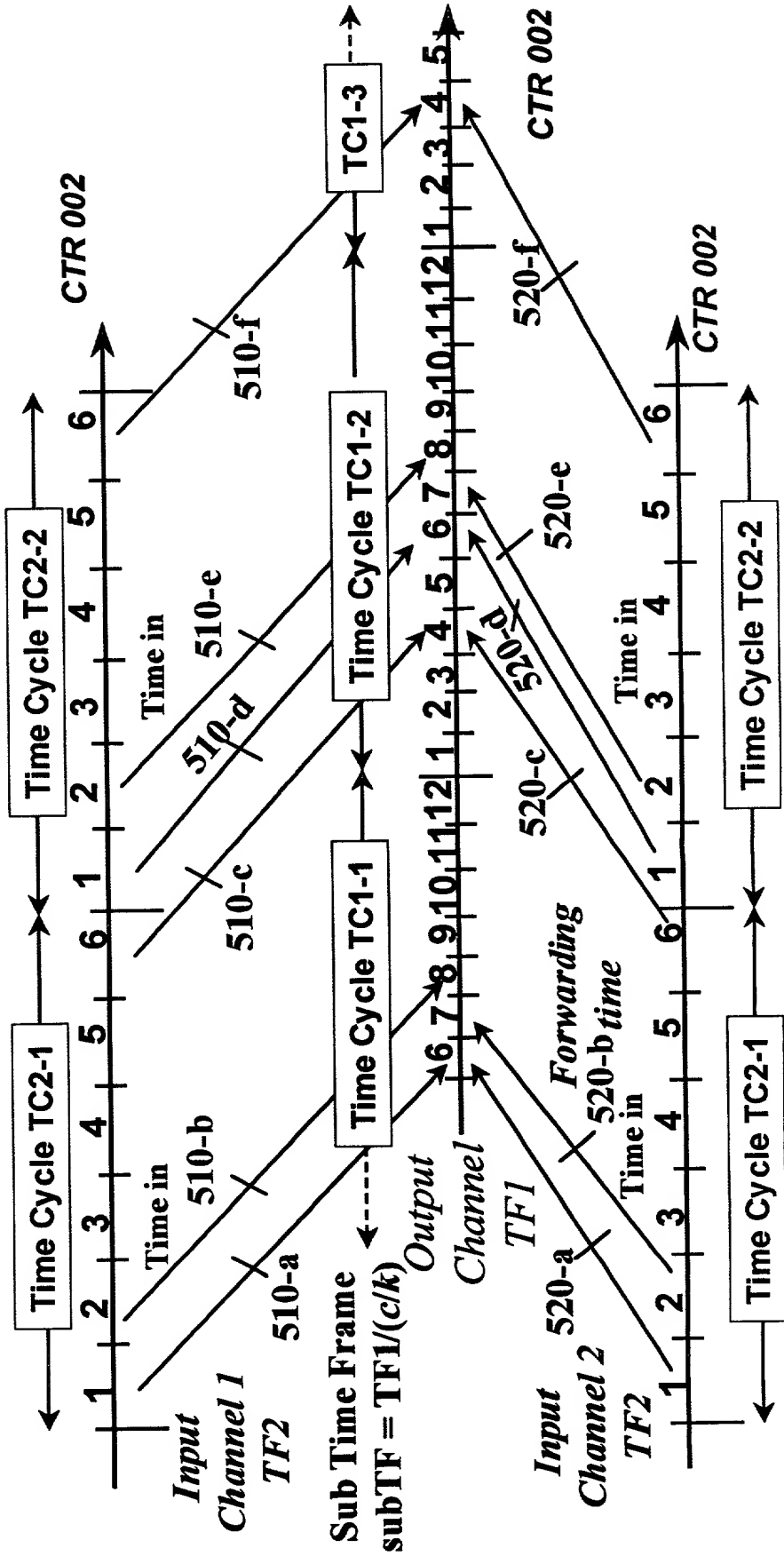


FIG. 8

Two time intervals: $SC1_length \cdot TF1 = 1$ UTC second

- $SC2_length \cdot TF2 = 1$ UTC second
- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the time cycles of $TF1$ and $TF2$ are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., High_capacity=OC-192, Low_capacity=OC-48):

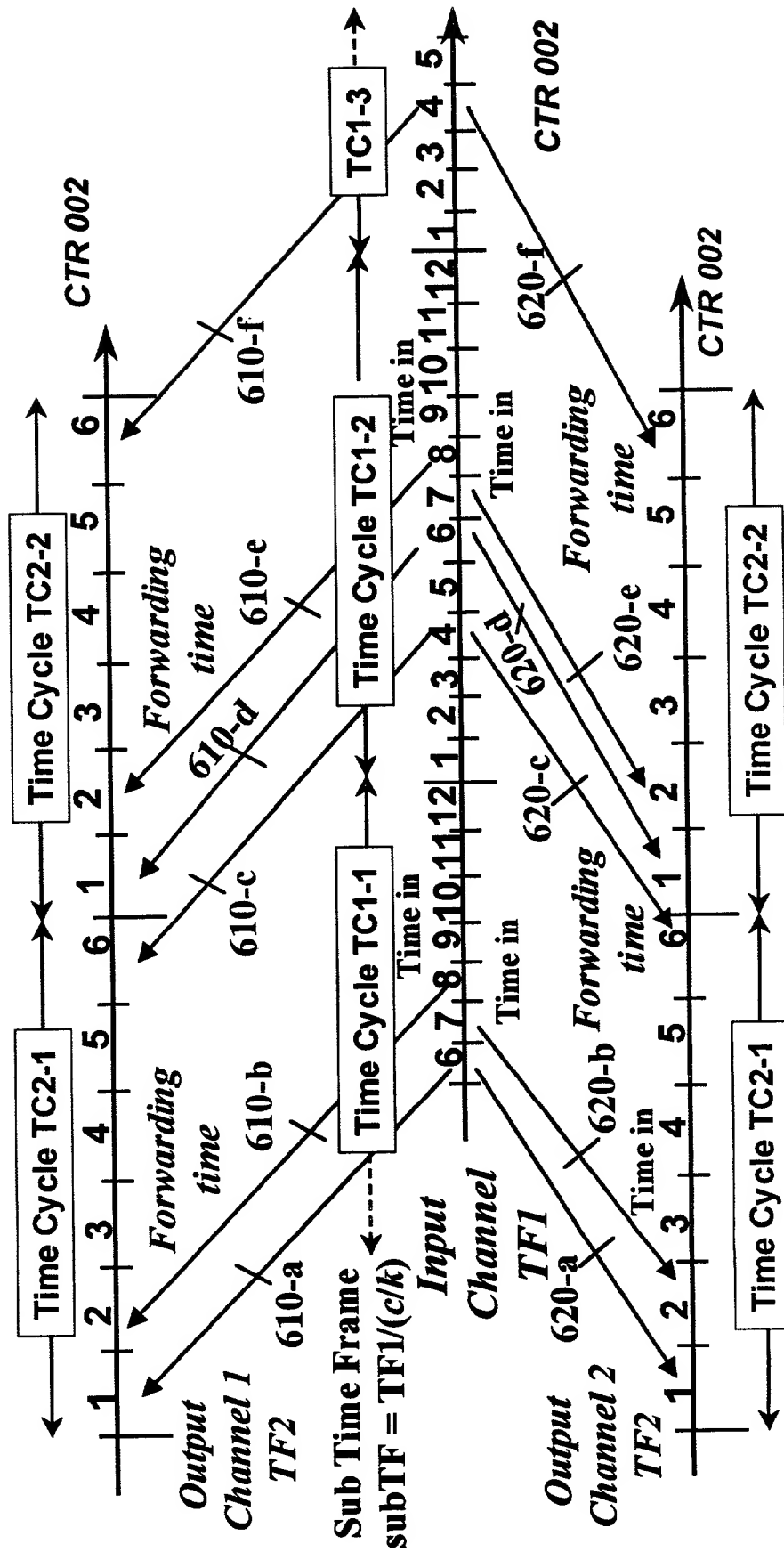


FIG. 9

$c=4$, e.g., OC-192/OC-48
 $k=2$, e.g., 25 microsec/12.5 microsec

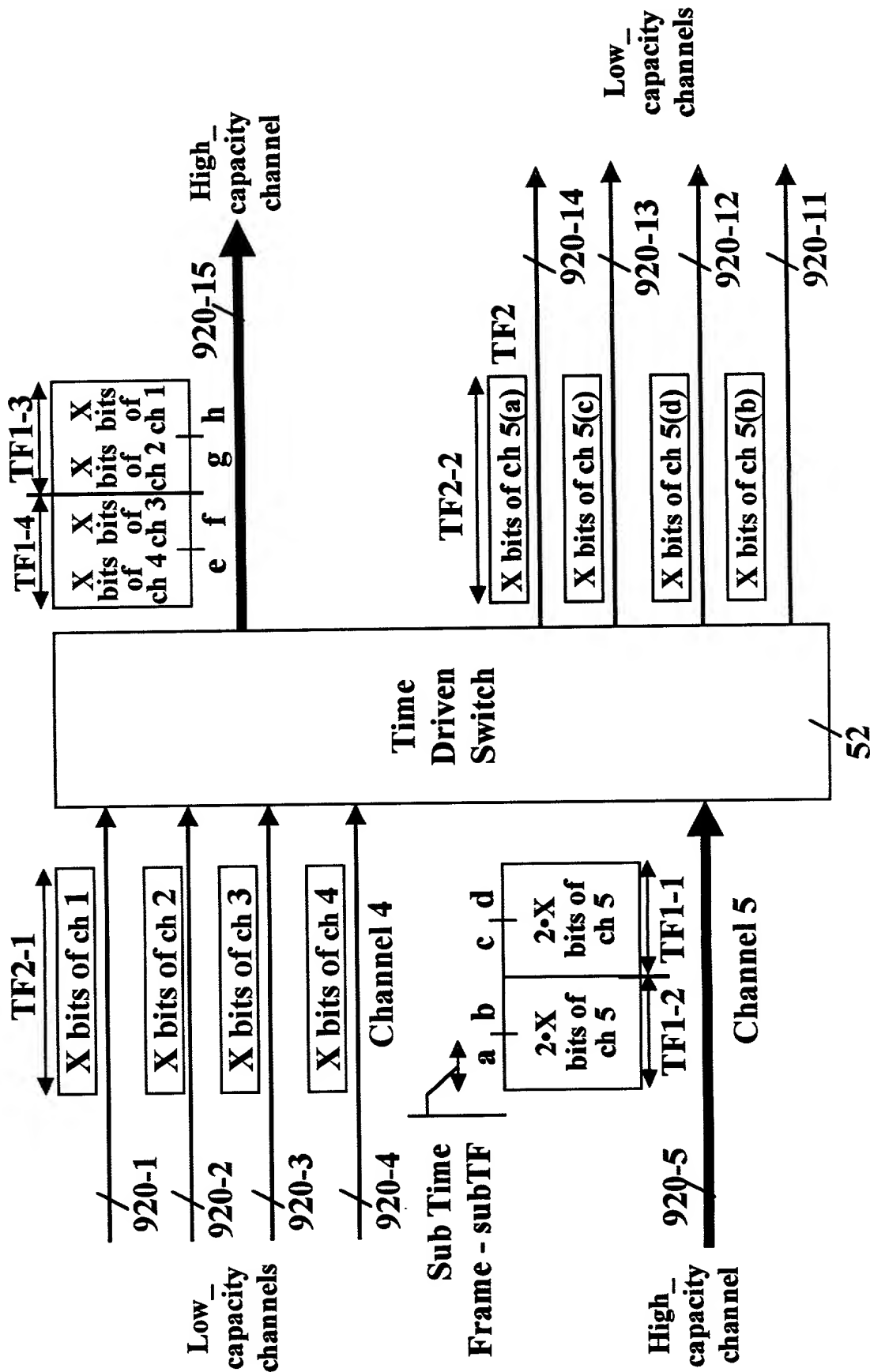
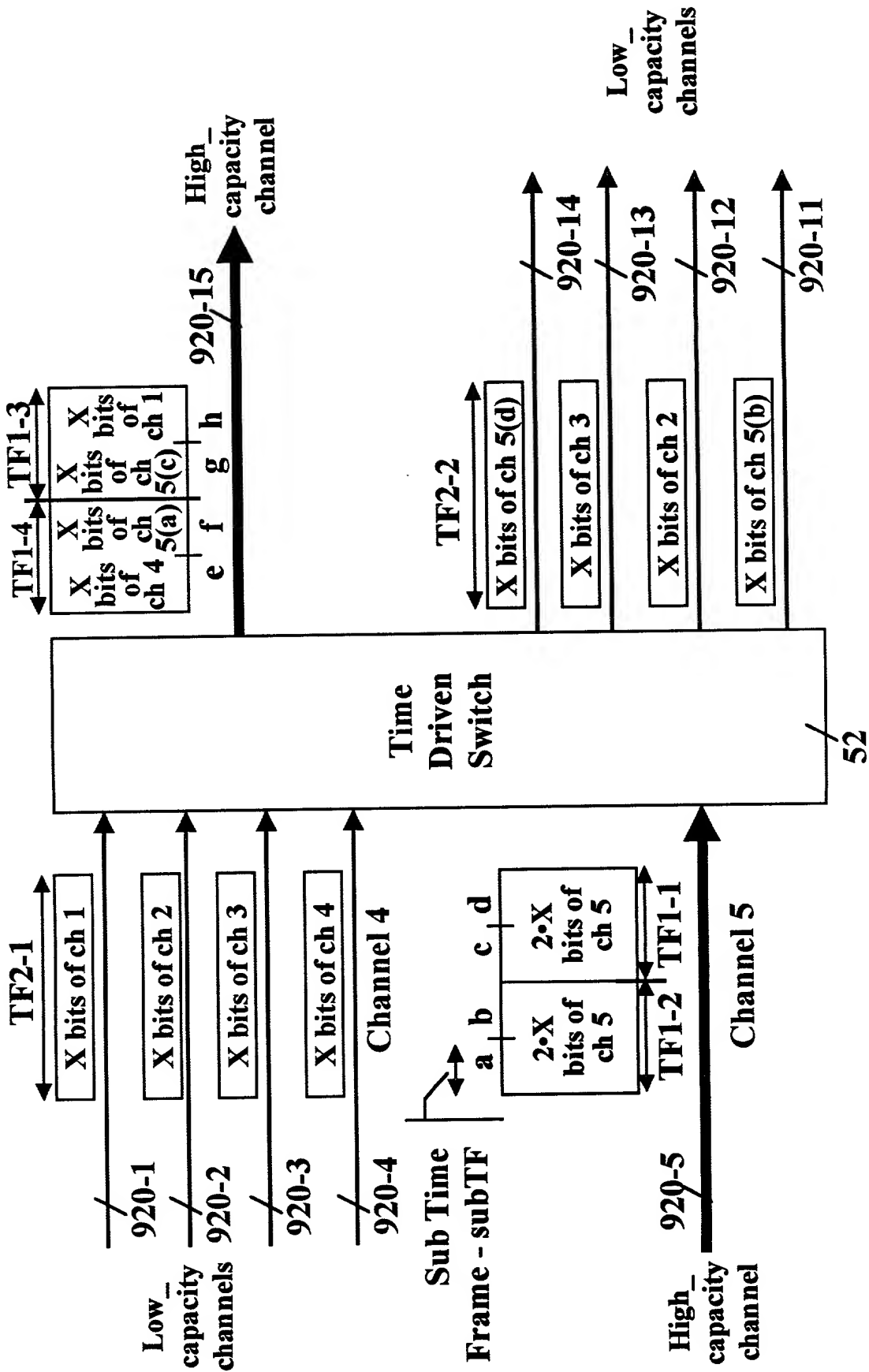


FIG. 10

$c=4$, e.g., OC-192/OC-48
 $k=2$, e.g., 25 microsec/12.5 microsec



$c=4$, e.g., OC-192/OC-48
 $k=2$, e.g., 25 microsec/12.5 microsec

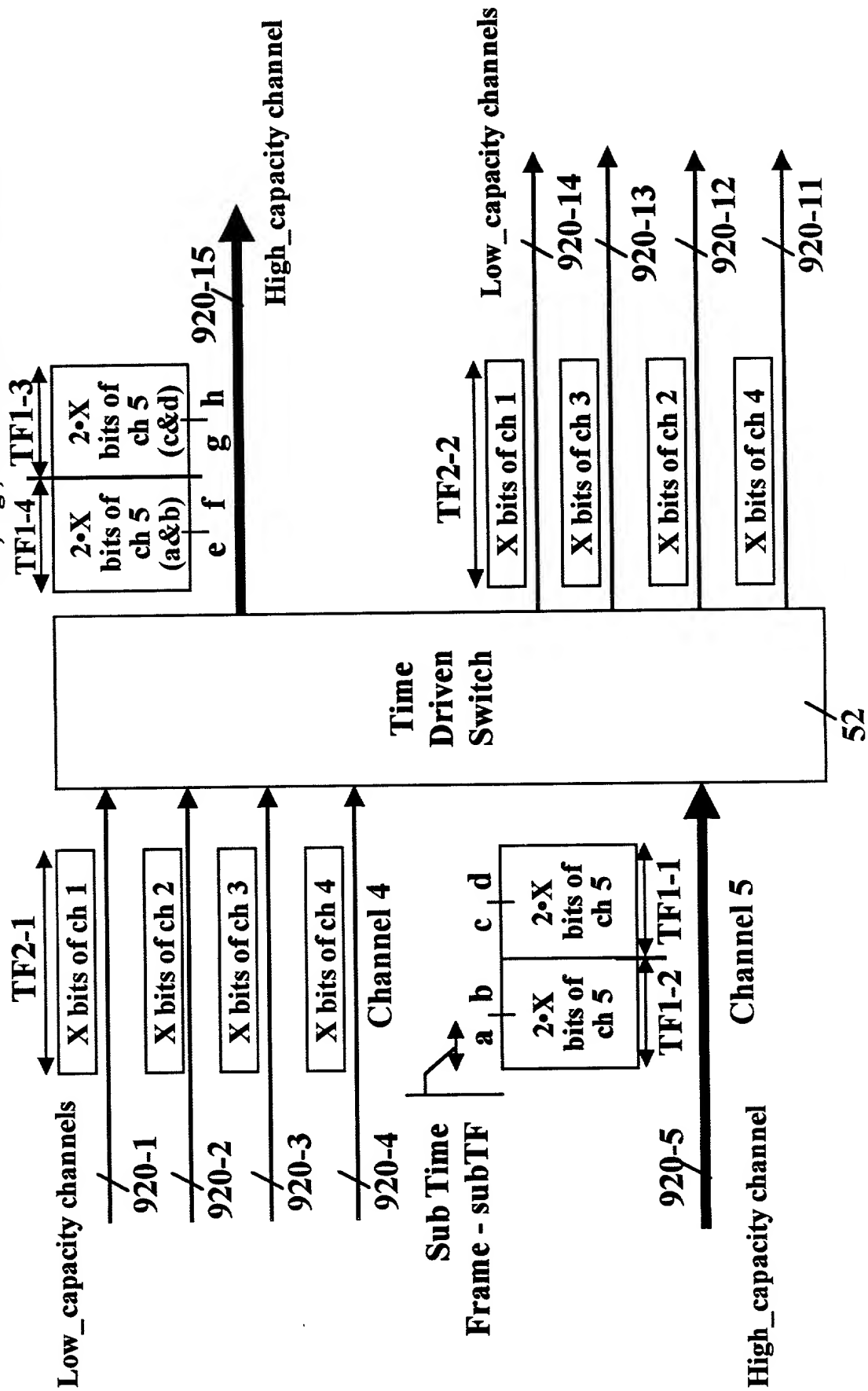


FIG. 12

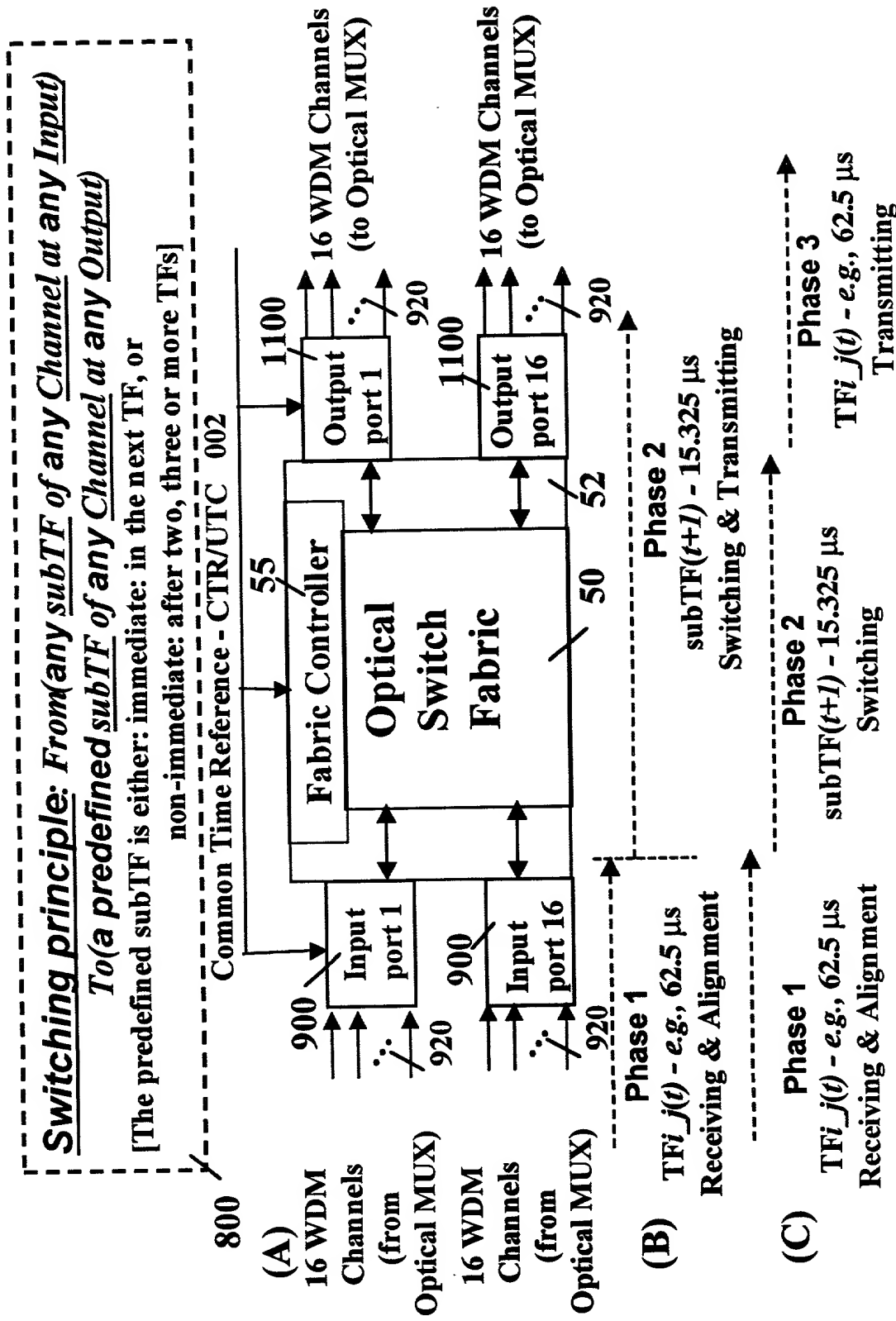


FIG. 13

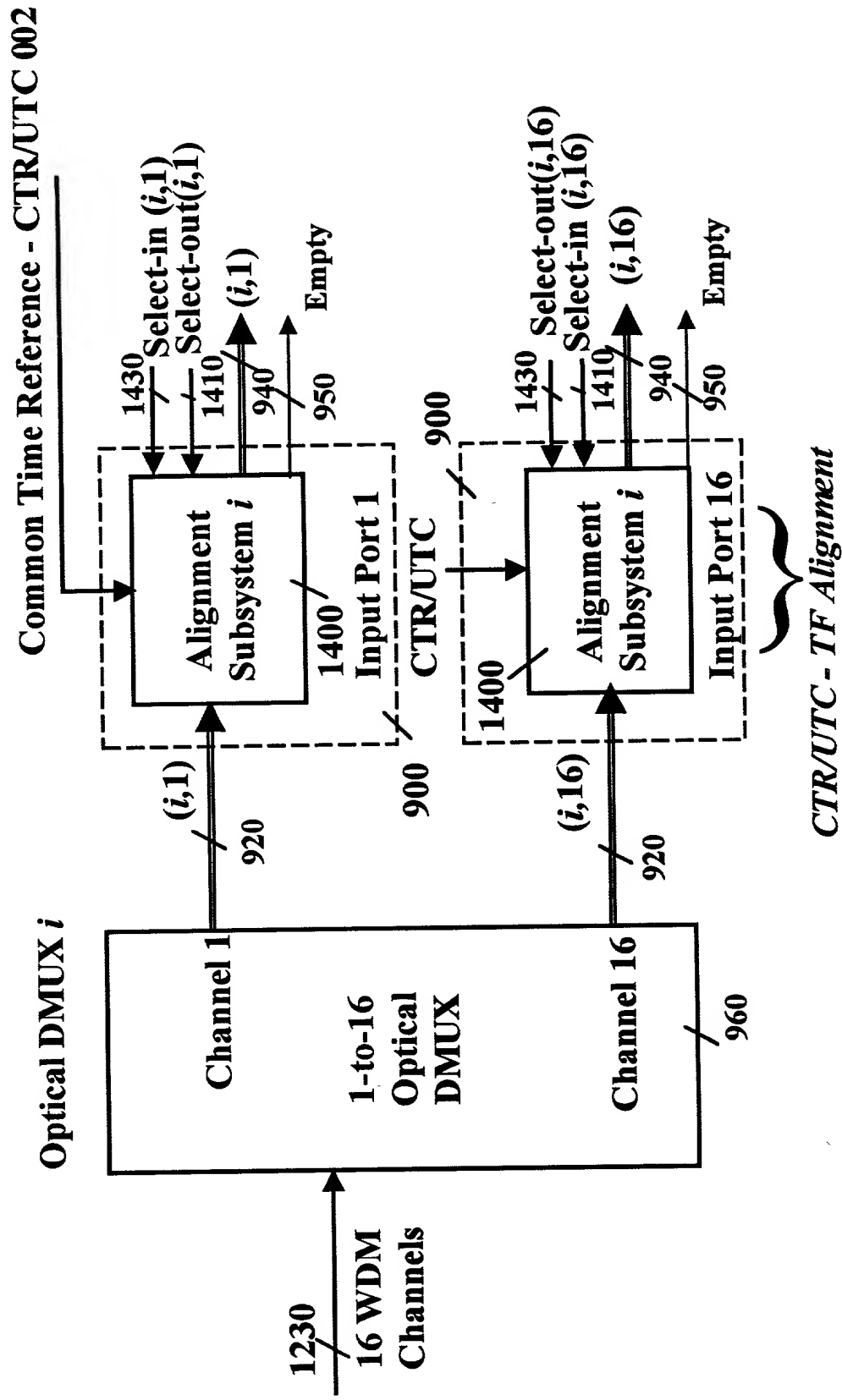


FIG. 14

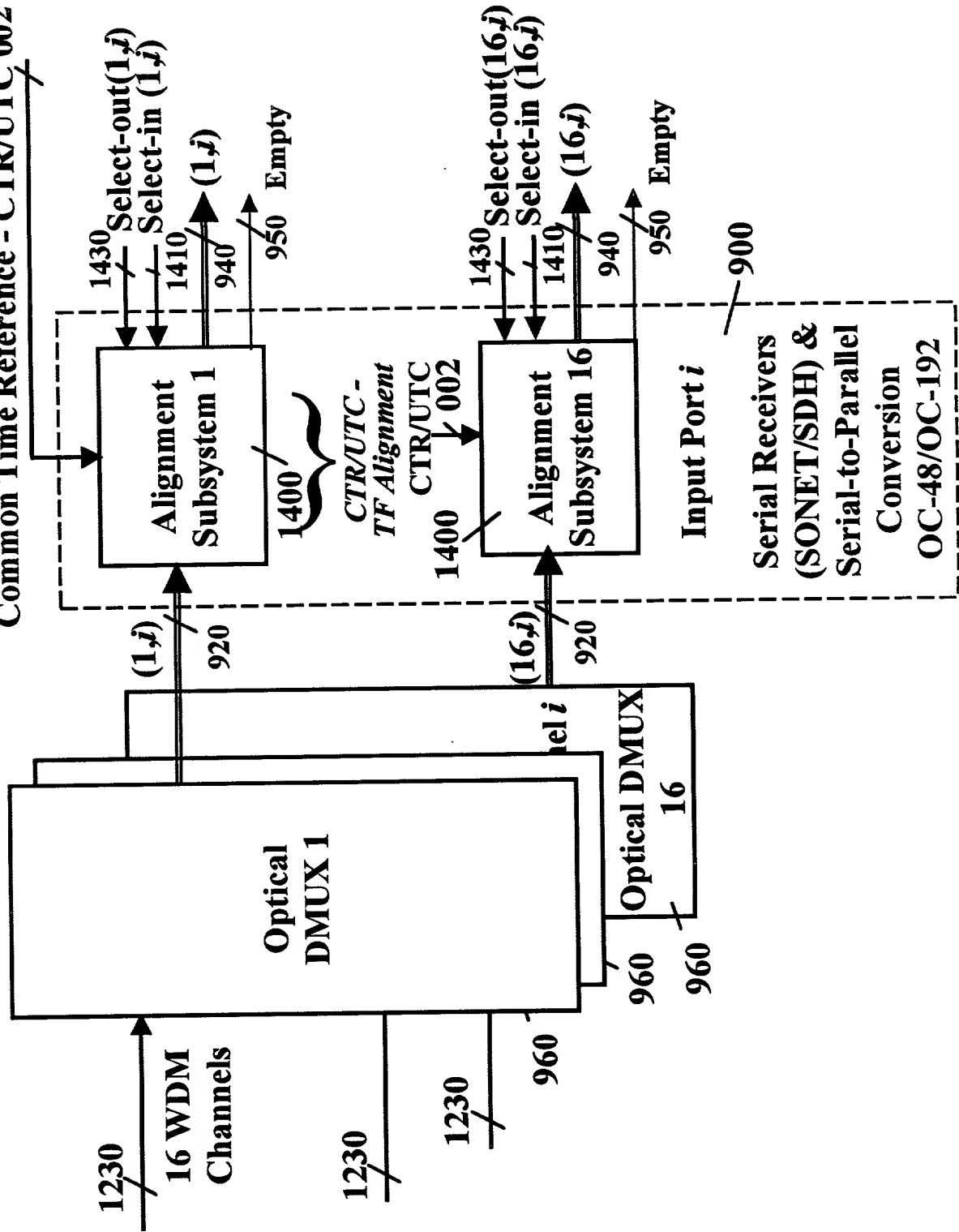


FIG. 15

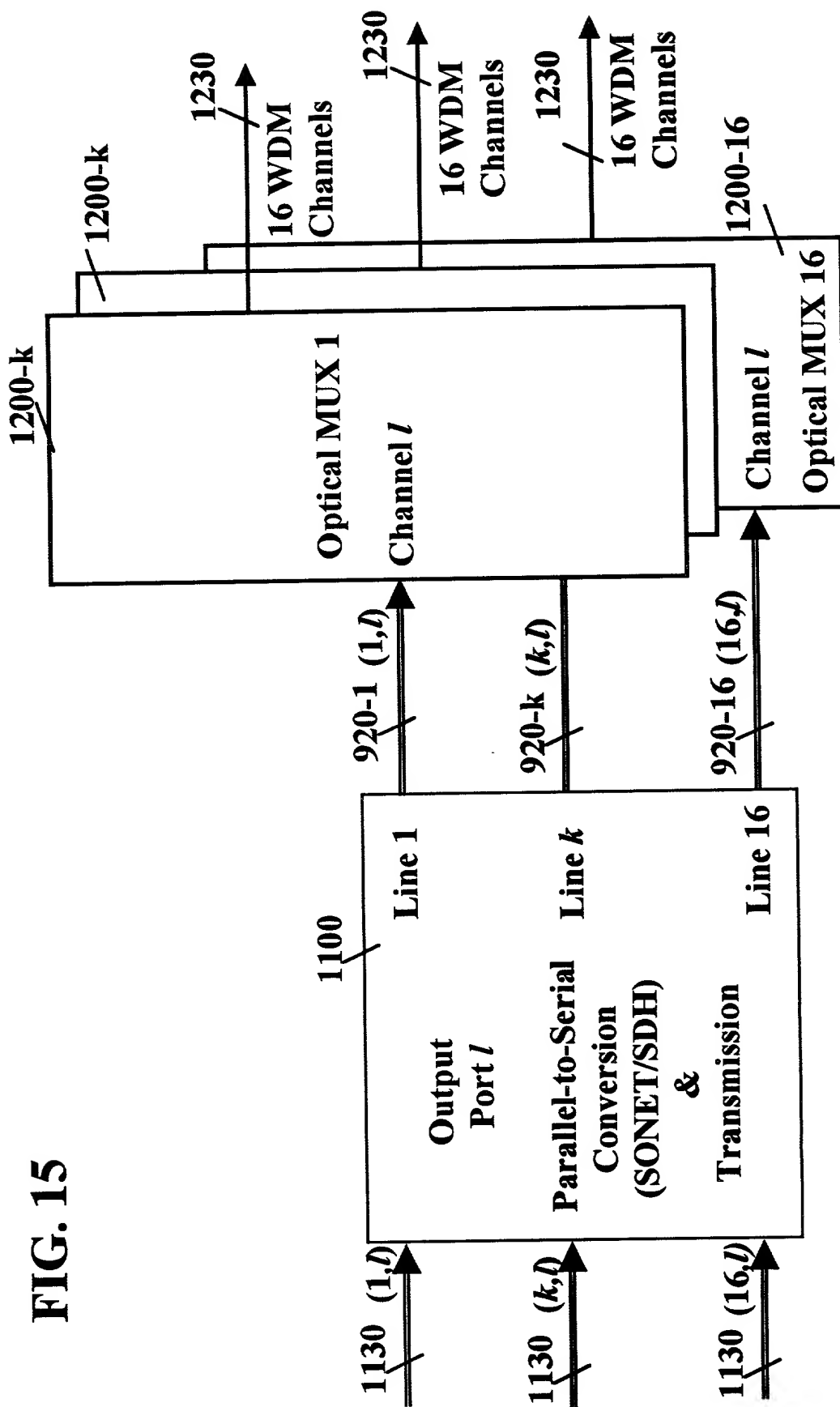


FIG. 16

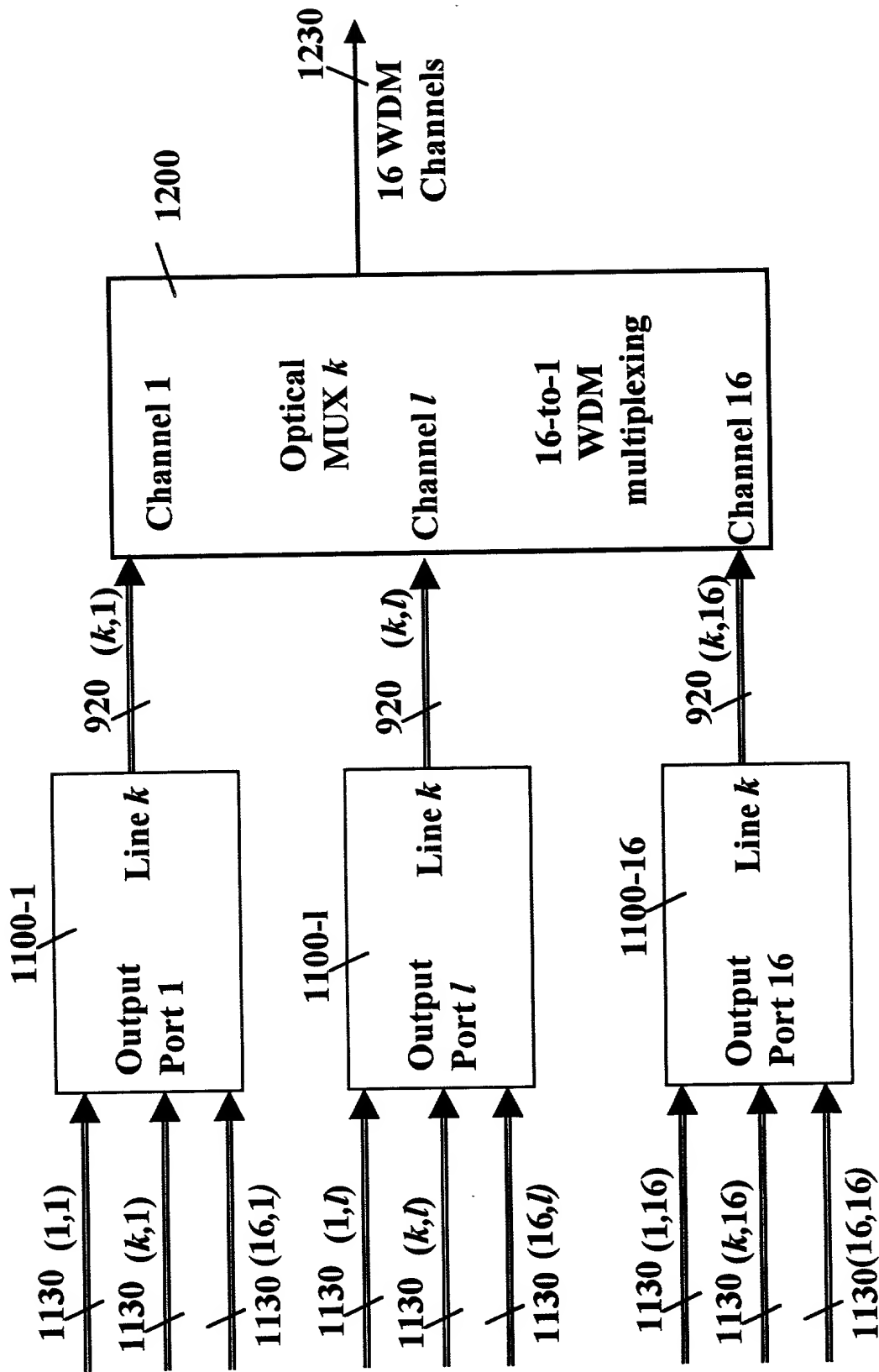
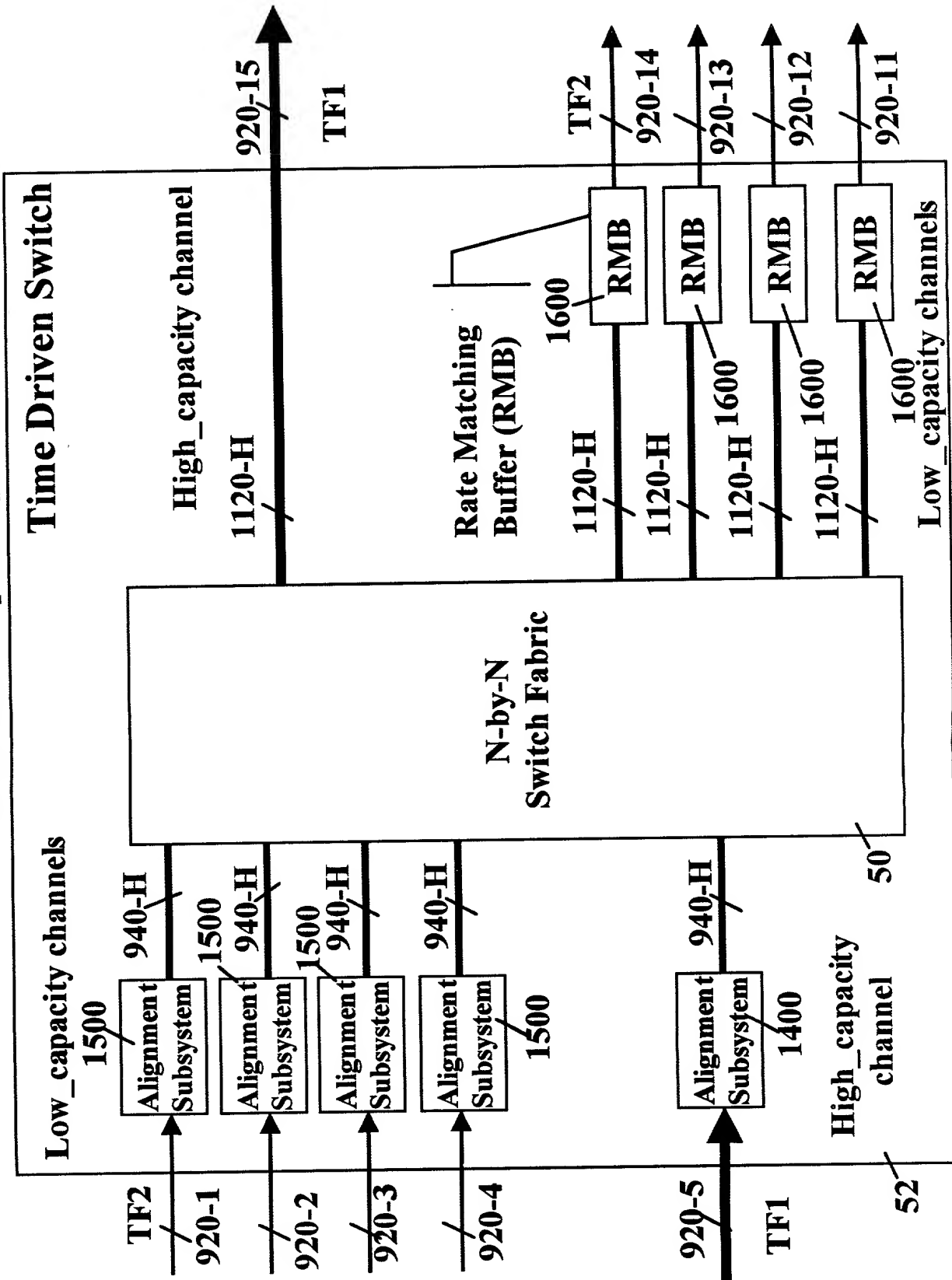
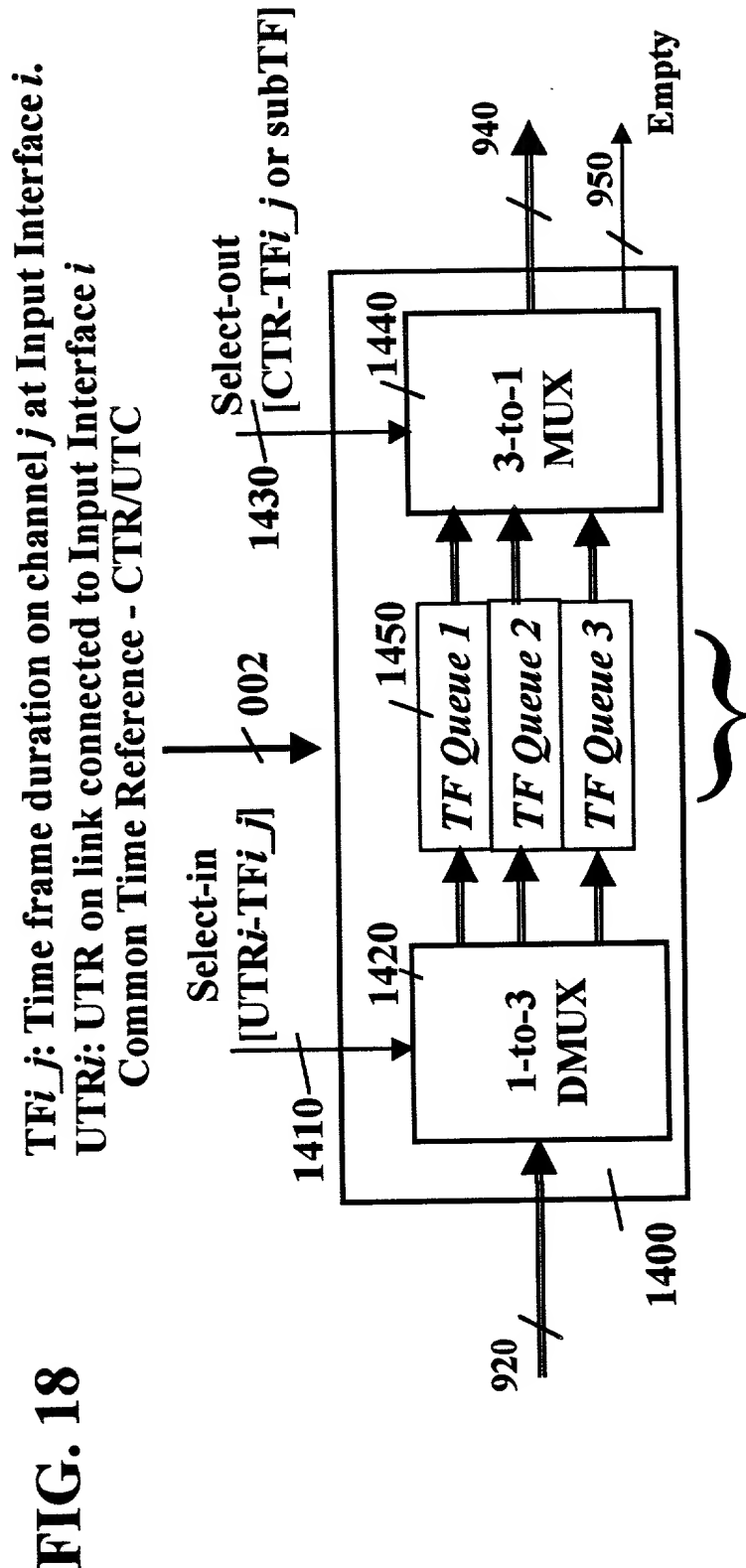


FIG. 17 N: number of input/output channels. E.g., N=256



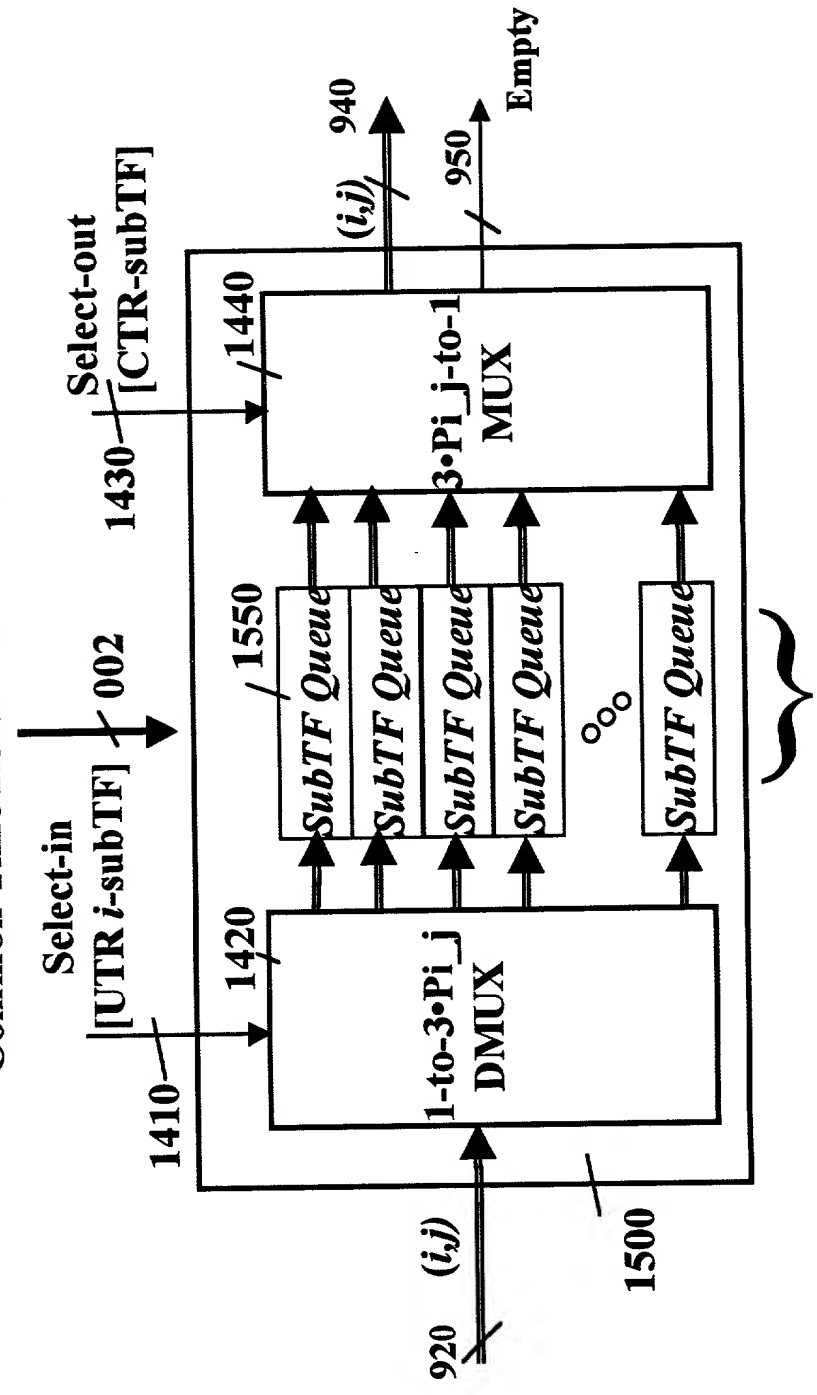


Alignment Subsystem for Channel j at Input Interface i
with a Plurality of Time Frame Queues

TF $_i$ $_j$: Time frame duration on channel j at Input Interface i .
UTR $_i$: UTR on link connected to Input Interface i
Common Time Reference - CTR/UTC

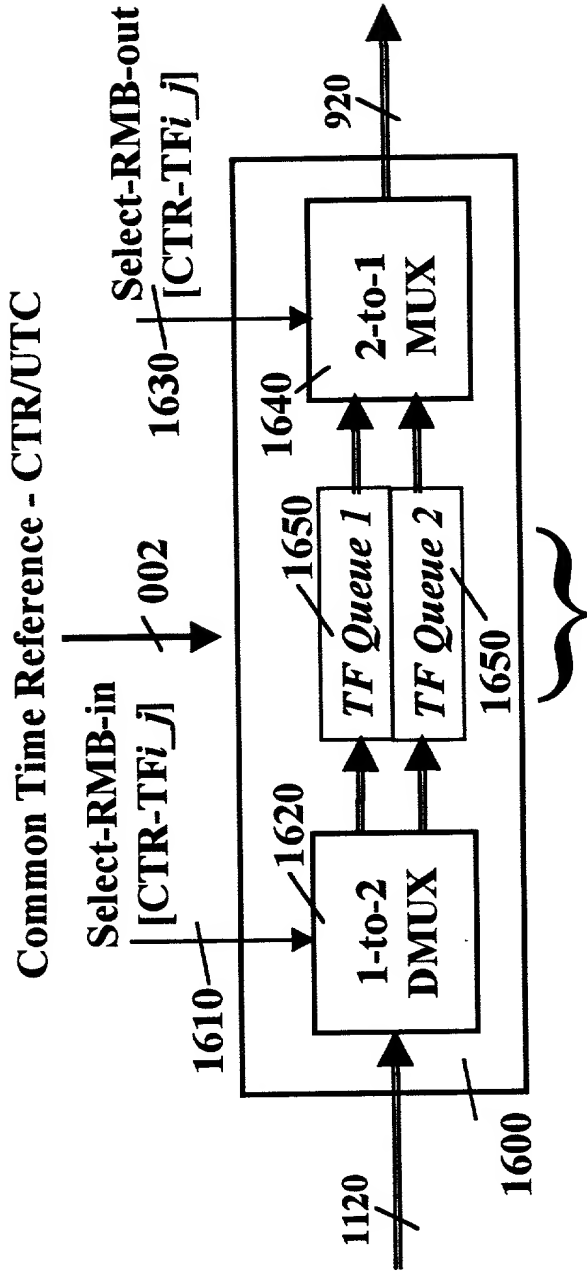
TF_i_j : Time frame duration on channel j at Input Interface i .
 UTR_i : UTR on link connected to Input Interface i
 $Pi_j = TF_i_j / subTF$

Common Time Reference - CTR/UTC



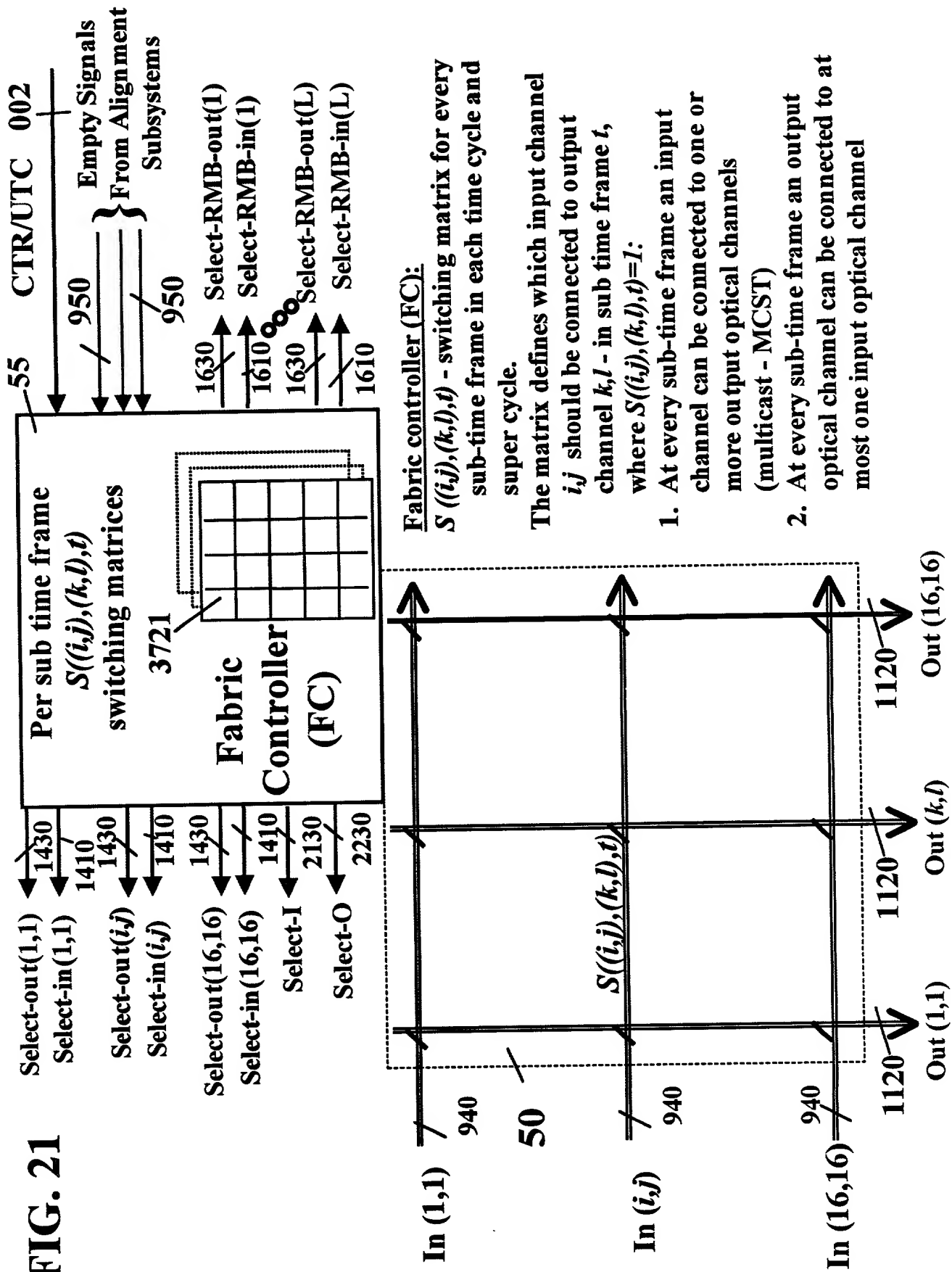
Alignment Subsystem for high capacity Channel j at Input Interface i
 with a Plurality of Sub-Time Frame Queues

FIG. 18+2 TFi_j : Time frame duration on channel j at Input Interface i .
 UTR_i : UTR on link connected to Input Interface i



Rate Matching Buffer for Channel j at Output Interface i
with a Plurality of Time Frame Queues
 (Also single buffer with dual access memory with single phase switching and forwarding)

FIG. 21



Fabric controller (FC):

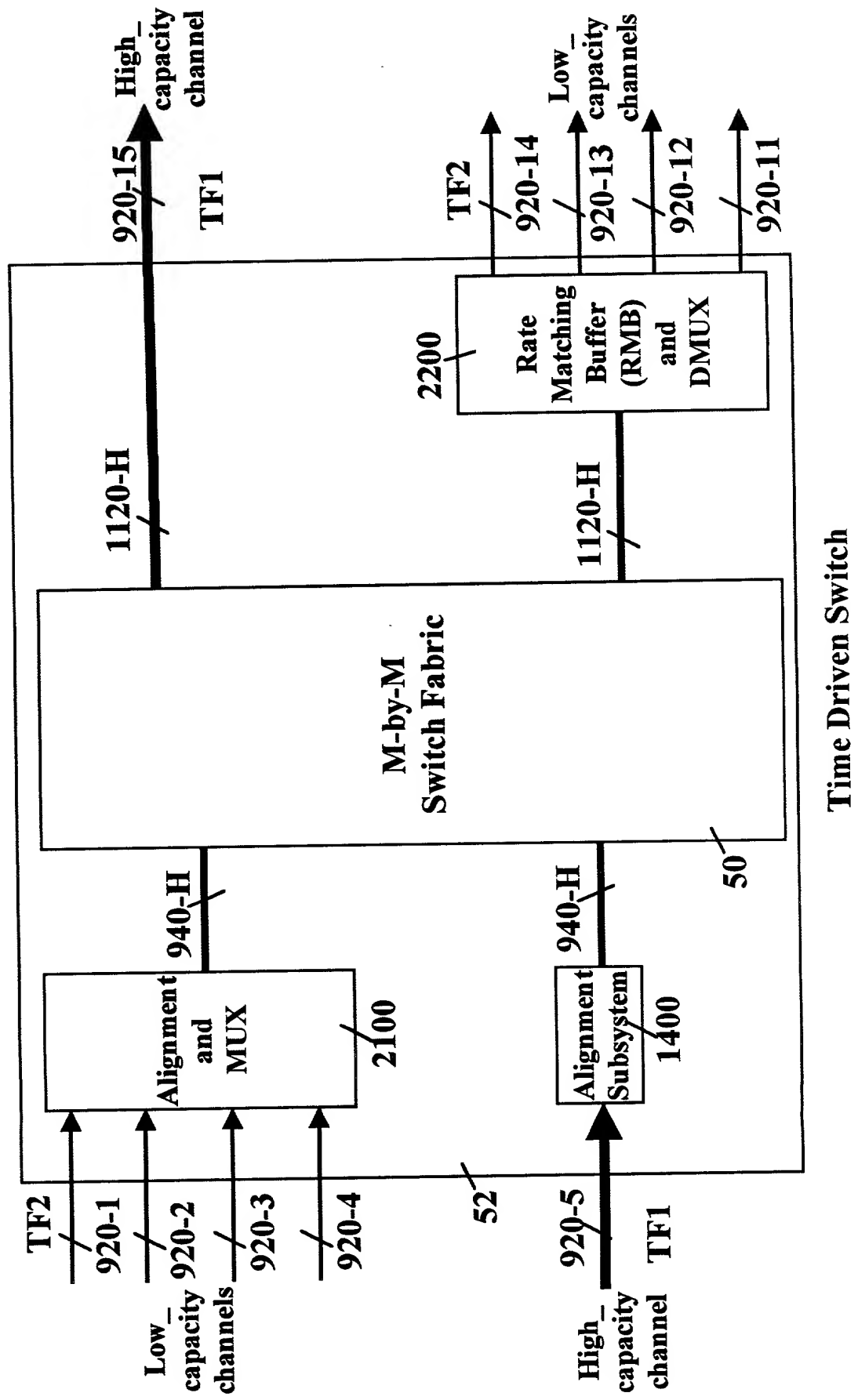
$S(i,j),(k,l),t$ - switching matrix for every sub-time frame in each time cycle and super cycle.

The matrix defines which input channel i,j should be connected to output channel k,l - in sub time frame t , where $S(i,j),(k,l),t=1$:

1. At every sub-time frame an input channel can be connected to one or more output optical channels (multicast - MCST)
2. At every sub-time frame an output optical channel can be connected to at most one input optical channel

FIG. 22

N: number of input/output channels. E.g., N=256
 $M \cdot \text{High_capacity} = N_{\text{high}} \cdot \text{High_capacity} + N_{\text{low}} \cdot \text{Low_capacity}$
 $M < N$



Parameter	Unit	Value	Standard Error	t-Statistic	p-Value
α_1		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_3		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_4		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_6		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_7		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_8		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_9		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{10}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{11}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{12}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{13}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{14}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{15}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{16}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{17}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{18}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{19}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{20}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{21}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{22}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{23}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{24}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{25}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{26}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{27}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{28}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{29}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{30}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{31}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{32}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{33}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{34}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{35}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{36}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{37}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{38}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{39}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{40}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{41}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{42}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{43}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{44}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{45}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{46}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{47}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{48}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{49}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{50}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{51}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{52}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{53}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{54}		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
α_{55}		0.0000	0.000		

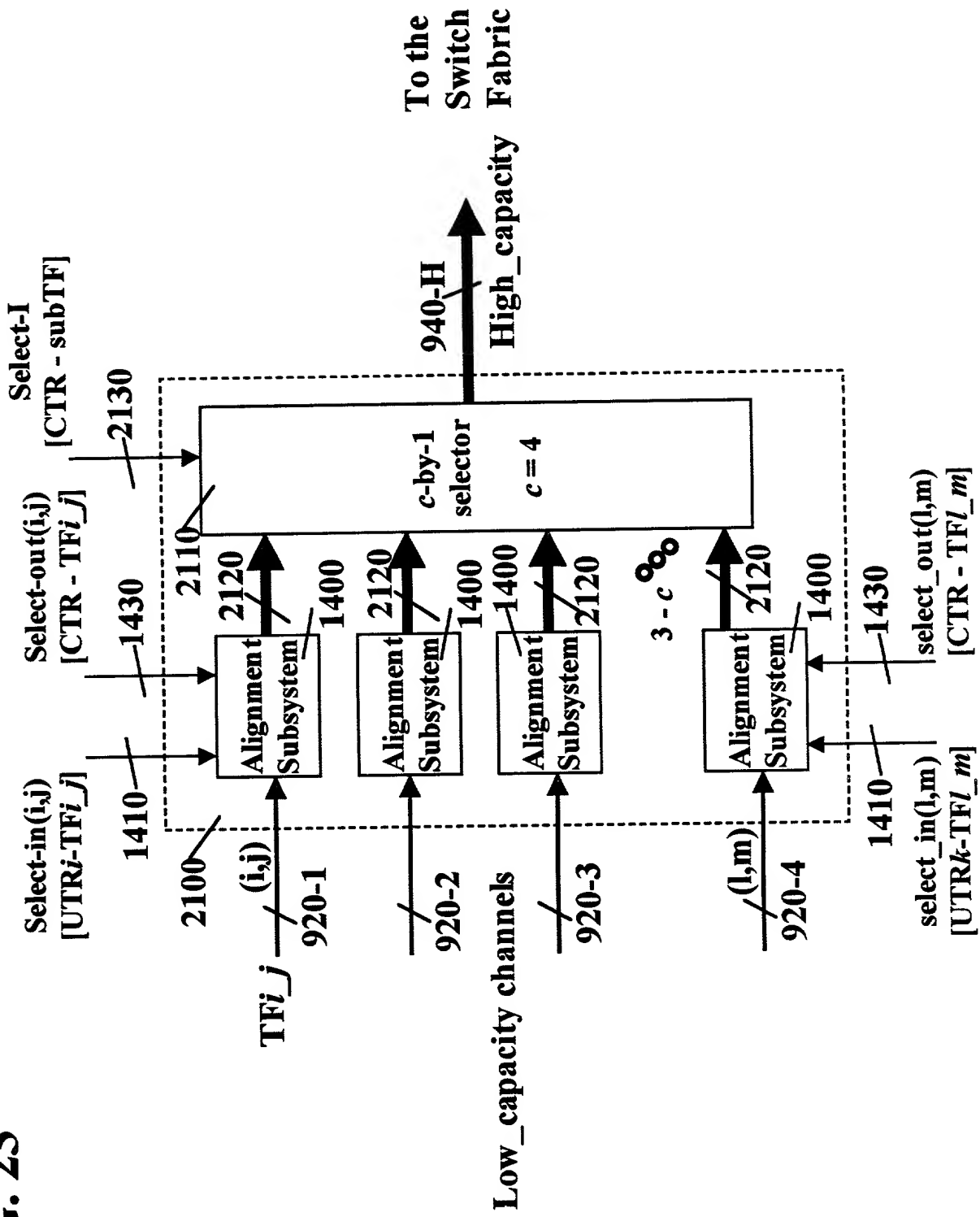
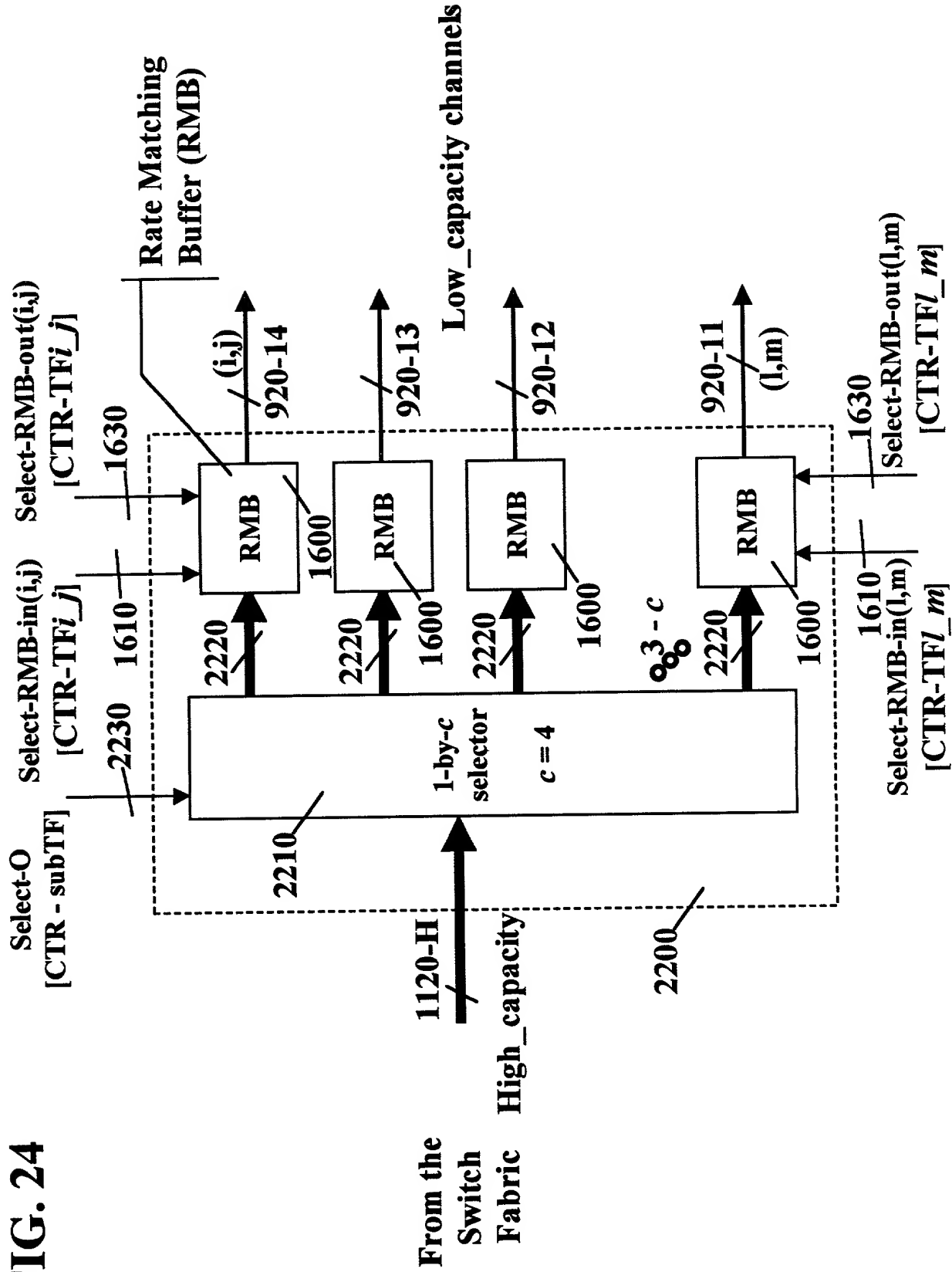


FIG. 24



N: number of input/output channels. E.g., N=256
 $L \cdot \text{Low_capacity} = N_{\text{high}} \cdot \text{High_capacity} + N_{\text{low}} \cdot \text{Low_capacity}$
 $L > N$

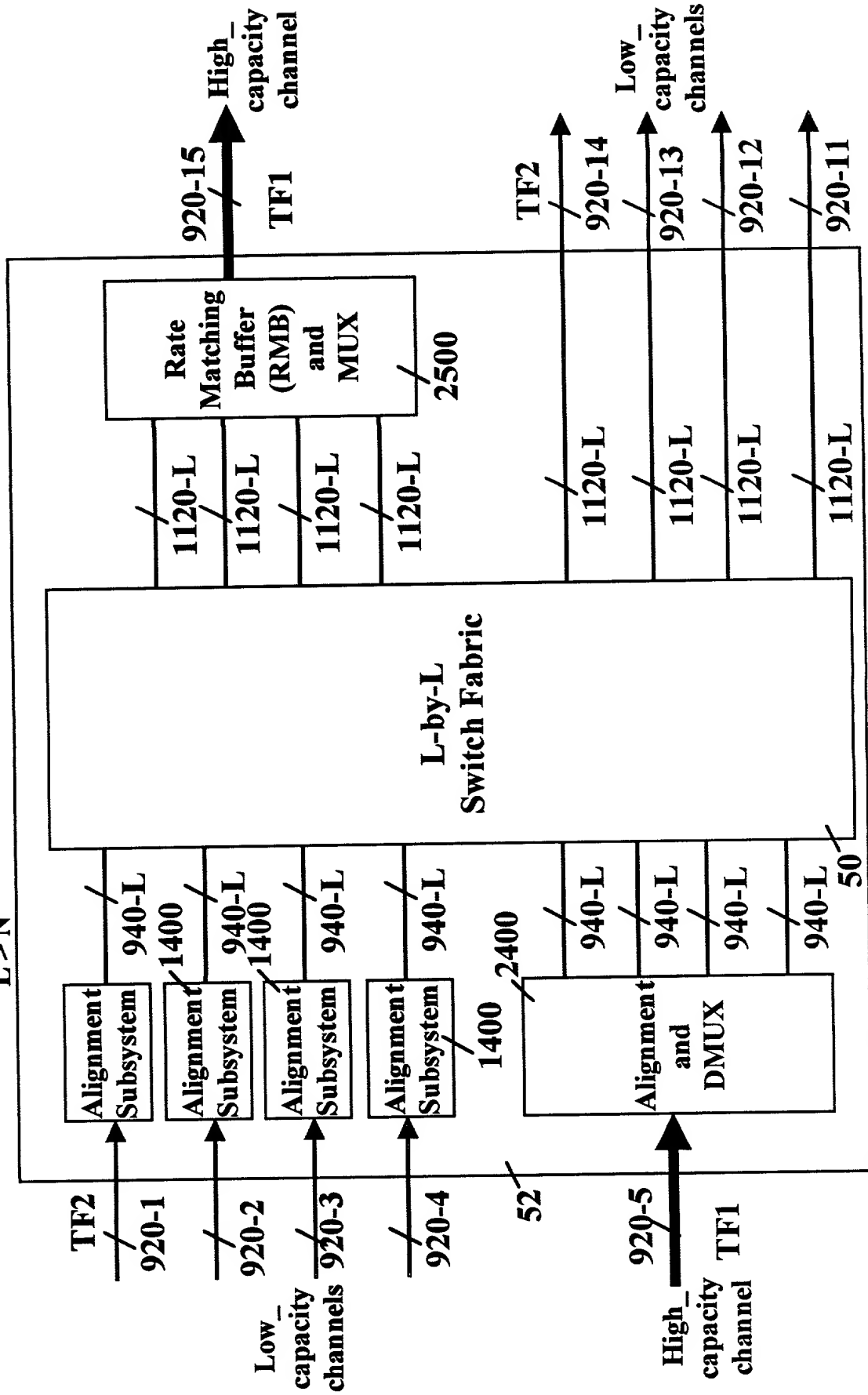


FIG. 26

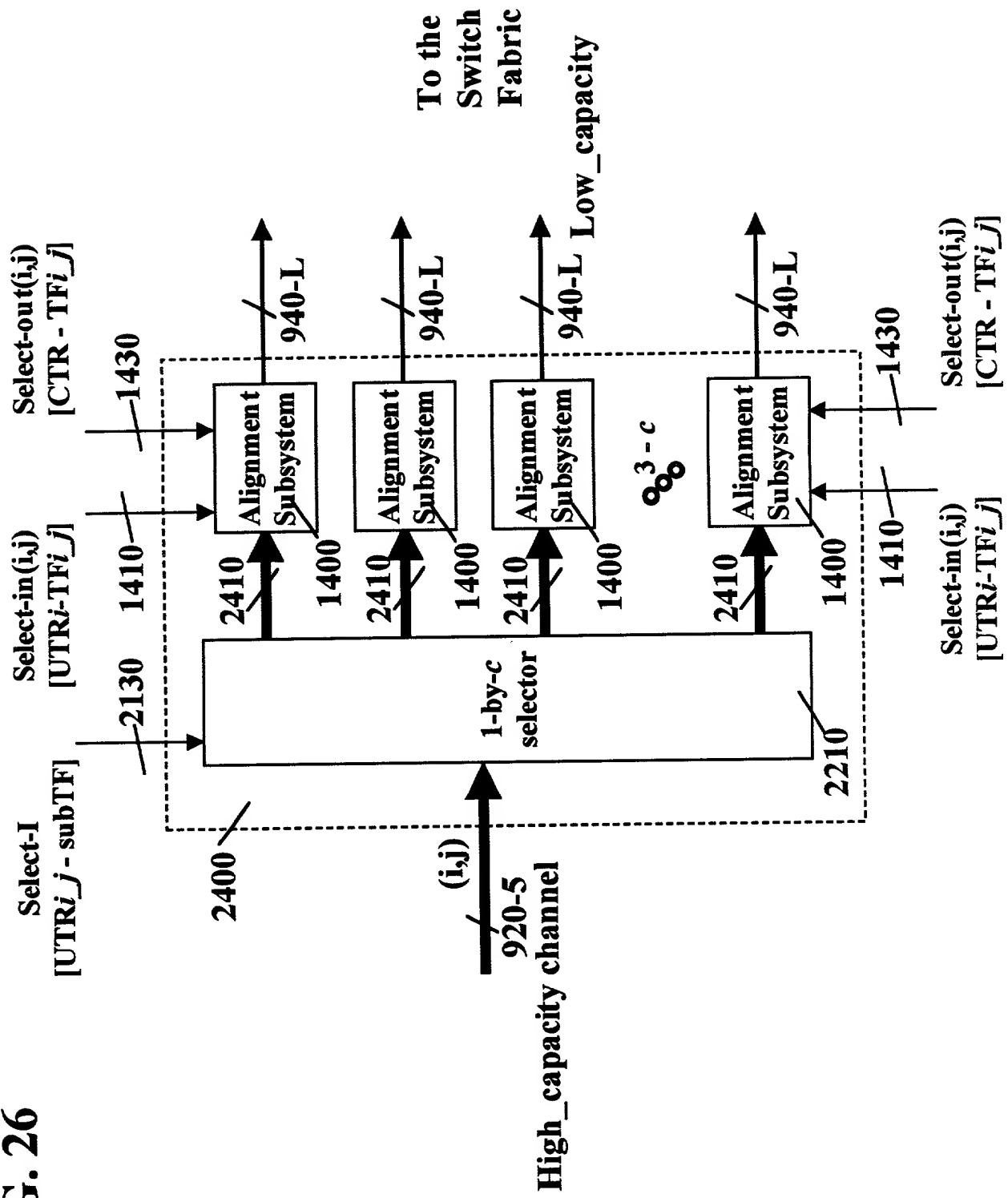


FIG. 27

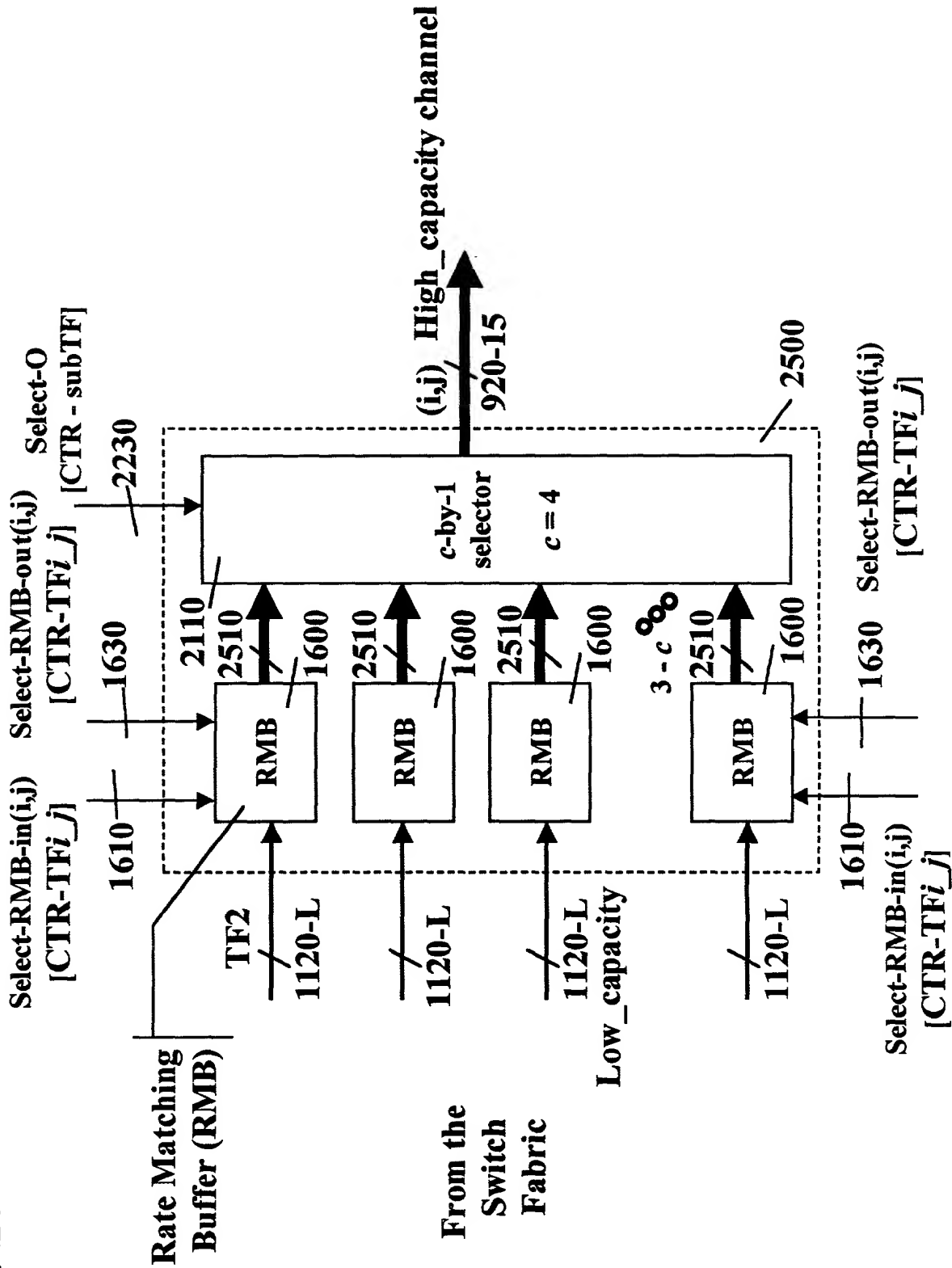
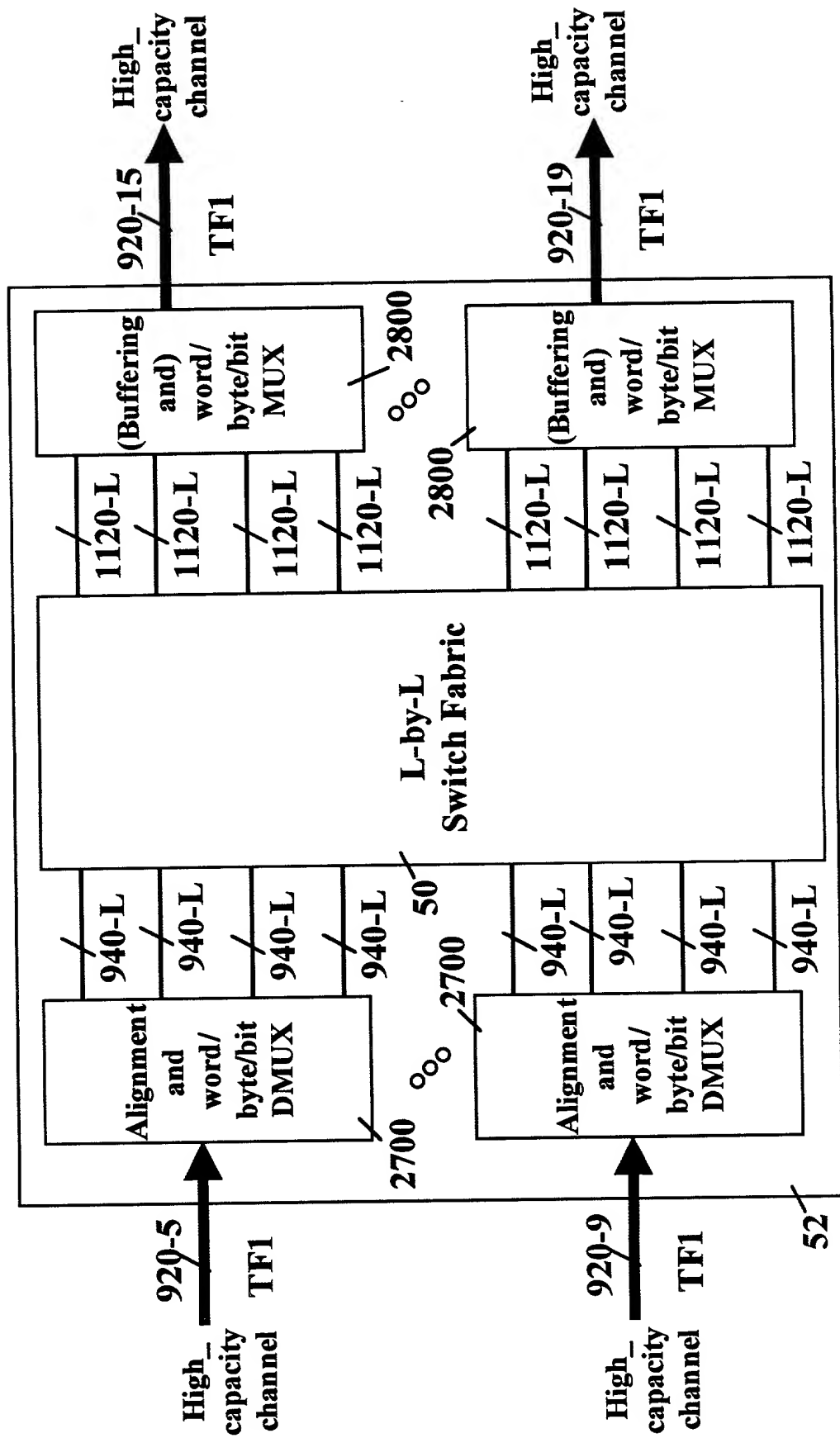


FIG. 28

N: number of input/output channels. E.g., $N=256$
 $L \cdot \text{Low_capacity} = N \cdot \text{High_capacity}$
 $L = c \cdot N > N$



Time Driven Switch

FIG. 29

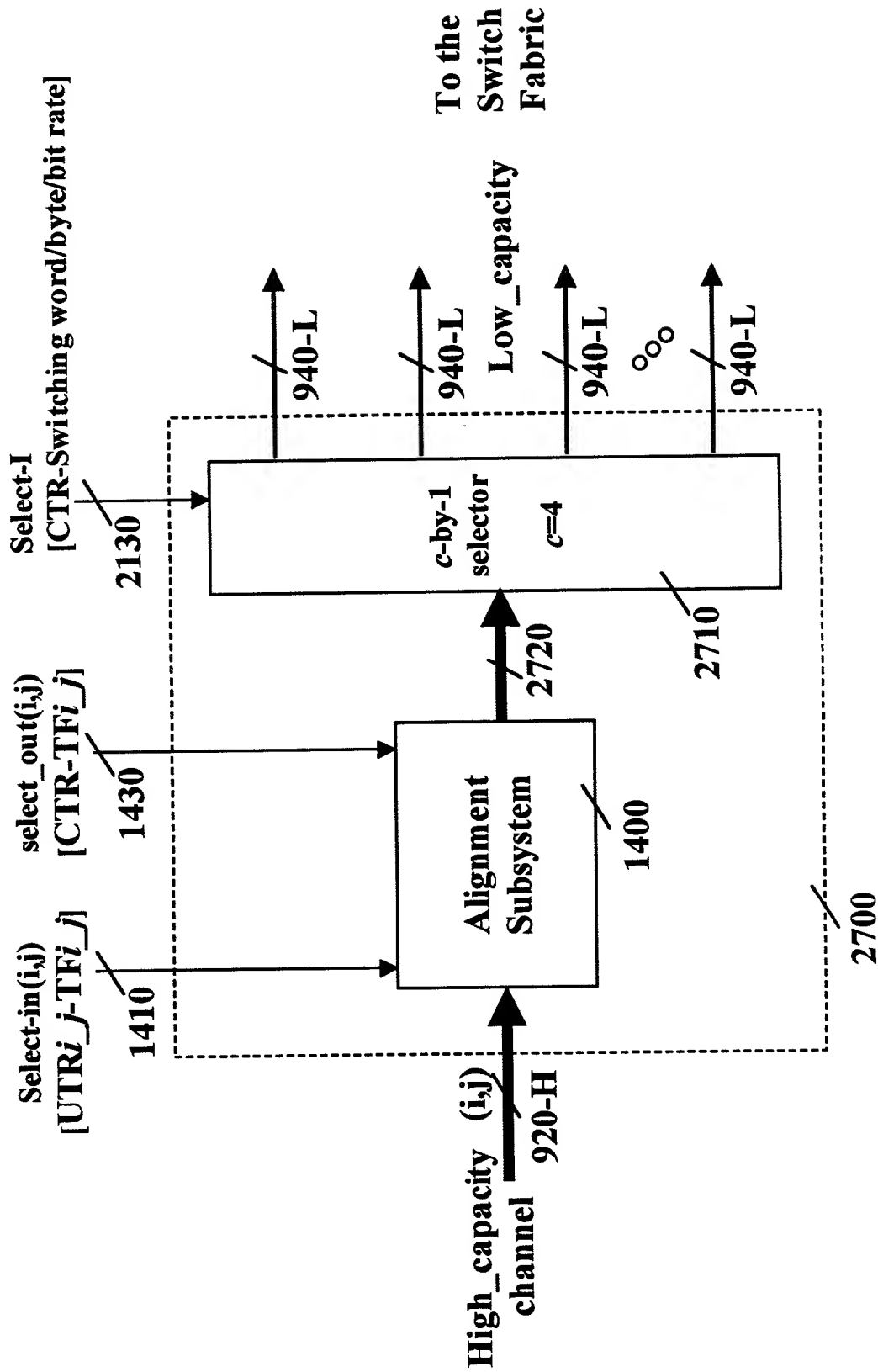


FIG. 30

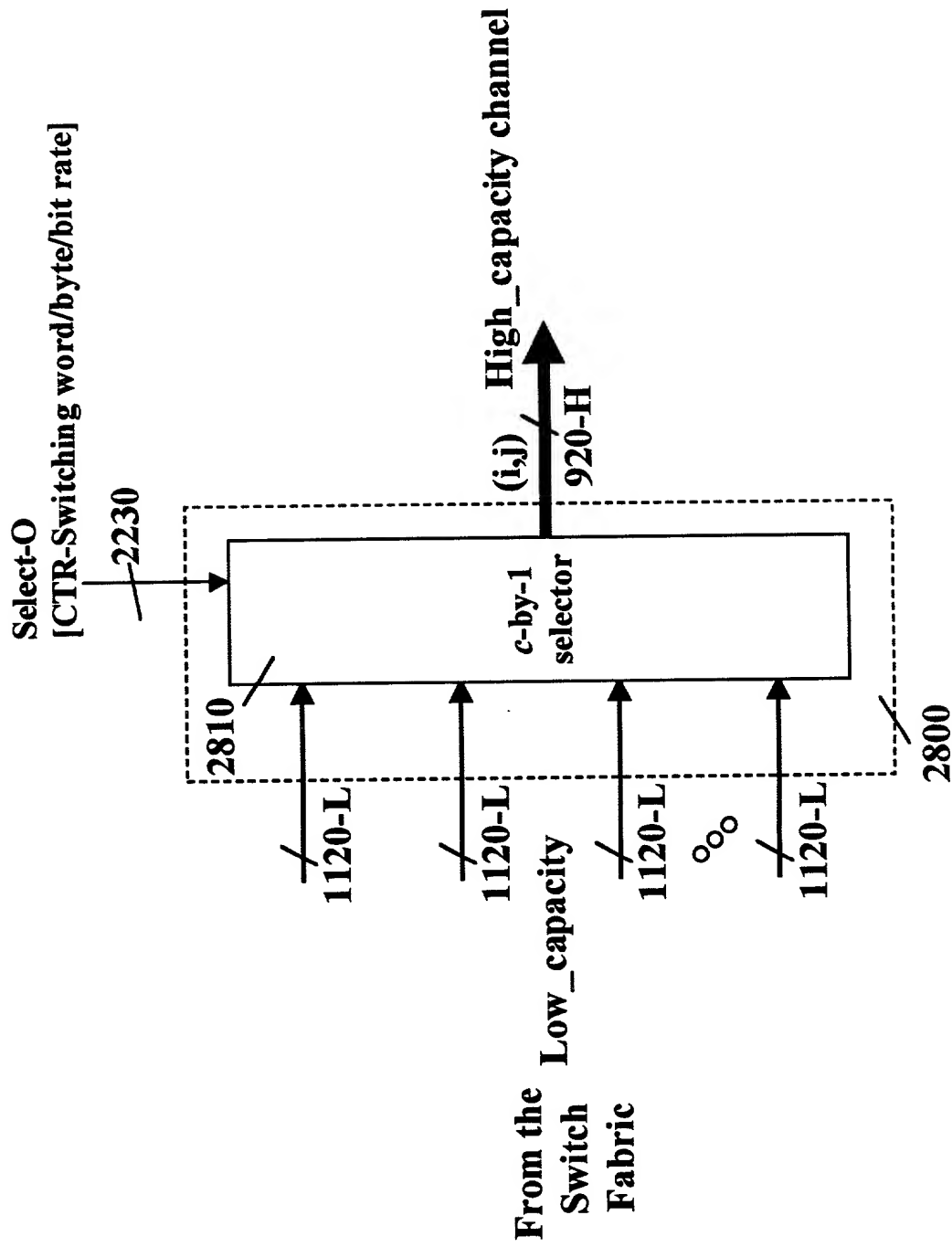


FIG. 32

Channel Capacity		TF Duration	TF Size	STS-1s	TFs/s
51.84	STS- 1	250	1620	2	4000
		500	3240	4	2000
		1000	6480	8	1000
		125	2430	3	8000
155.52	STS- 3	250	4860	6	4000
		500	9720	12	2000
		62.5	4860	6	16000
		125	9720	12	8000
622.08	STS- 12	250	19440	24	4000
		62.5	19440	24	16000
		31.25	9720	12	32000
		15.625	4860	6	64000
2488.32	STS- 48	7.8125	9720	12	128000
		15.625	19440	24	64000
		125	15625	19.3	8000
		100	12500	15.4	10000
9953.28	STS- 192	80	10000	12.3	12500
		15.625	19531.25	24.1	64000
		12.5	15625	19.3	80000
		10	12500	15.4	100000
1000	GE				
10000	10GE				

FIG. 33

Ch Capacity		TF Dur.	TF Size	GE TFs	TFs/s
1000	GE	80	10000	1.0	12500
51.84	STS- 1	250	1512	0.15	4000
		500	3024	0.30	2000
		1000	6048	0.60	1000
155.5	STS- 3	125	2268	0.23	8000
		250	4536	0.45	4000
		500	9072	0.91	2000
622.1	STS- 12	62.5	4536	0.45	16000
		125	9072	0.91	8000
		250	18144	1.81	4000
2488	STS- 48	62.5	18144	1.81	16000
		31.25	9072	0.91	32000
		15.625	4536	0.45	64000
9953	STS- 192	7.8125	9072	0.91	128000
		15.625	18144	1.81	64000
10000	10GE	8	10000	1.00	125000
		16	20000	2.00	62500

FIG. 34

Ch Capacity		TF Dur.	TF Size	GE TFs	TFs/s
1000	GE	62.5	7812.5	1.0	16000
51.84	STS- 1	250	1512	0.19	4000
		500	3024	0.39	2000
		1000	6048	0.77	1000
155.52	STS- 3	125	2268	0.29	8000
		250	4536	0.58	4000
		500	9072	1.16	2000
622.08	STS- 12	62.5	4536	0.58	16000
		125	9072	1.16	8000
		250	18144	2.32	4000
2488.32	STS- 48	62.5	18144	2.32	16000
		31.25	9072	1.16	32000
		15.625	4536	0.58	64000
9953.28	STS- 192	7.8125	9072	1.16	128000
		15.625	18144	2.32	64000
10000	10GE	12.5	15625	2.00	80000
		25	31250	4.00	40000

FIG. 35

TF Alignment of UTR(i) to UTC - with three input queues - principle of operation:
The same queue is not used simultaneously for:
1. Receiving data packets from the serial link, and
2. Forwarding data packets to the switch

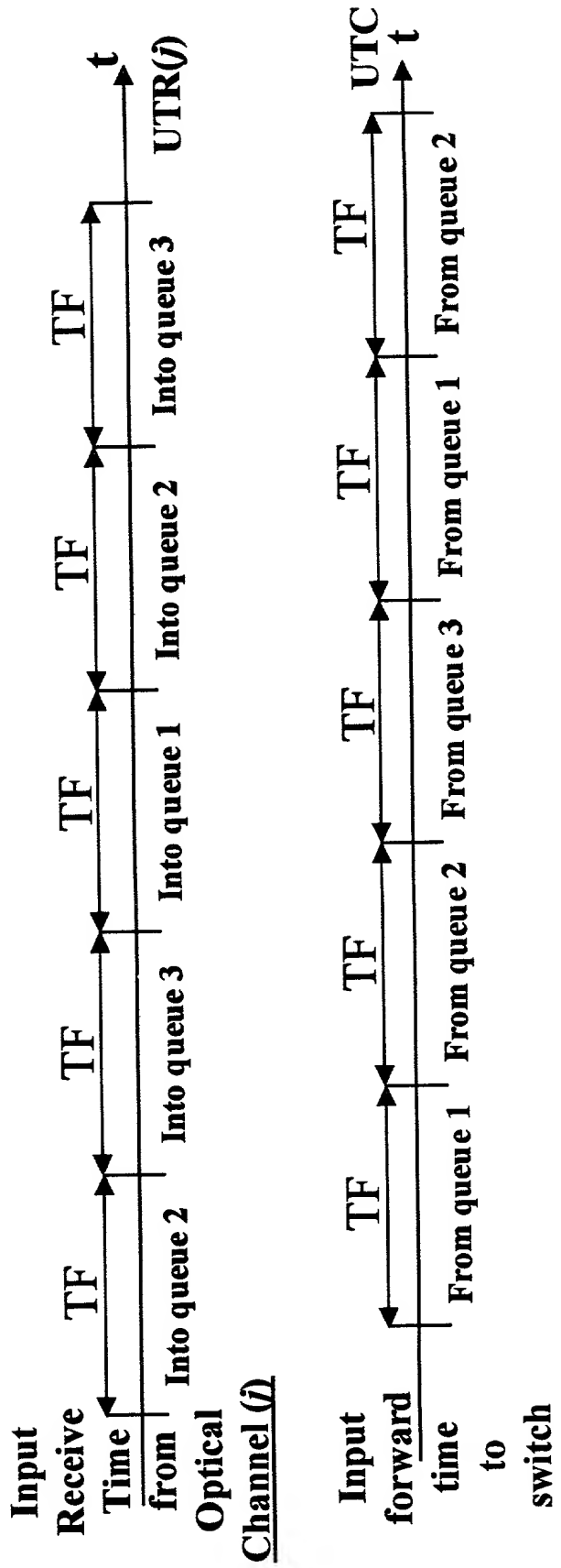


FIG. 36

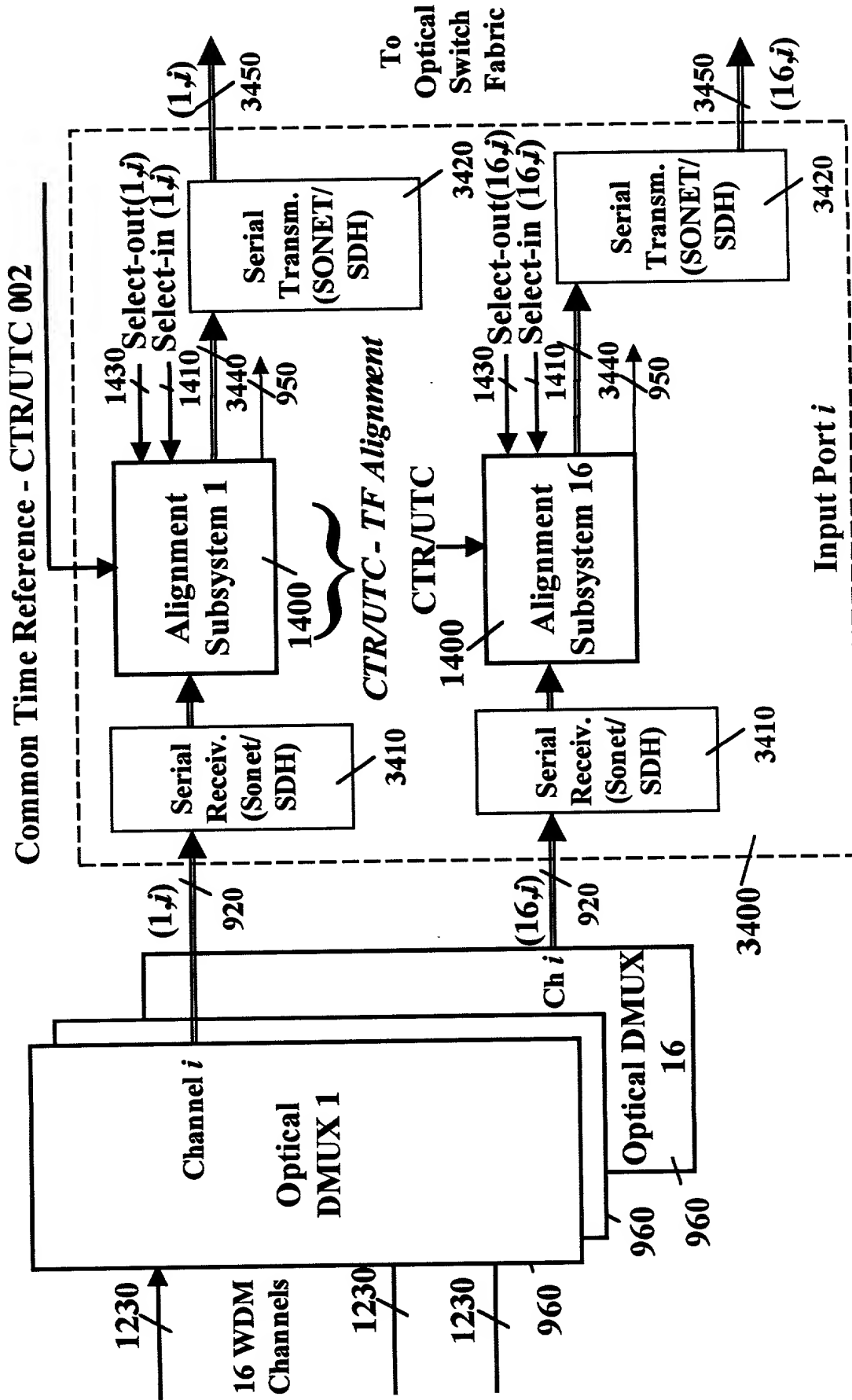


FIG. 37

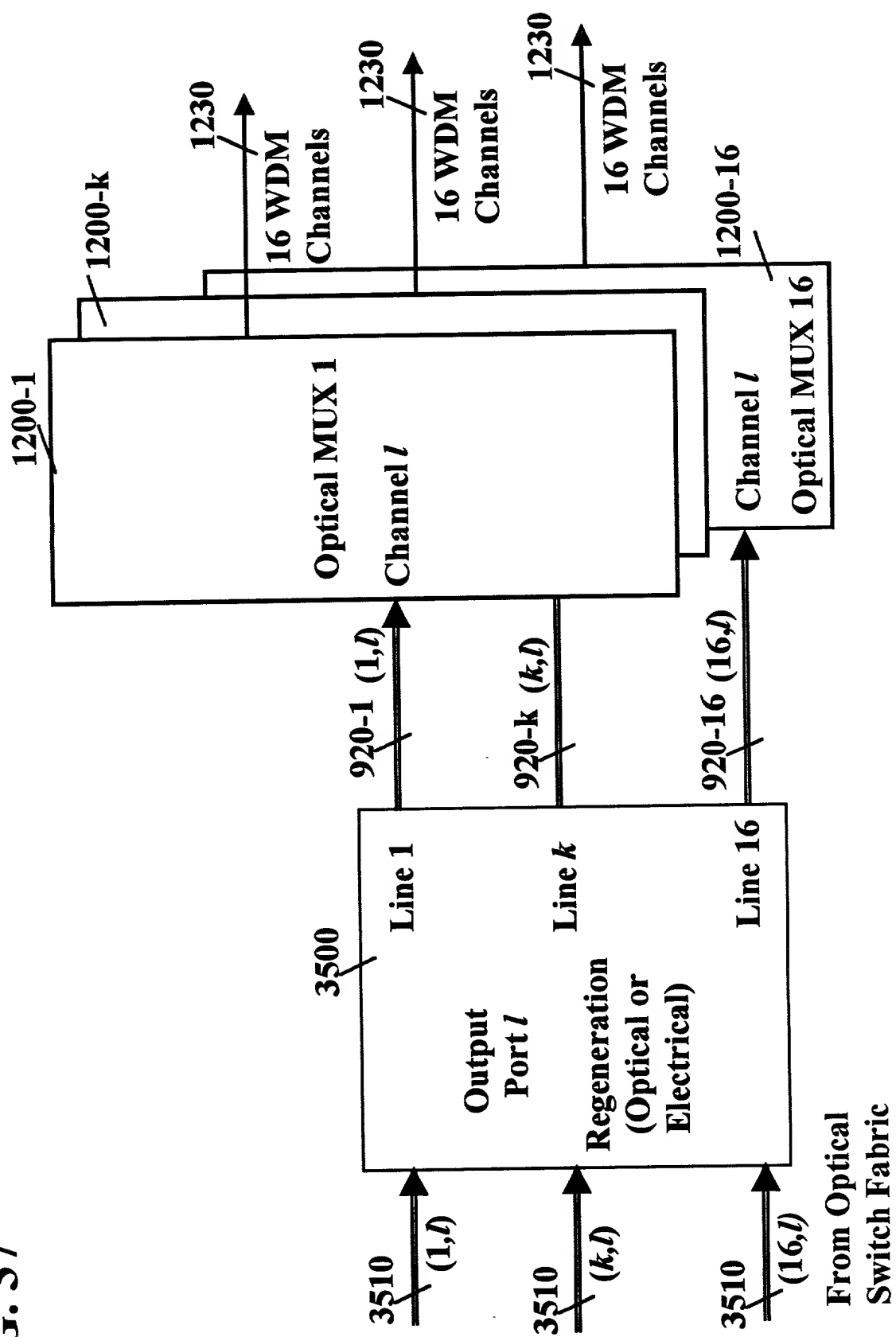


FIG. 38

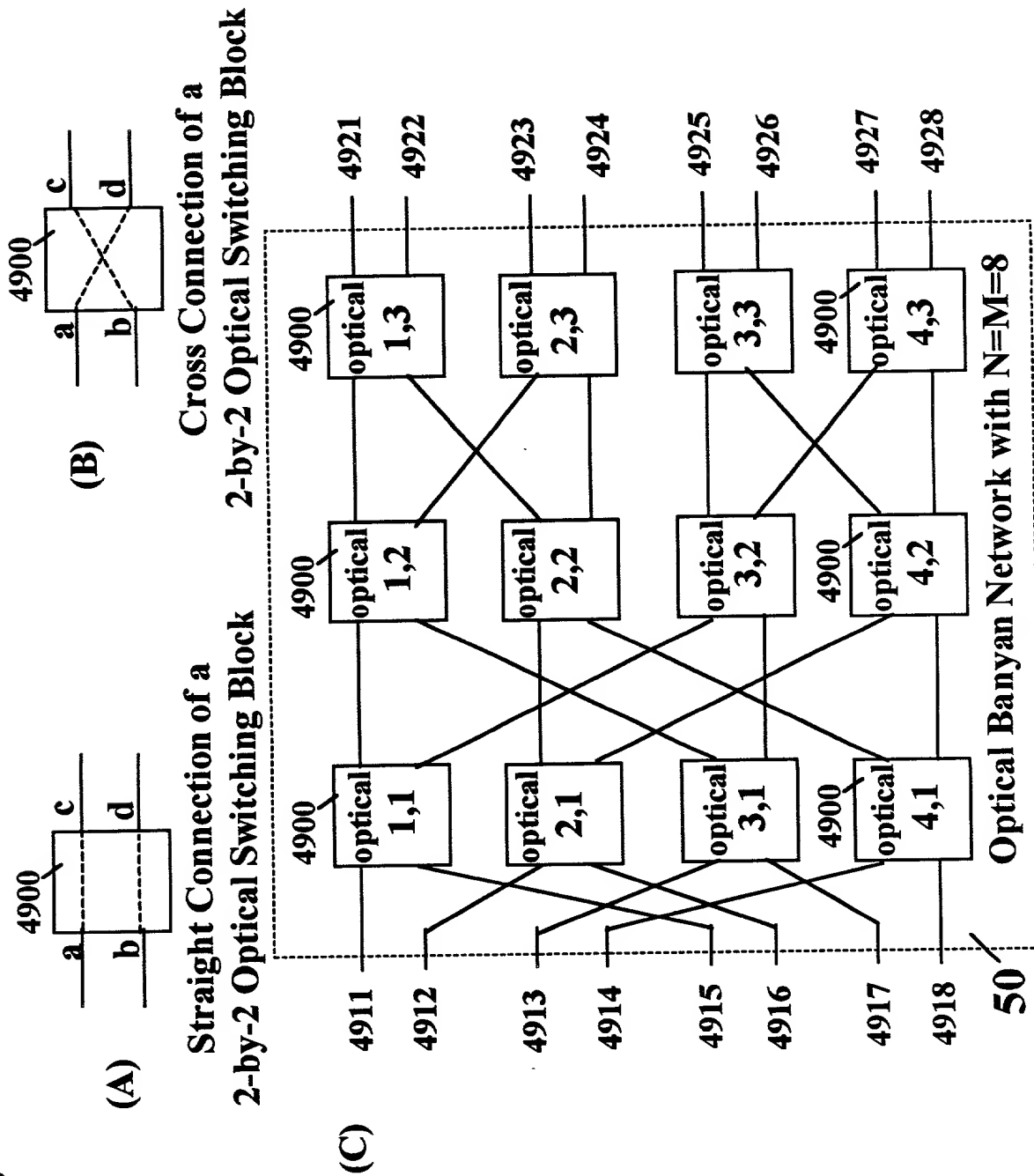


FIG. 39

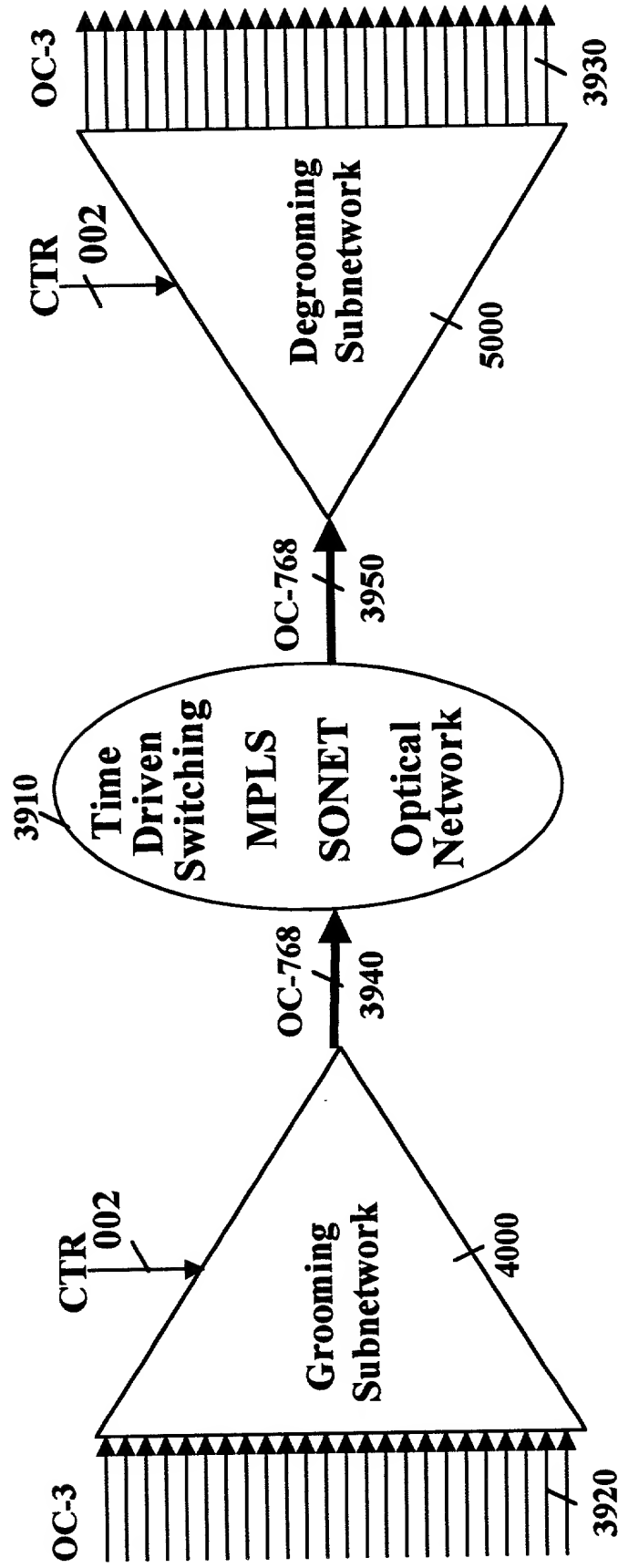


FIG. 40

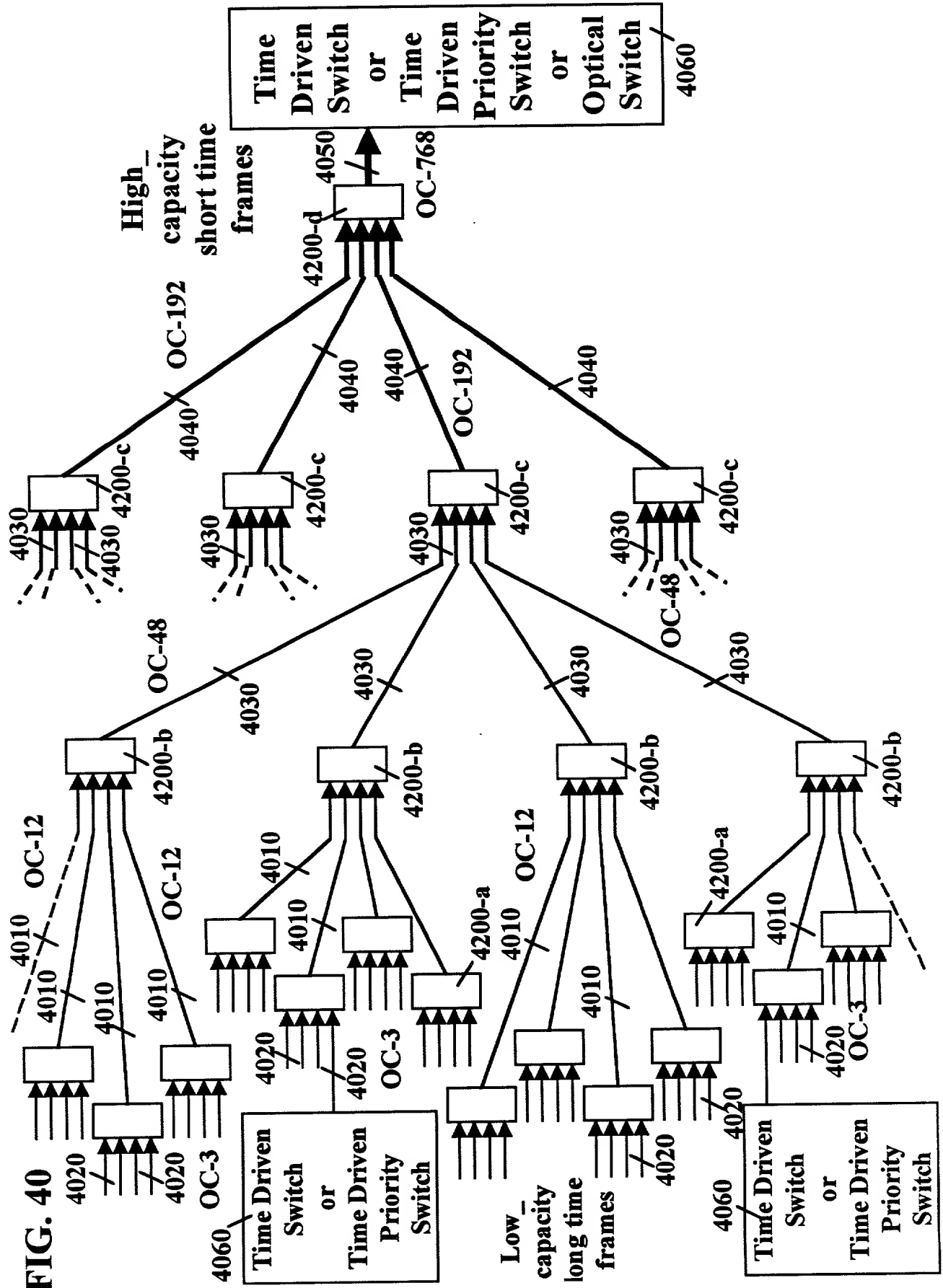
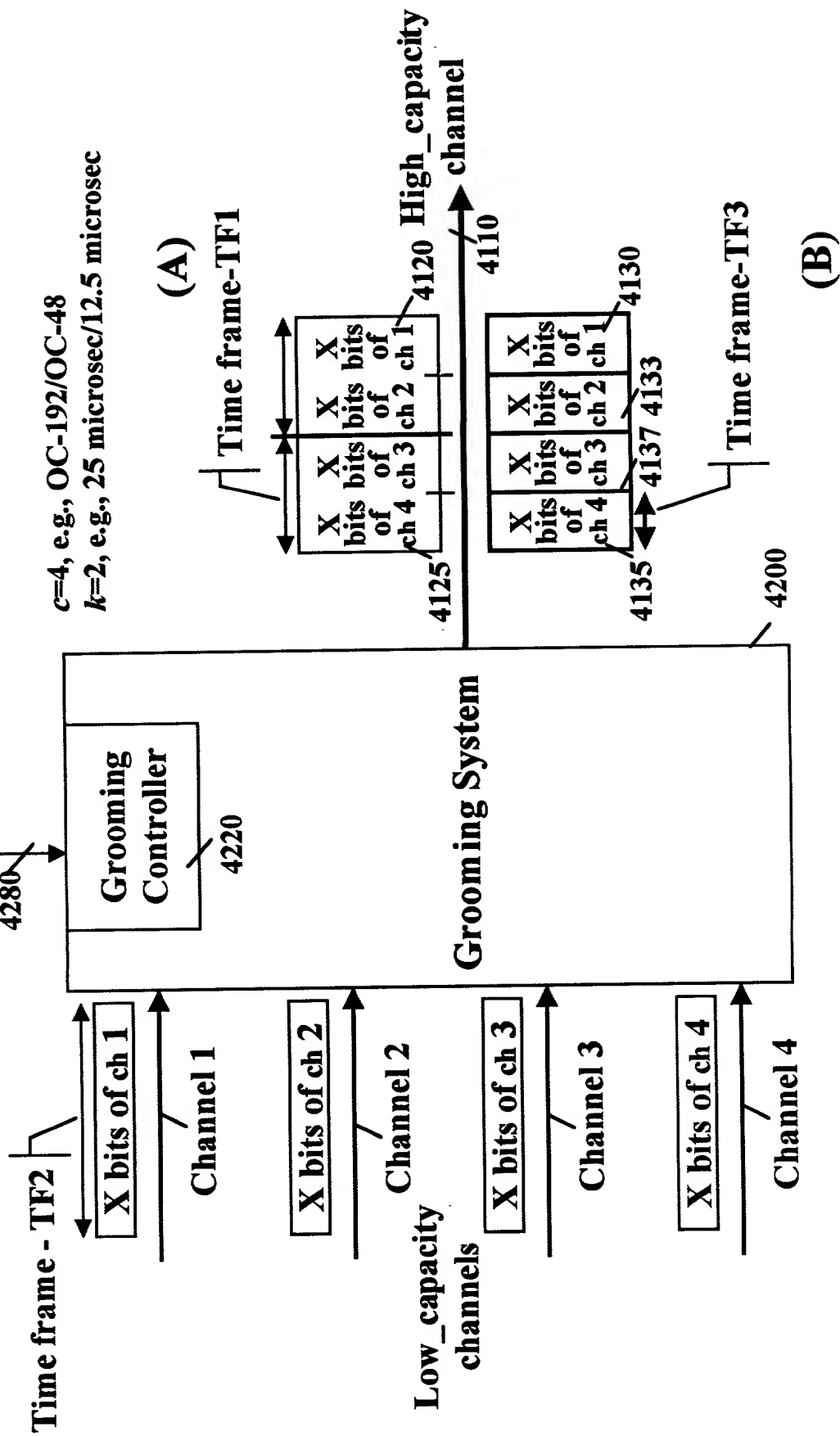


FIG. 41

CTR - 002



$c=4$, e.g., OC-192/OC-48
 $k=2$, e.g., 25 microsec/12.5 microsec

FIG. 42

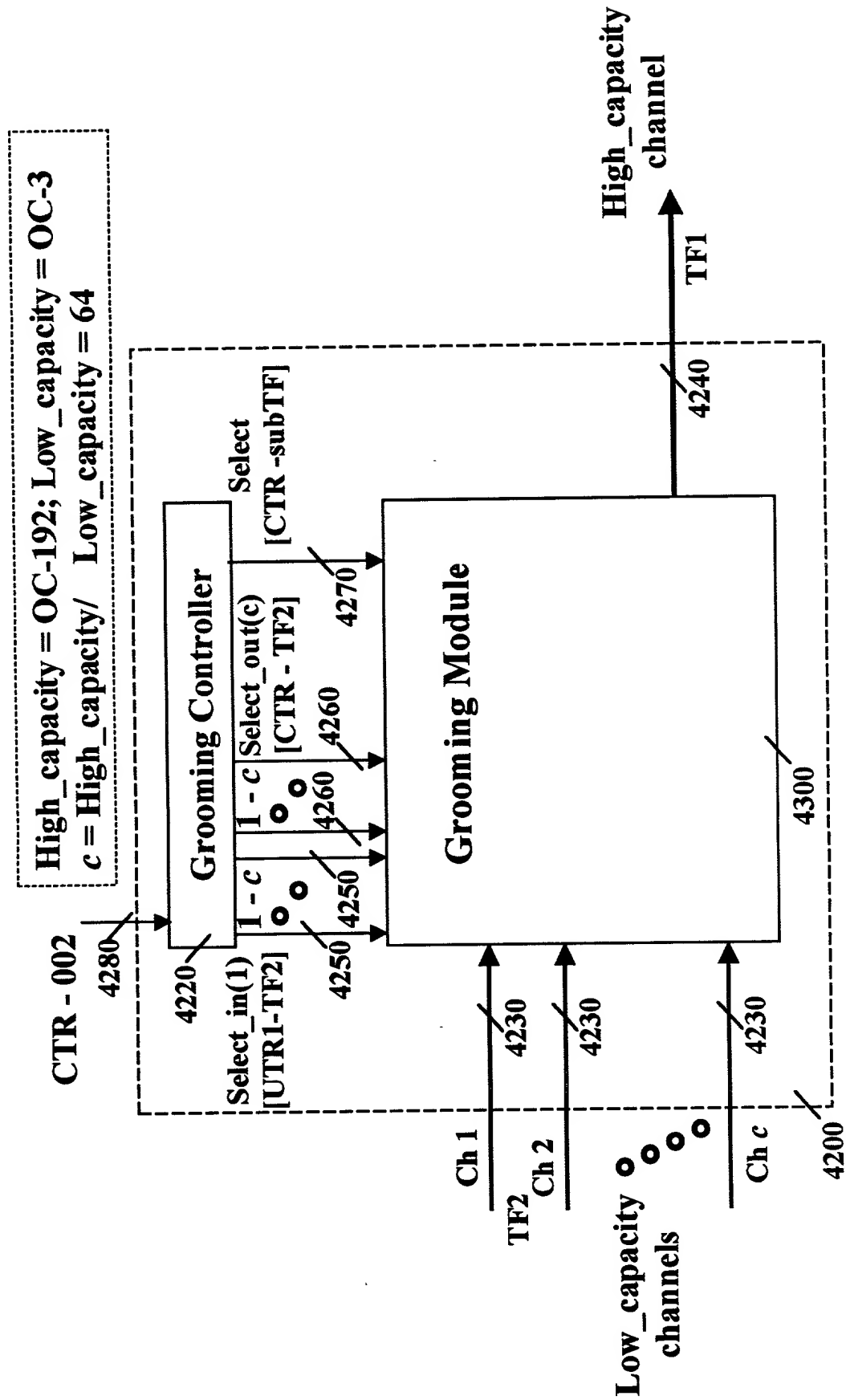
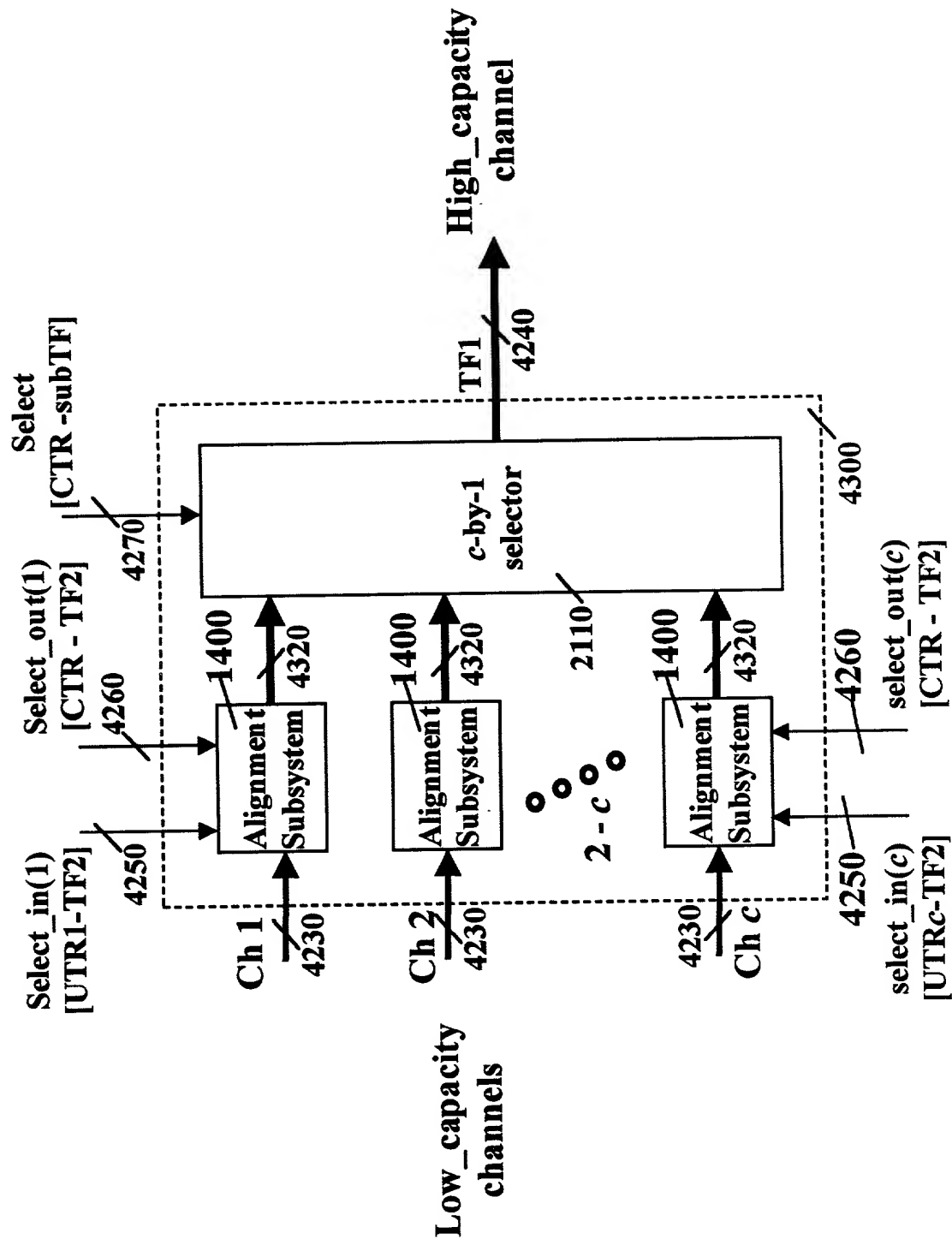


FIG. 43



- $CC1_length \cdot TF1 = CC2_length \cdot TF2 = CC3_length \cdot TF2$
- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the common cycles of $TF1$ and $TF2$ are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., High_capacity=OC-192, Low_capacity=OC-48):

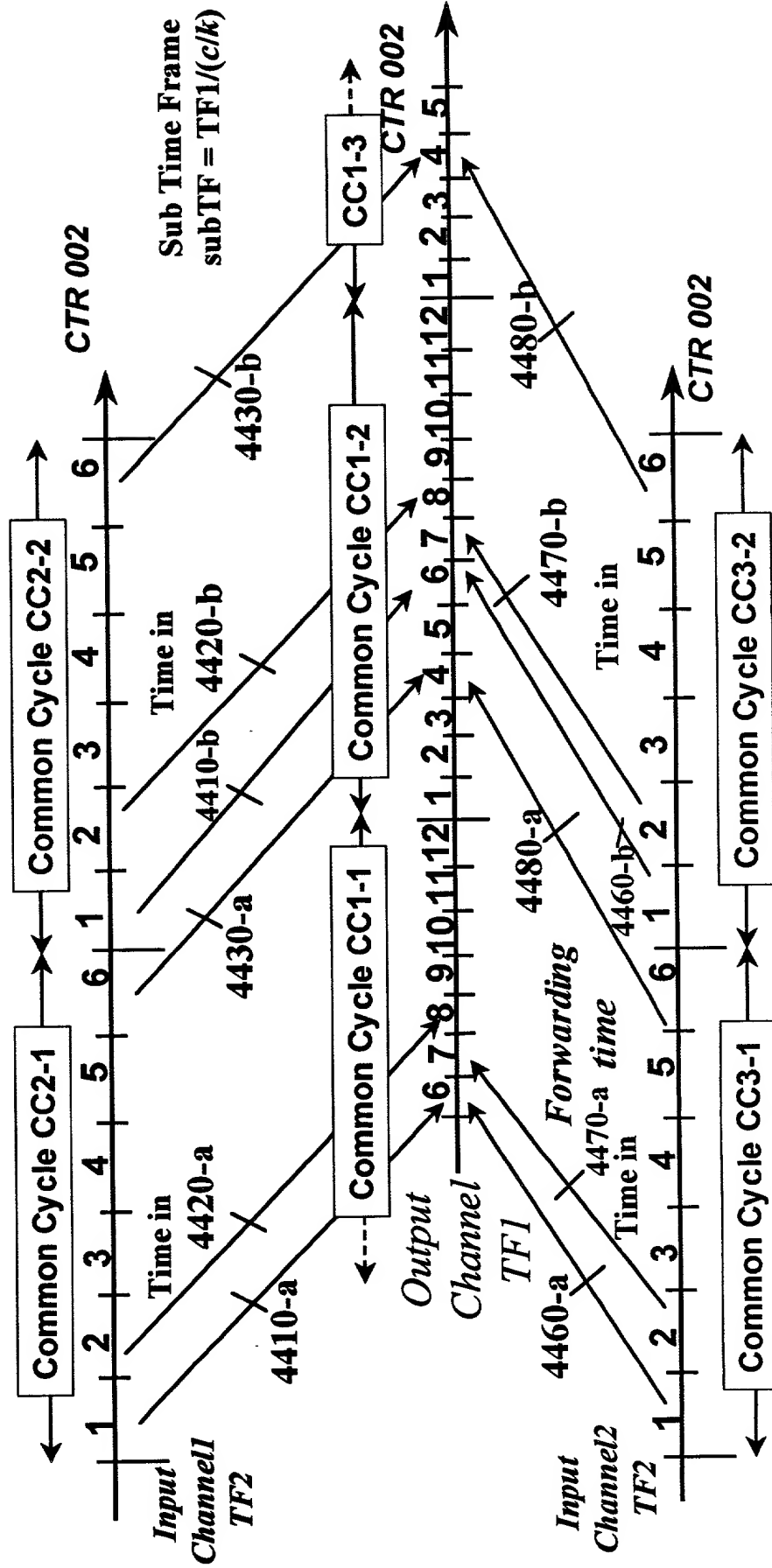


FIG. 45

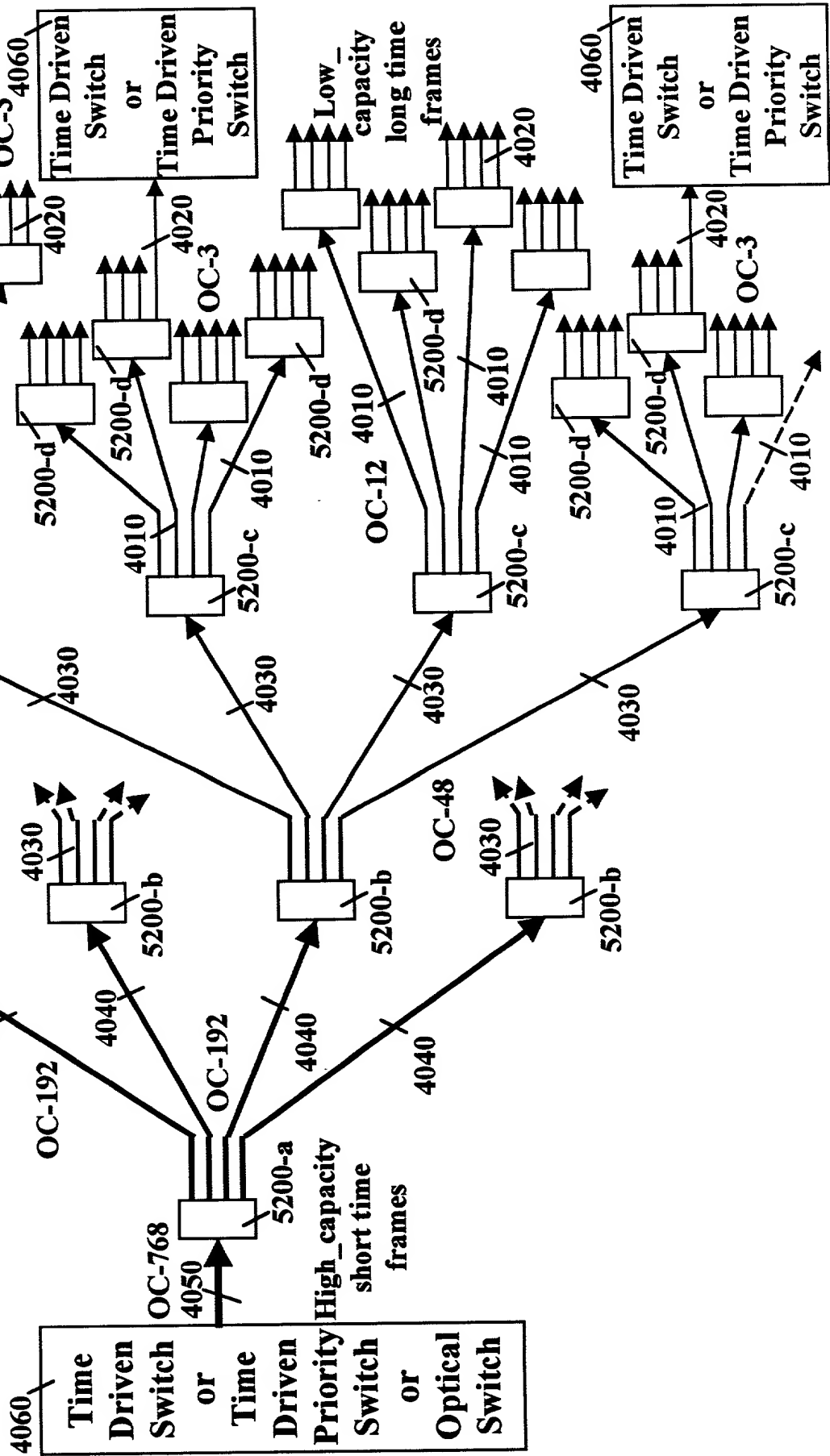
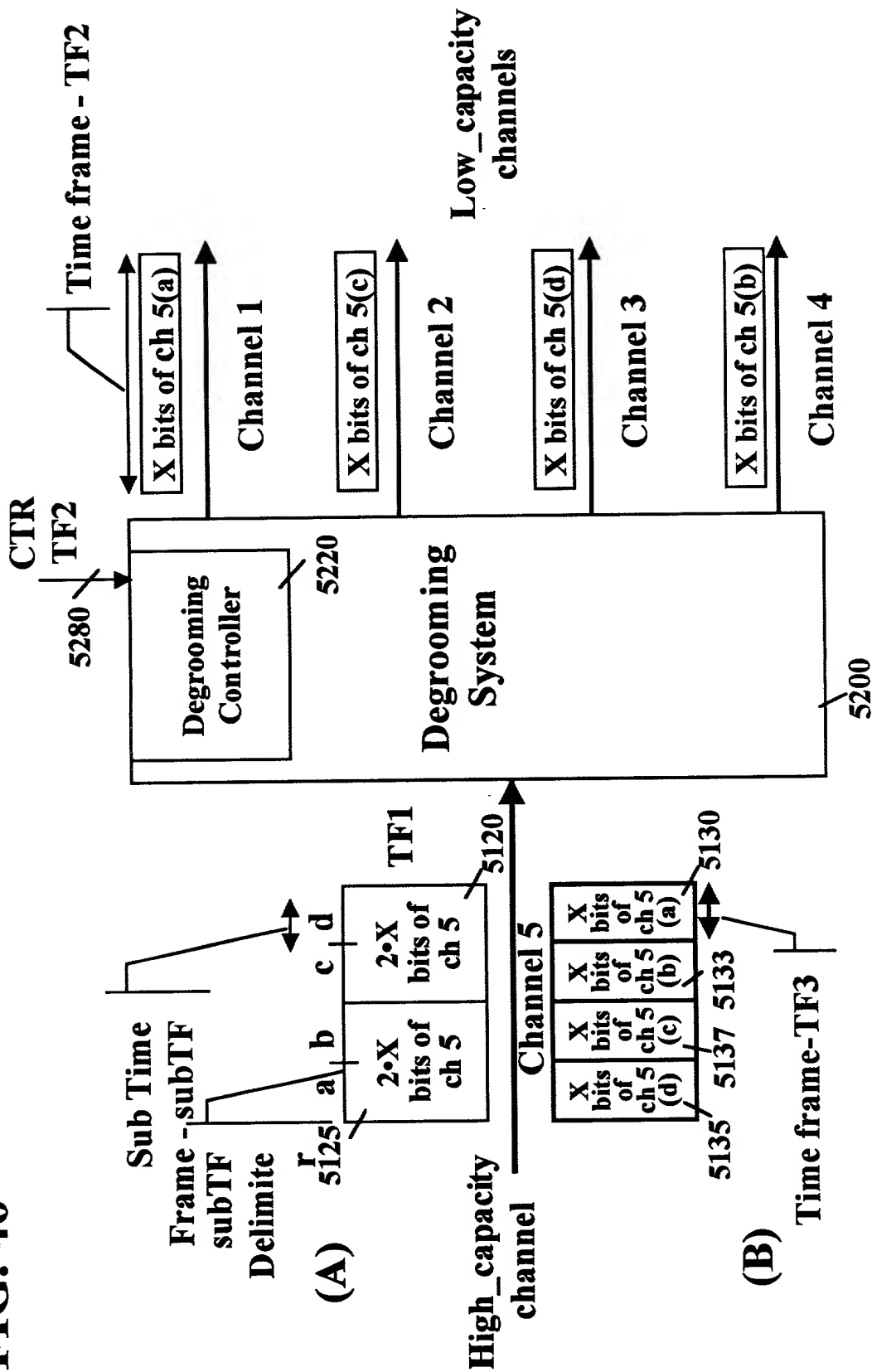


FIG. 46



$c=4$, e.g., OC-192/OC-48
 $k=2$, e.g., 25 microsec/12.5 microsec

High_capacity = OC-192
 Low_capacity = OC-3
 c = High_capacity/
 Low_capacity = 64

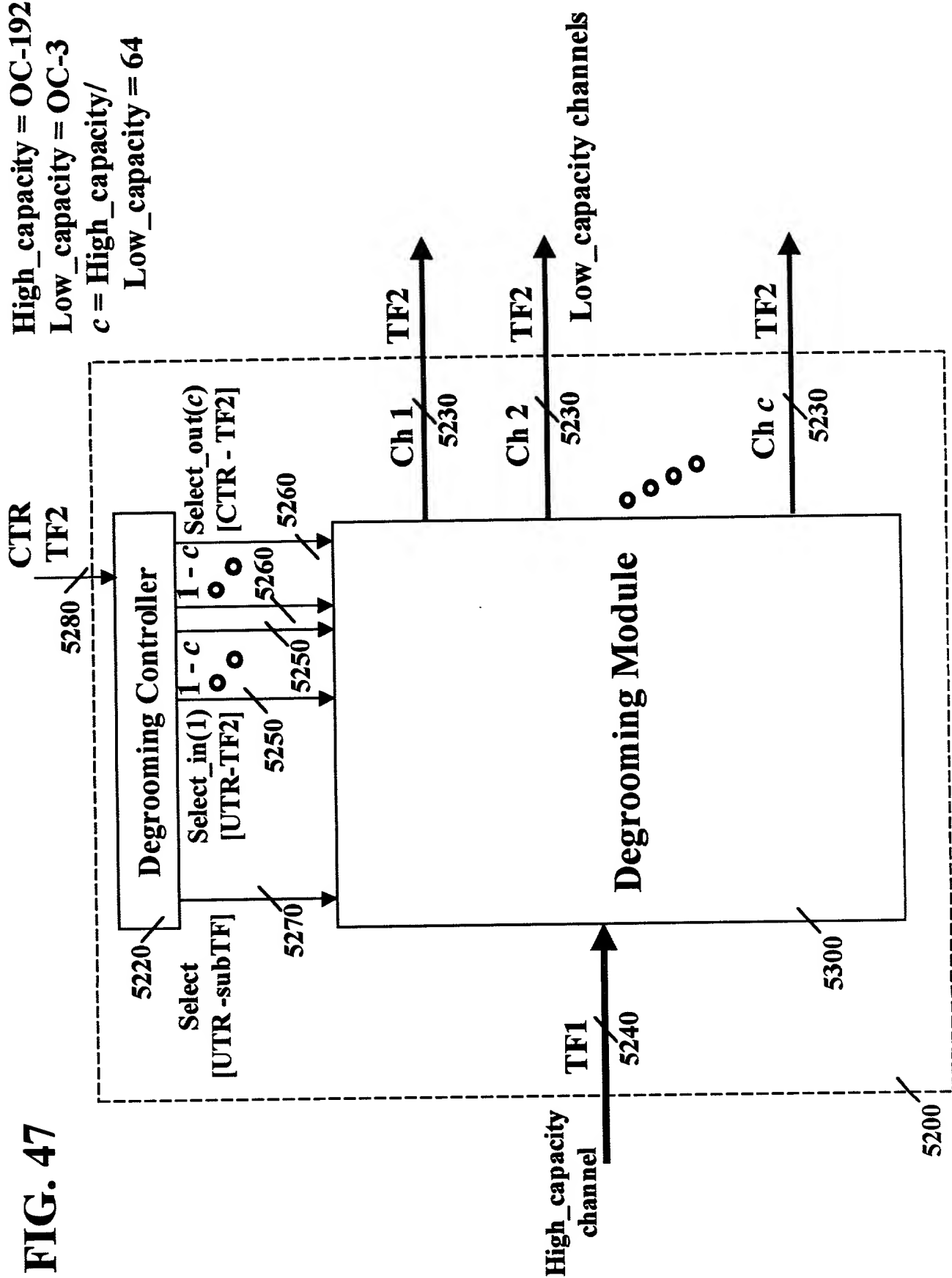


FIG. 47

FIG. 48

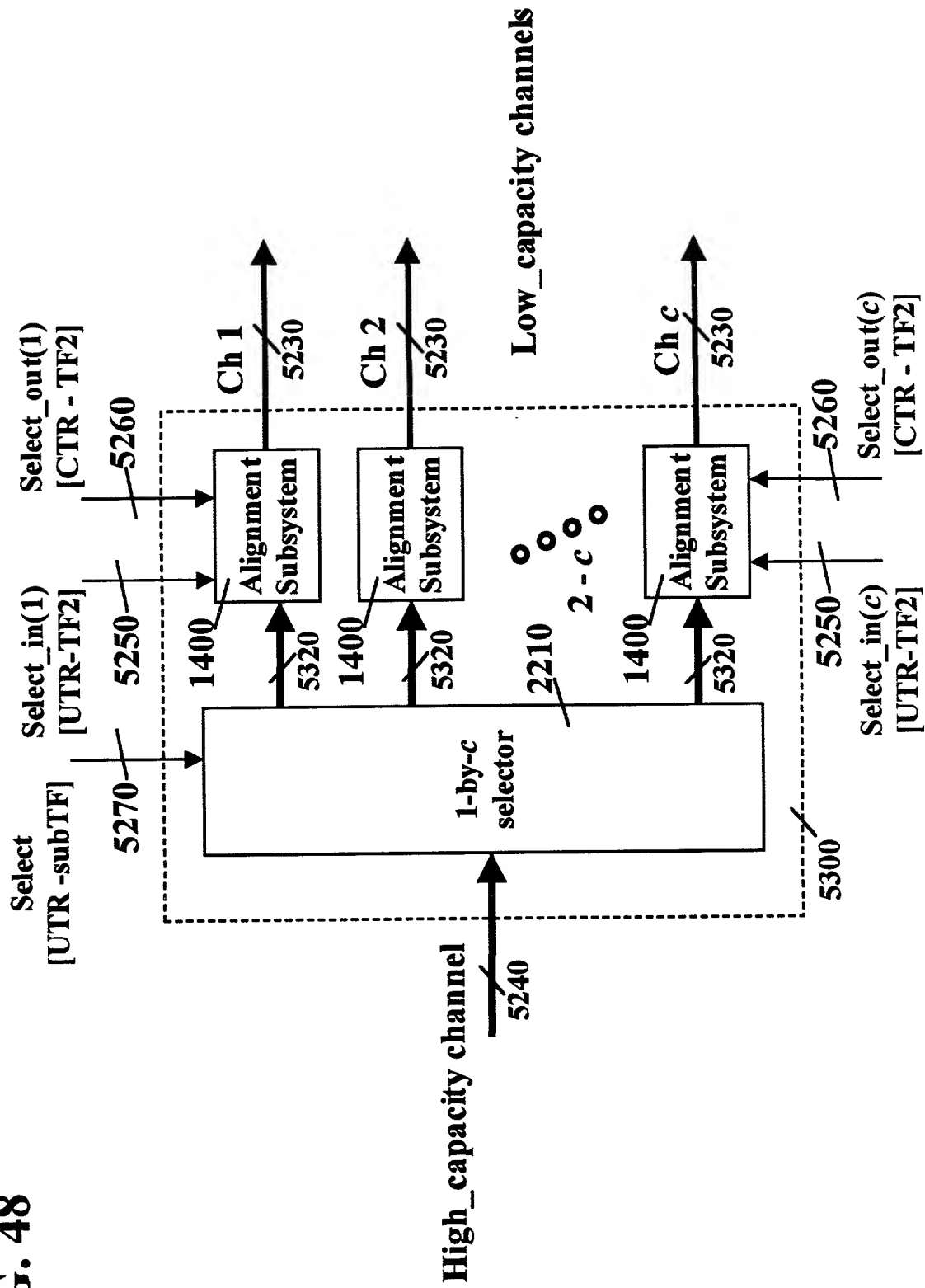
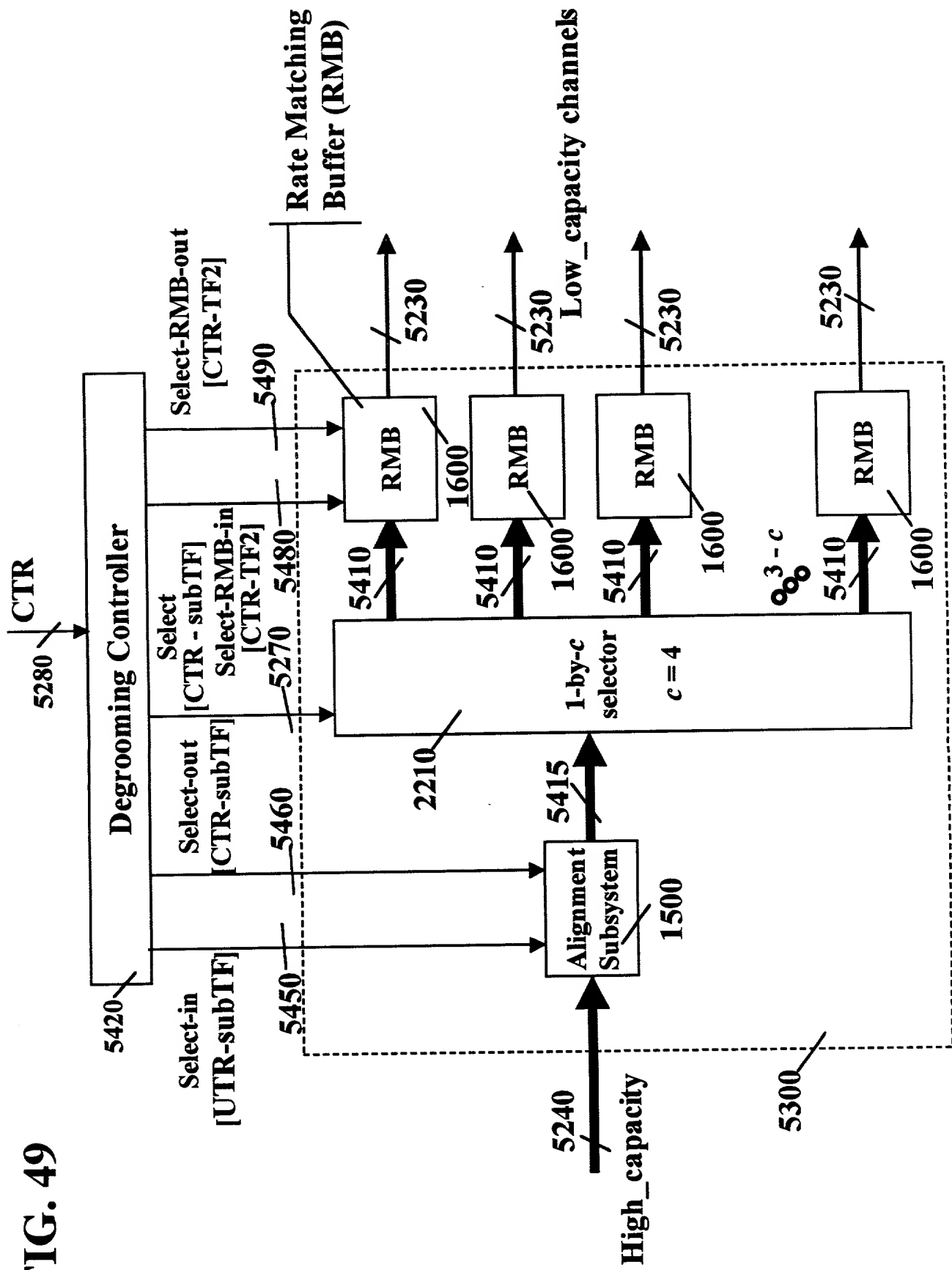


FIG. 49



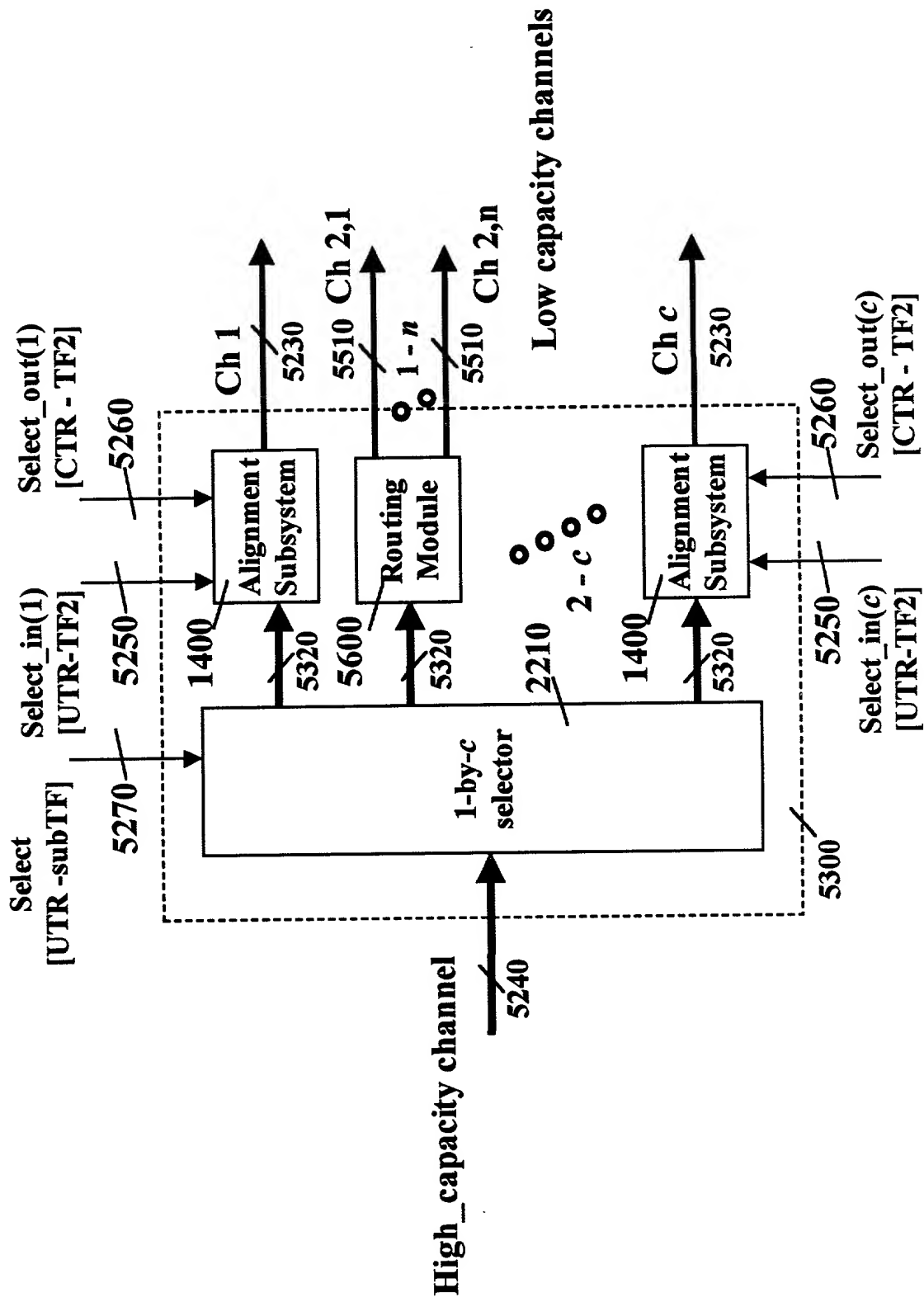
[illegible]

FIG. 51

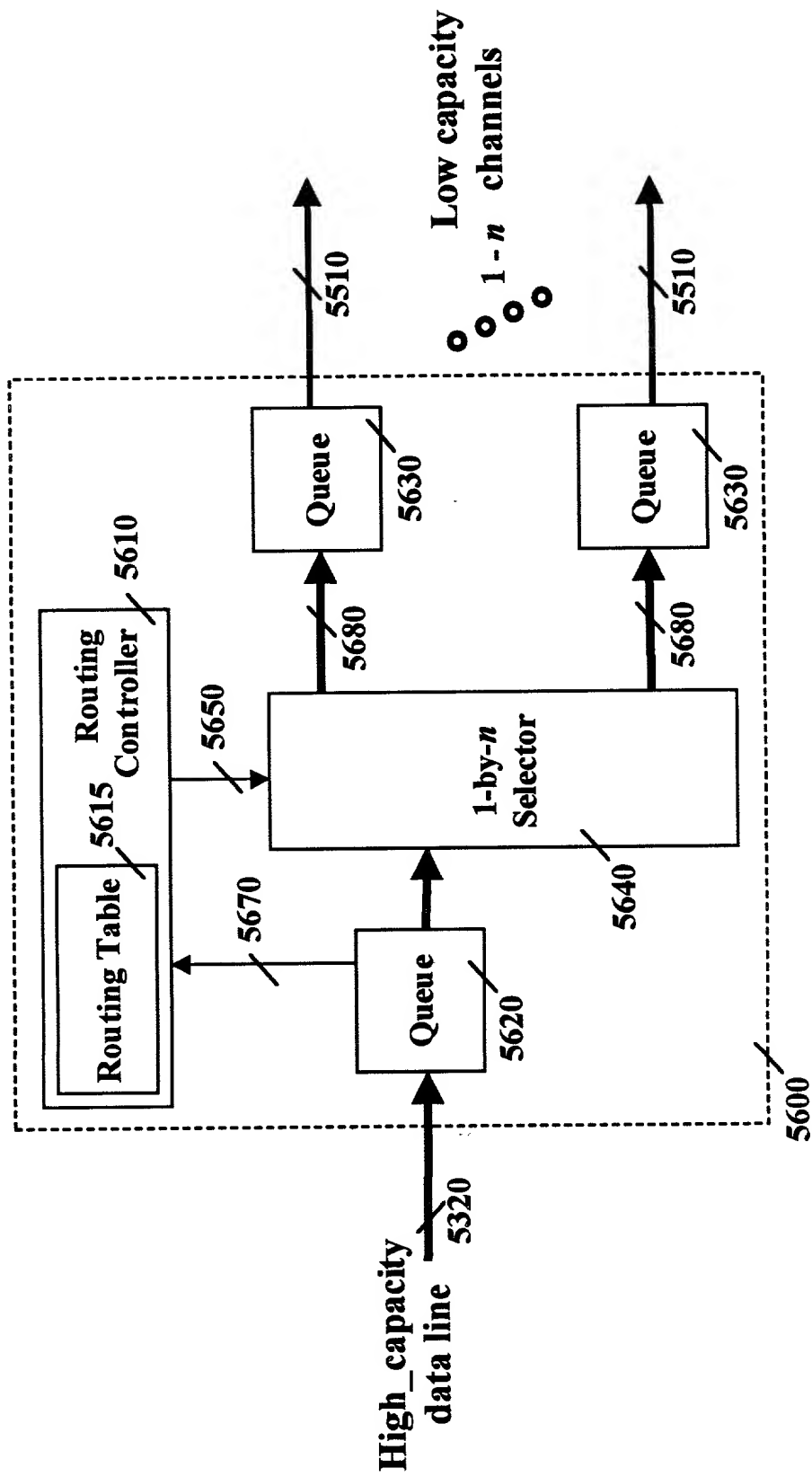


FIG. 52

- $CC1_length \cdot TF1 = CC2_length \cdot TF2 = CC3_length \cdot TF2$
- $TF2 = (SC1_length / SC2_length) \cdot TF1 = k \cdot TF1$, where the common cycles of $TF1$ and $TF2$ are aligned with respect to UTC.

For $k = 2$ and $c = 4$ (e.g., High_capacity=OC-192, Low_capacity=OC-48):

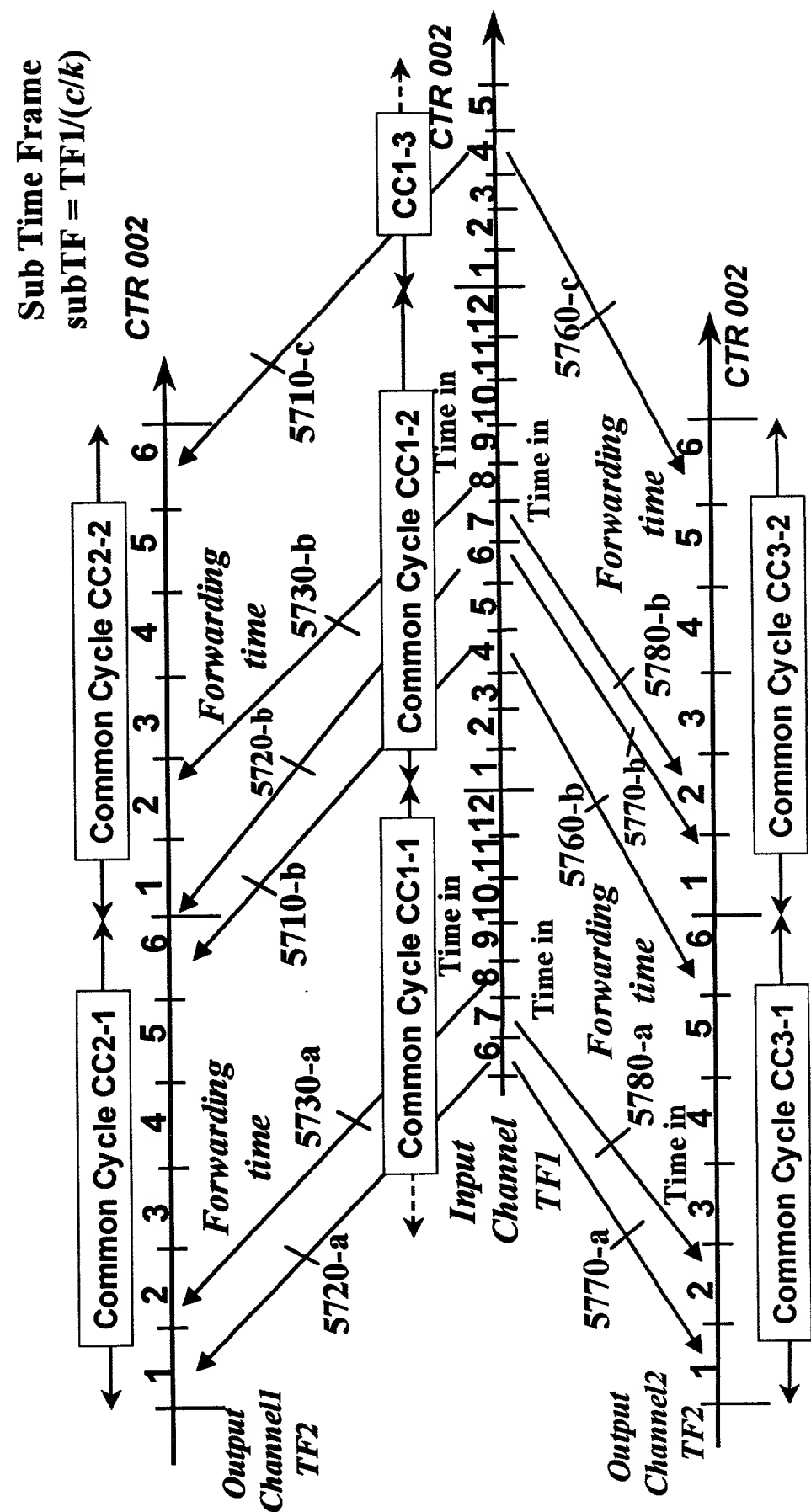
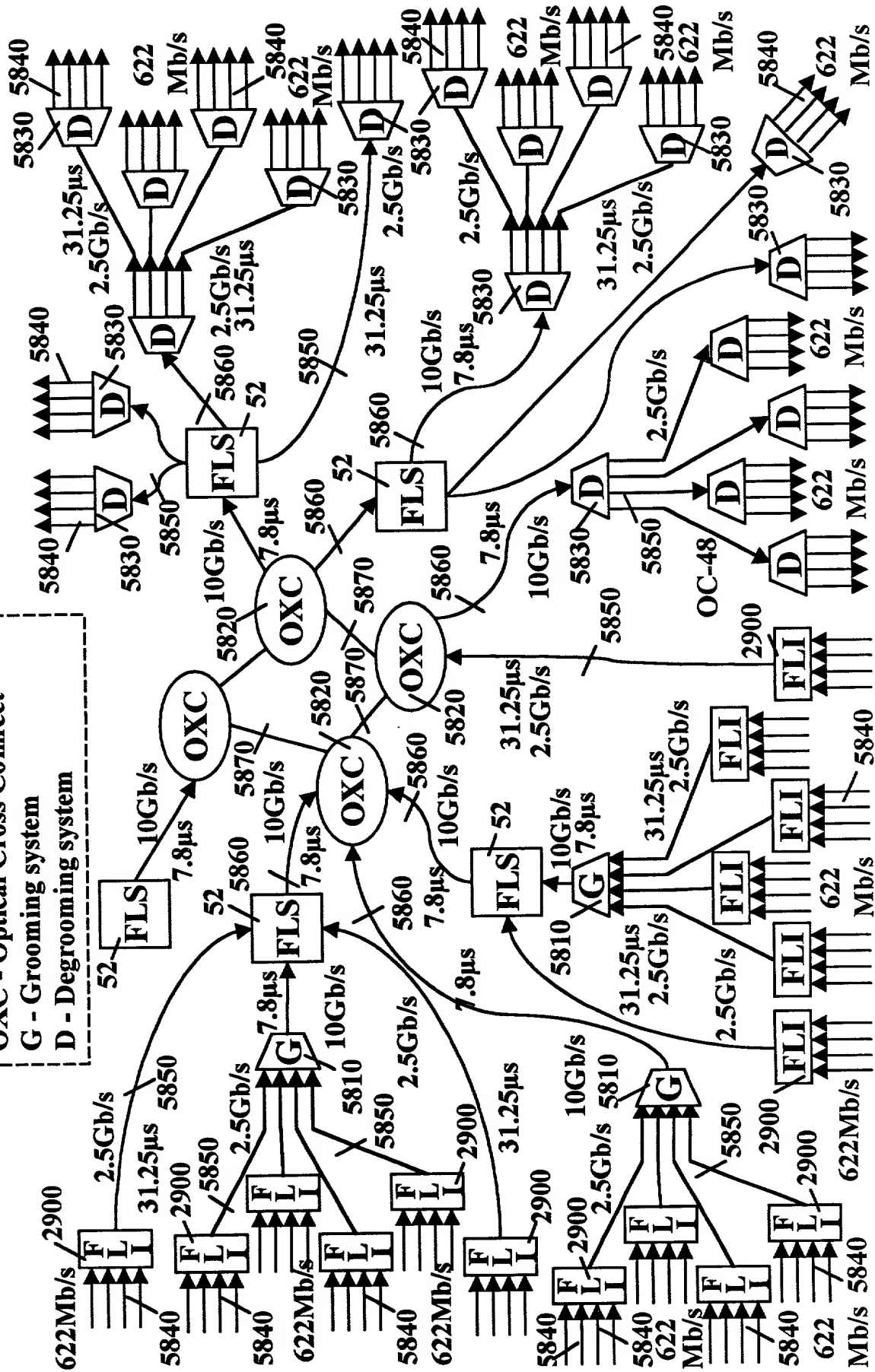


FIG. 53

FLI - Fractional Lambda Interface
 FLS - Fractional Lambda Switch
 OXC - Optical Cross Connect
 G - Grooming system
 D - Degrooming system

Time Frame size 9720 KB



12 STS-1s per time frame

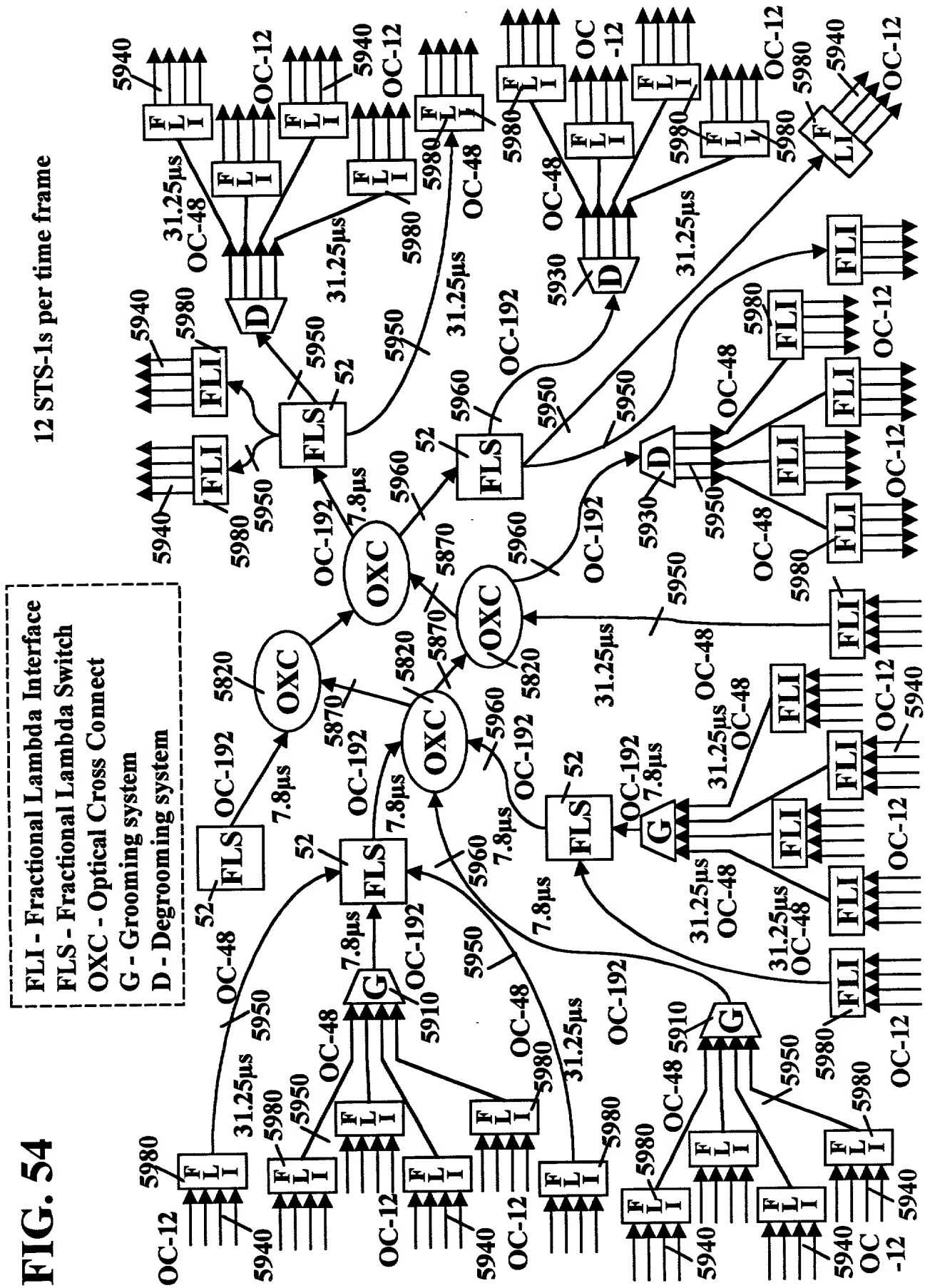
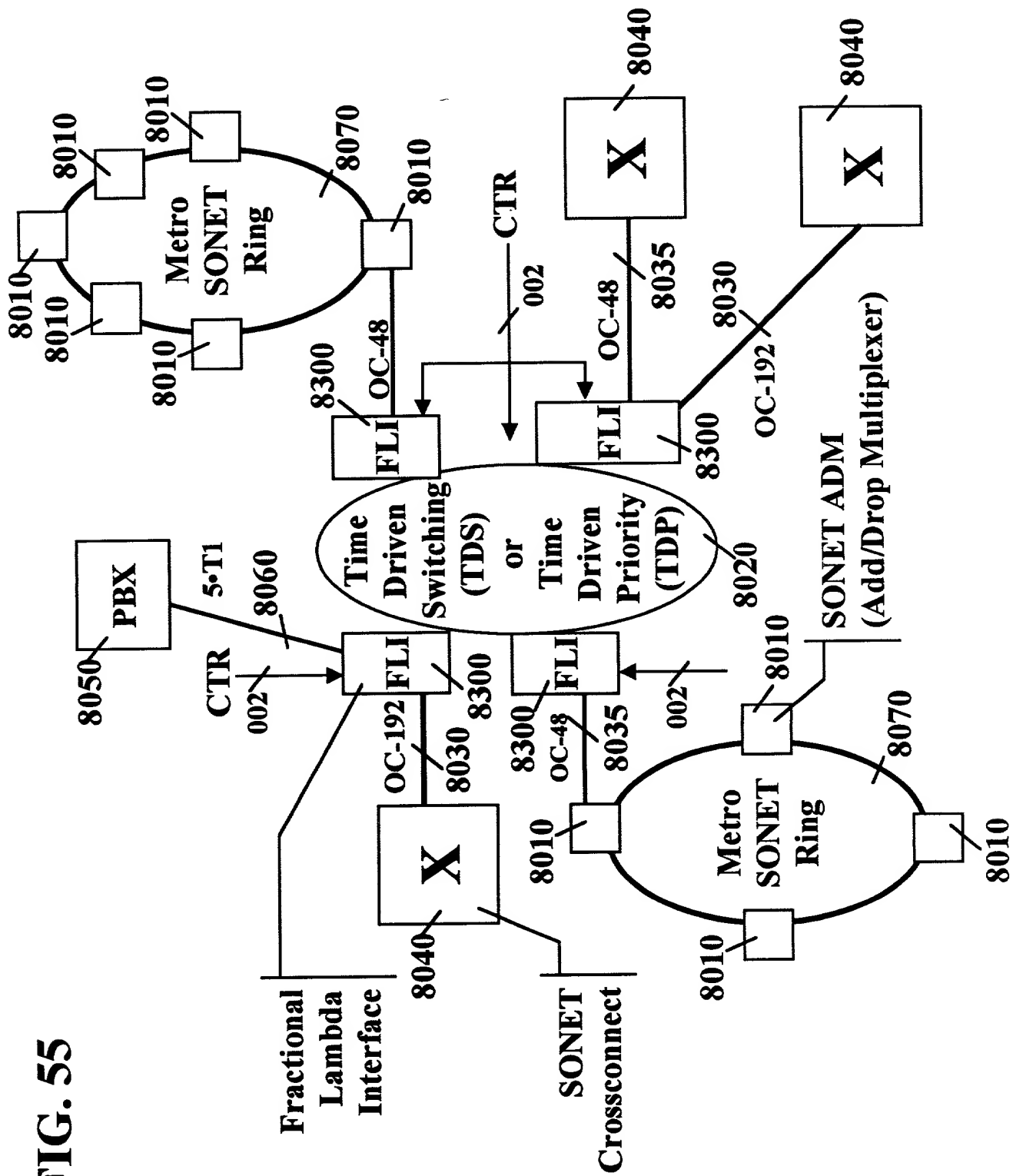


Table 1. Demographic characteristics of the study population	
Characteristic	Frequency (%)
Age (years)	
< 18	10 (10.0)
18-24	15 (15.0)
25-34	20 (20.0)
35-44	25 (25.0)
45-54	30 (30.0)
55-64	35 (35.0)
65-74	40 (40.0)
75-84	45 (45.0)
≥ 85	50 (50.0)
Gender	
Male	55 (55.0)
Female	45 (45.0)
Ethnicity	
White	60 (60.0)
Black	20 (20.0)
Hispanic	15 (15.0)
Asian	5 (5.0)
Other	5 (5.0)
Marital status	
Married	40 (40.0)
Single	30 (30.0)
Divorced	20 (20.0)
Widowed	10 (10.0)
Education level	
High school or less	30 (30.0)
Some college	20 (20.0)
Bachelor's degree	25 (25.0)
Master's degree	15 (15.0)
PhD	10 (10.0)
Income (USD/year)	
< 10,000	15 (15.0)
10,000-20,000	20 (20.0)
20,000-30,000	25 (25.0)
30,000-40,000	30 (30.0)
40,000-50,000	35 (35.0)
50,000-60,000	40 (40.0)
60,000-70,000	45 (45.0)
70,000-80,000	50 (50.0)
80,000-90,000	55 (55.0)
90,000-100,000	60 (60.0)
≥ 100,000	65 (65.0)



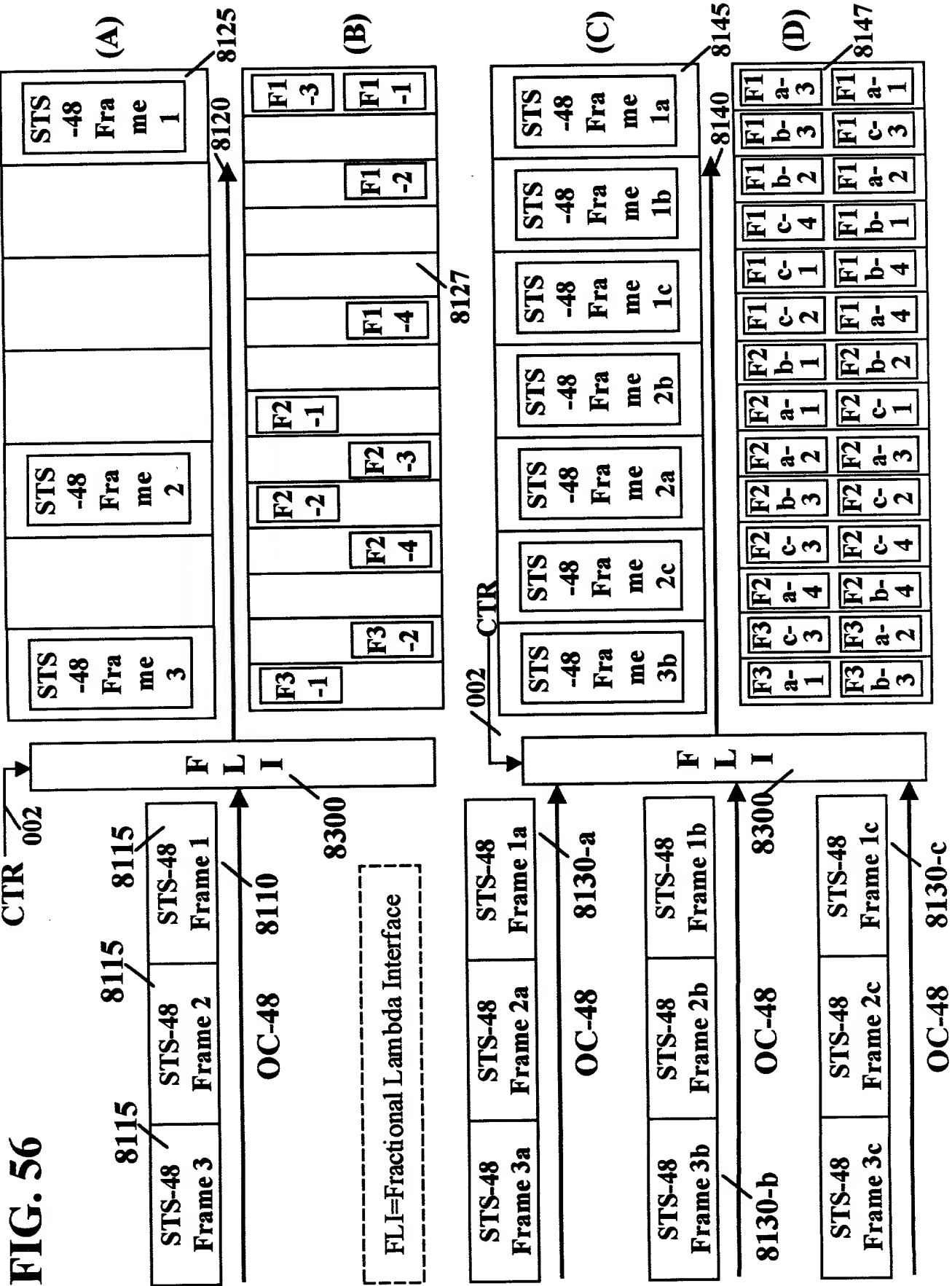


FIG. 57

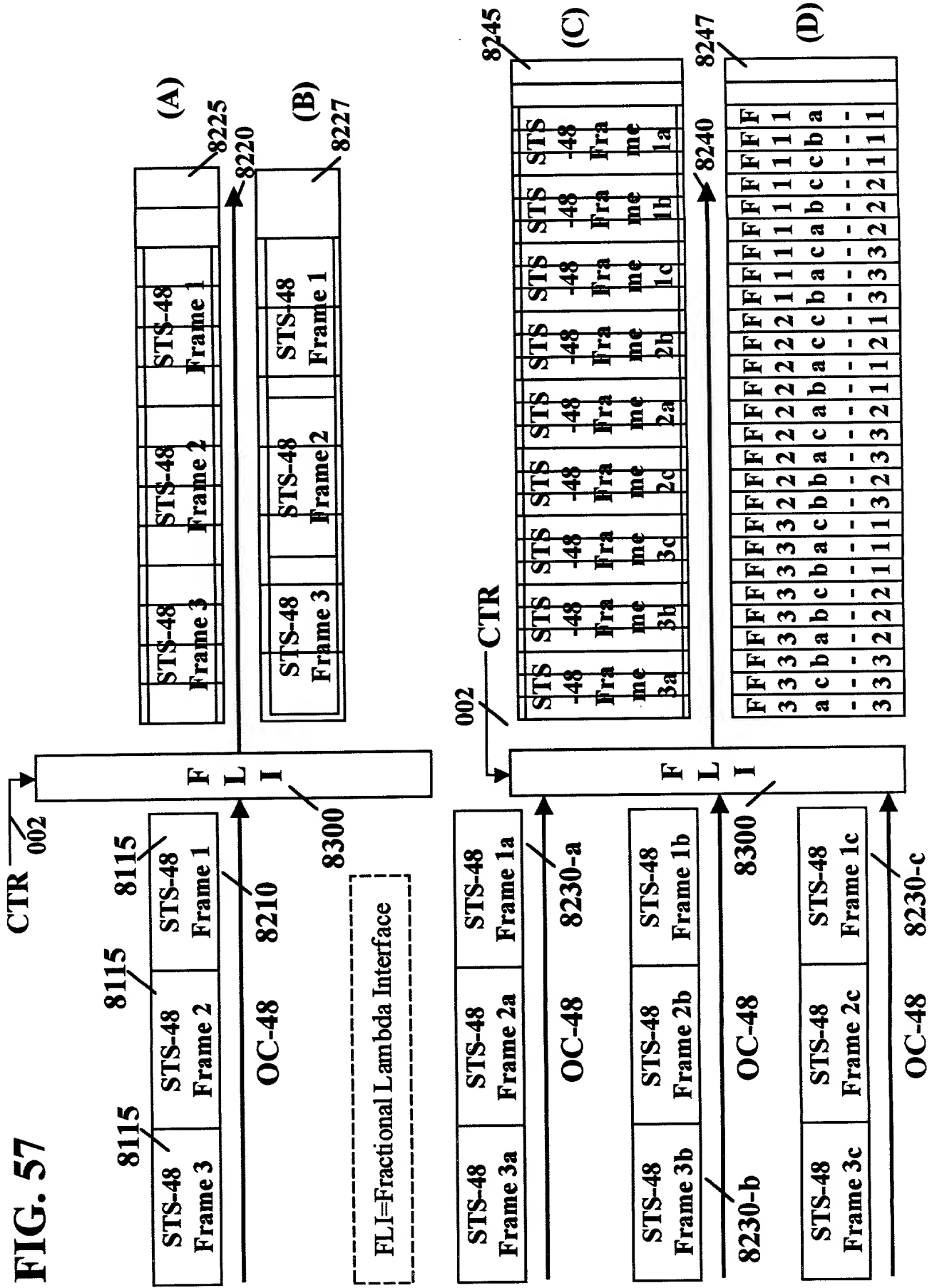


FIG. 58

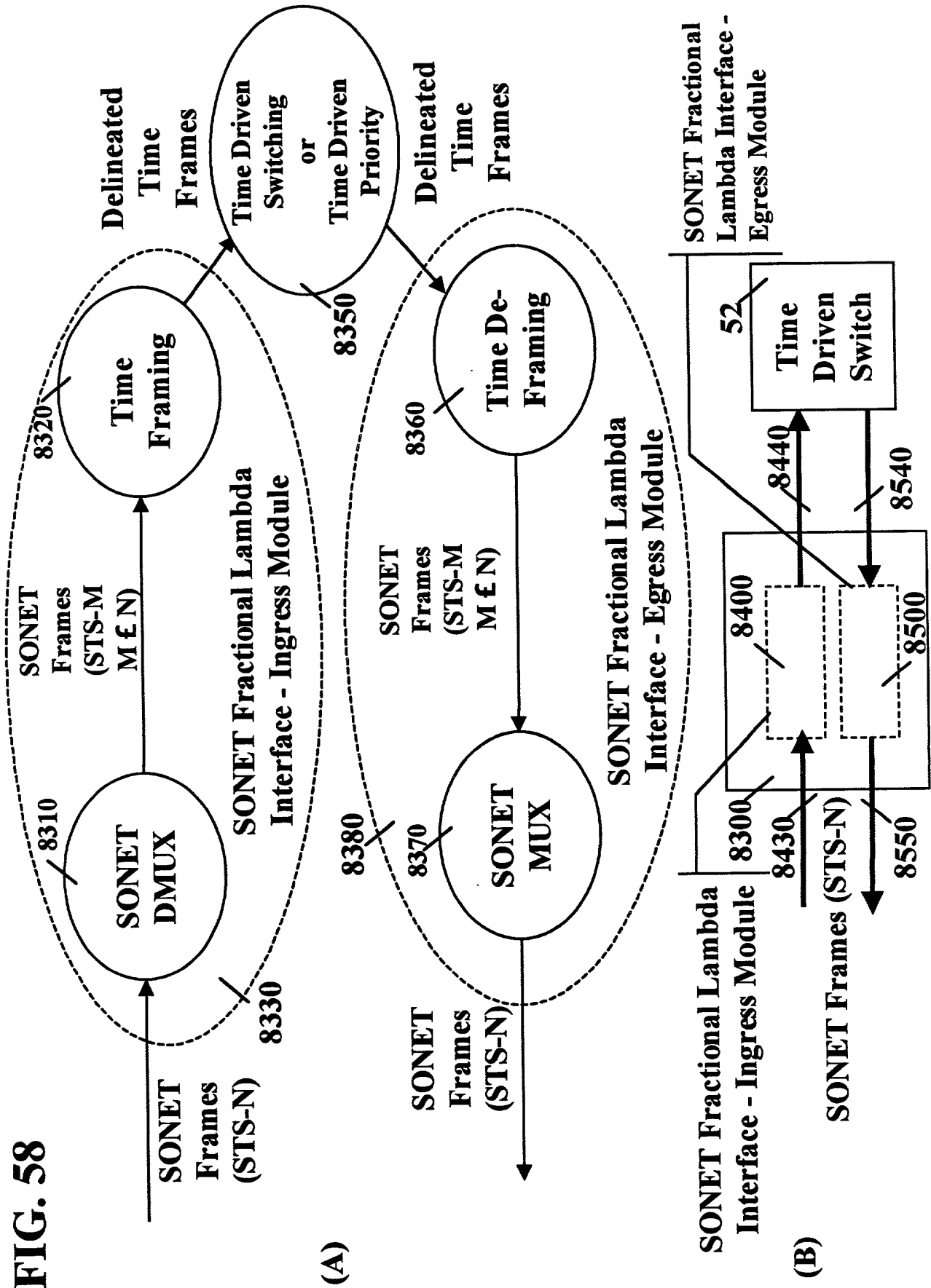
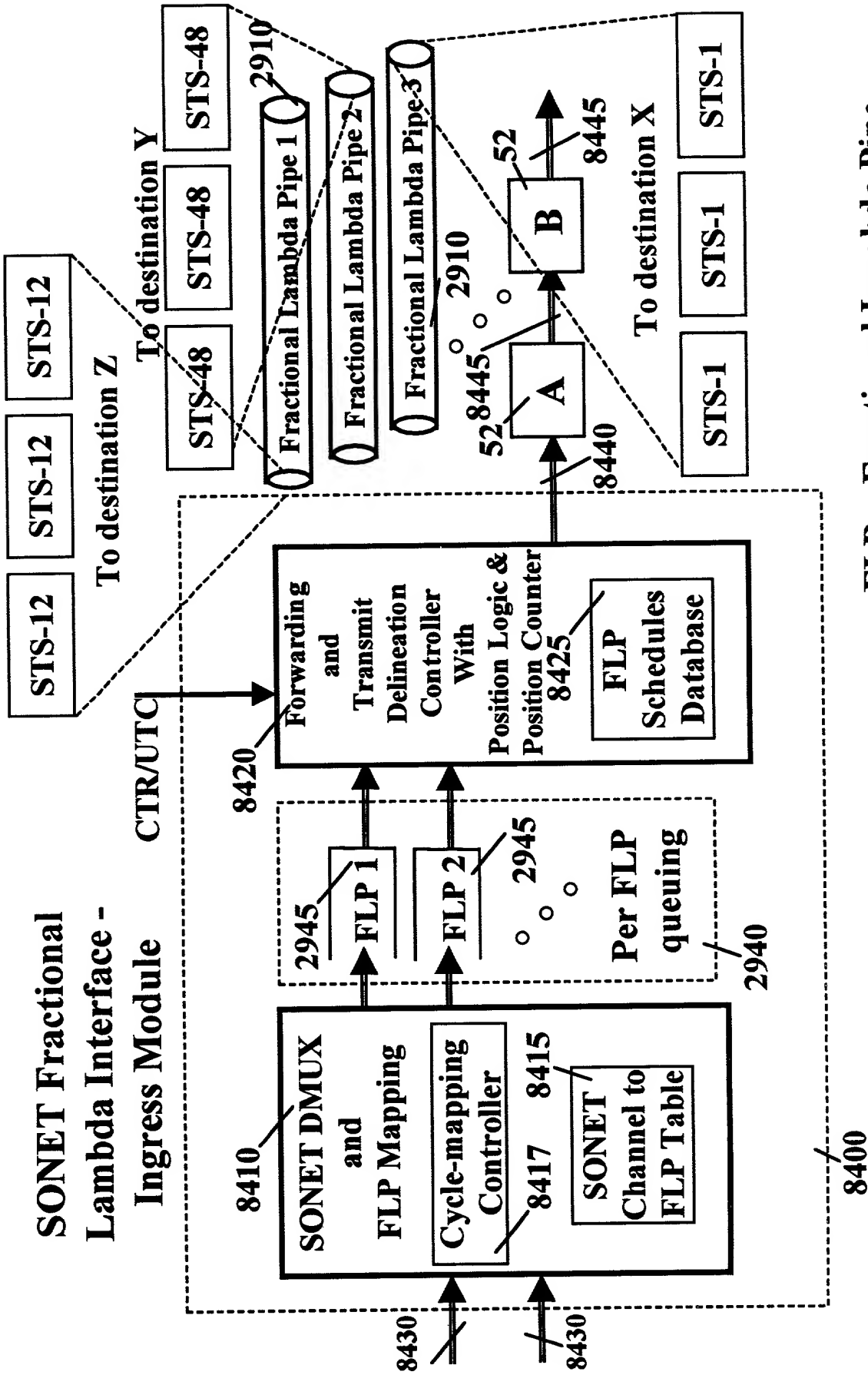


FIG. 59

SONET Fractional
 Lambda Interface -
 Ingress Module

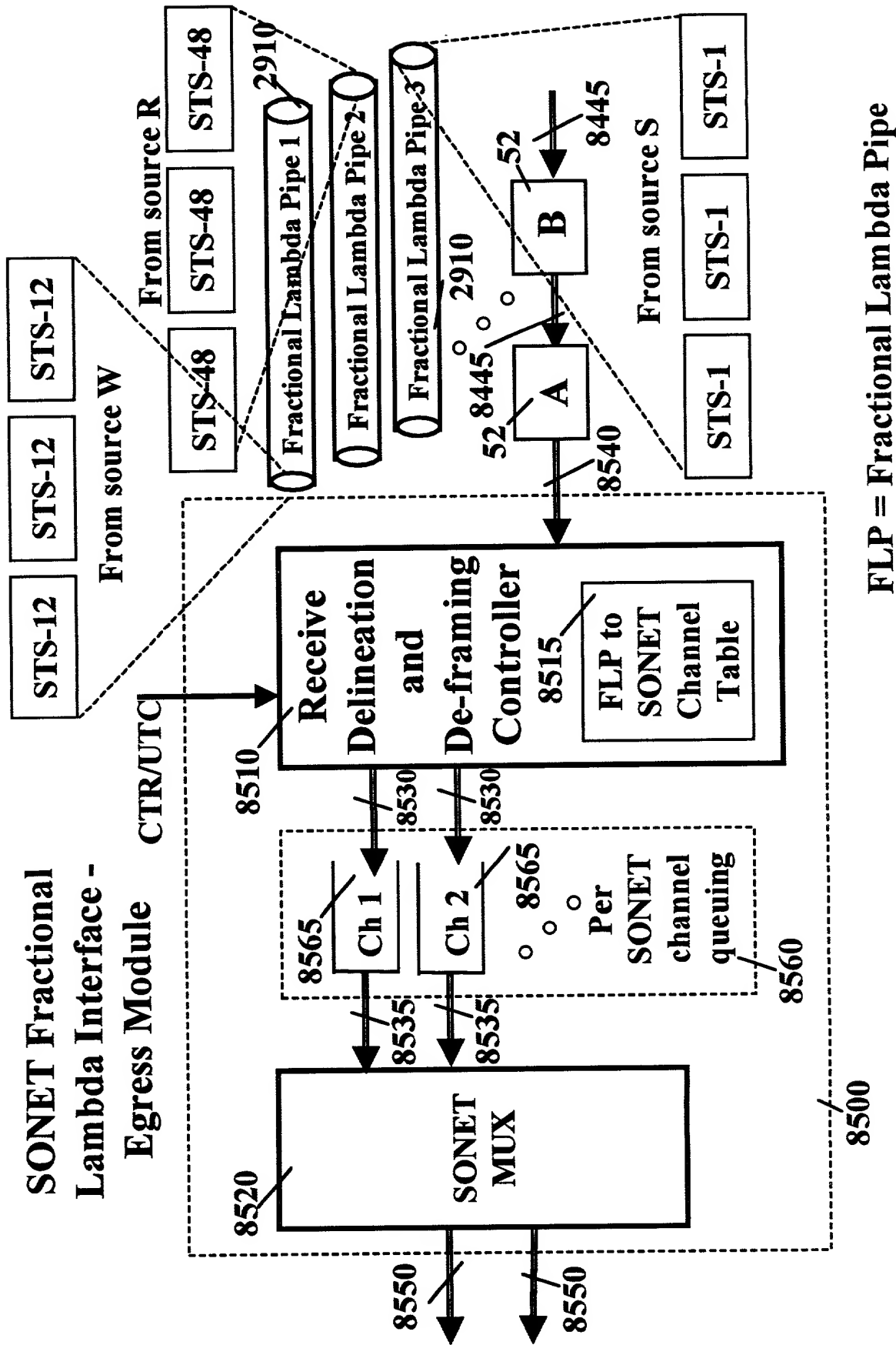
CTR/UTC



FLP = Fractional Lambda Pipe

FIG. 60

SONET Fractional
 Lambda Interface -
 Egress Module



FLP = Fractional Lambda Pipe

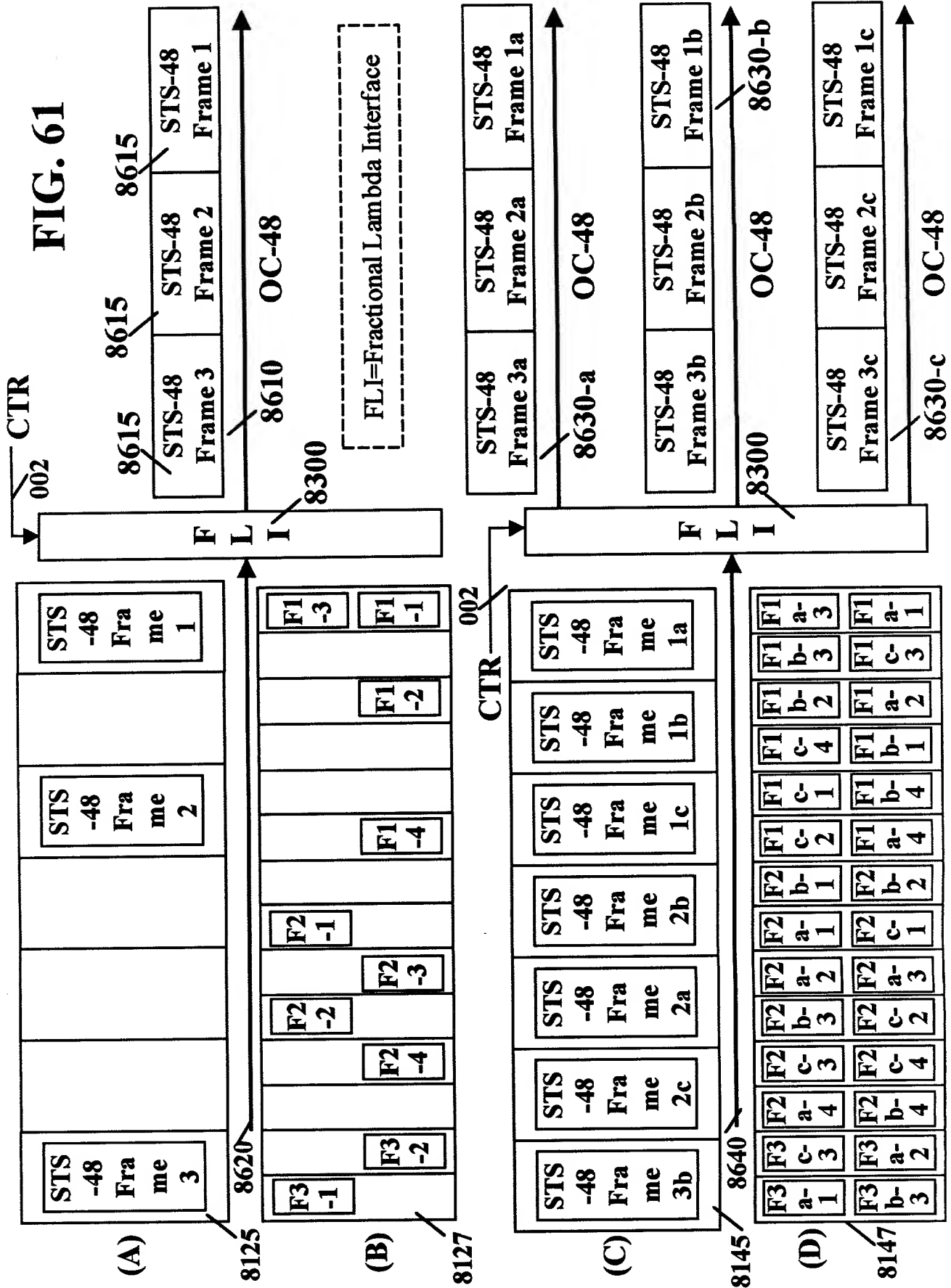
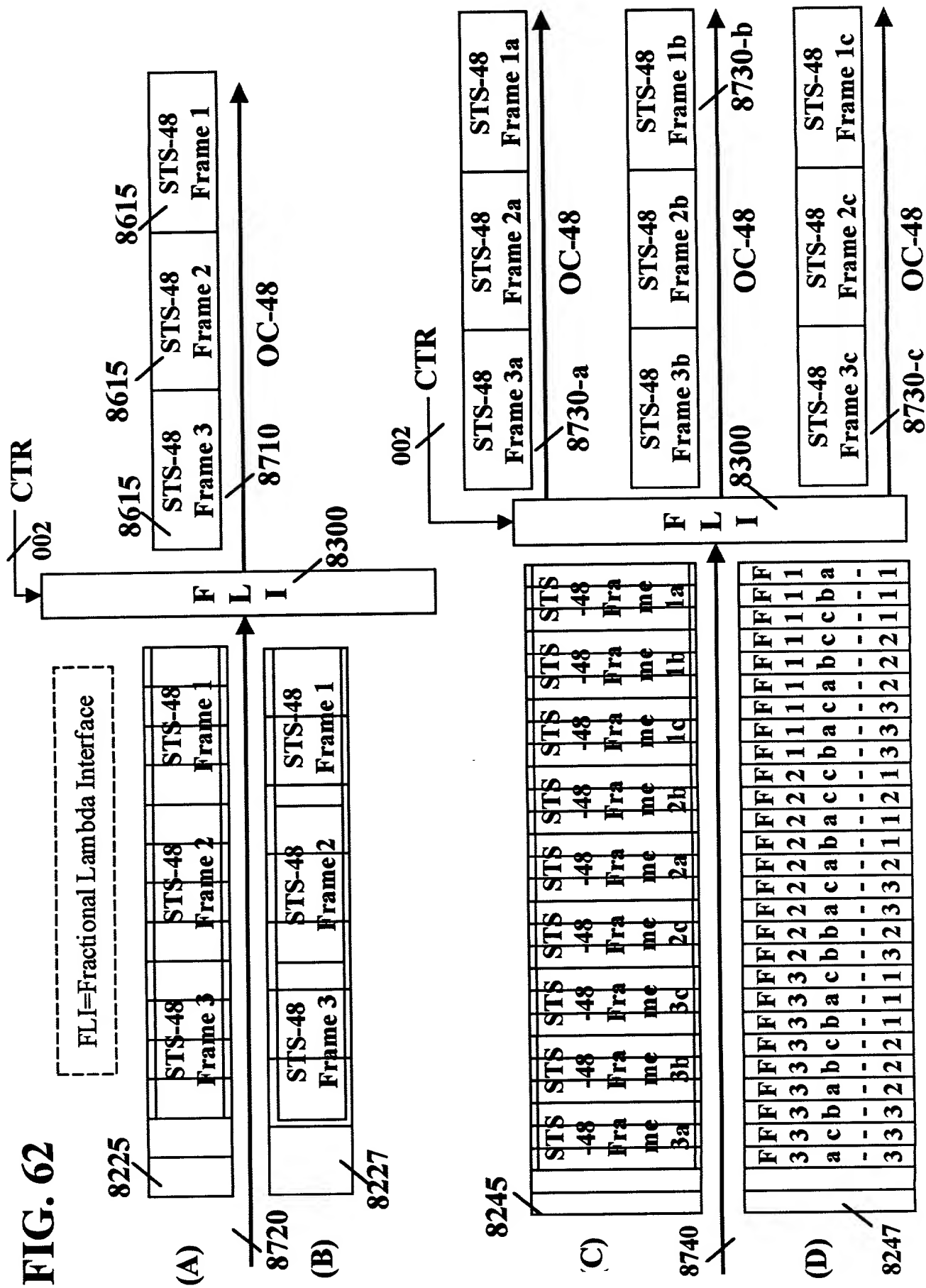


FIG. 62



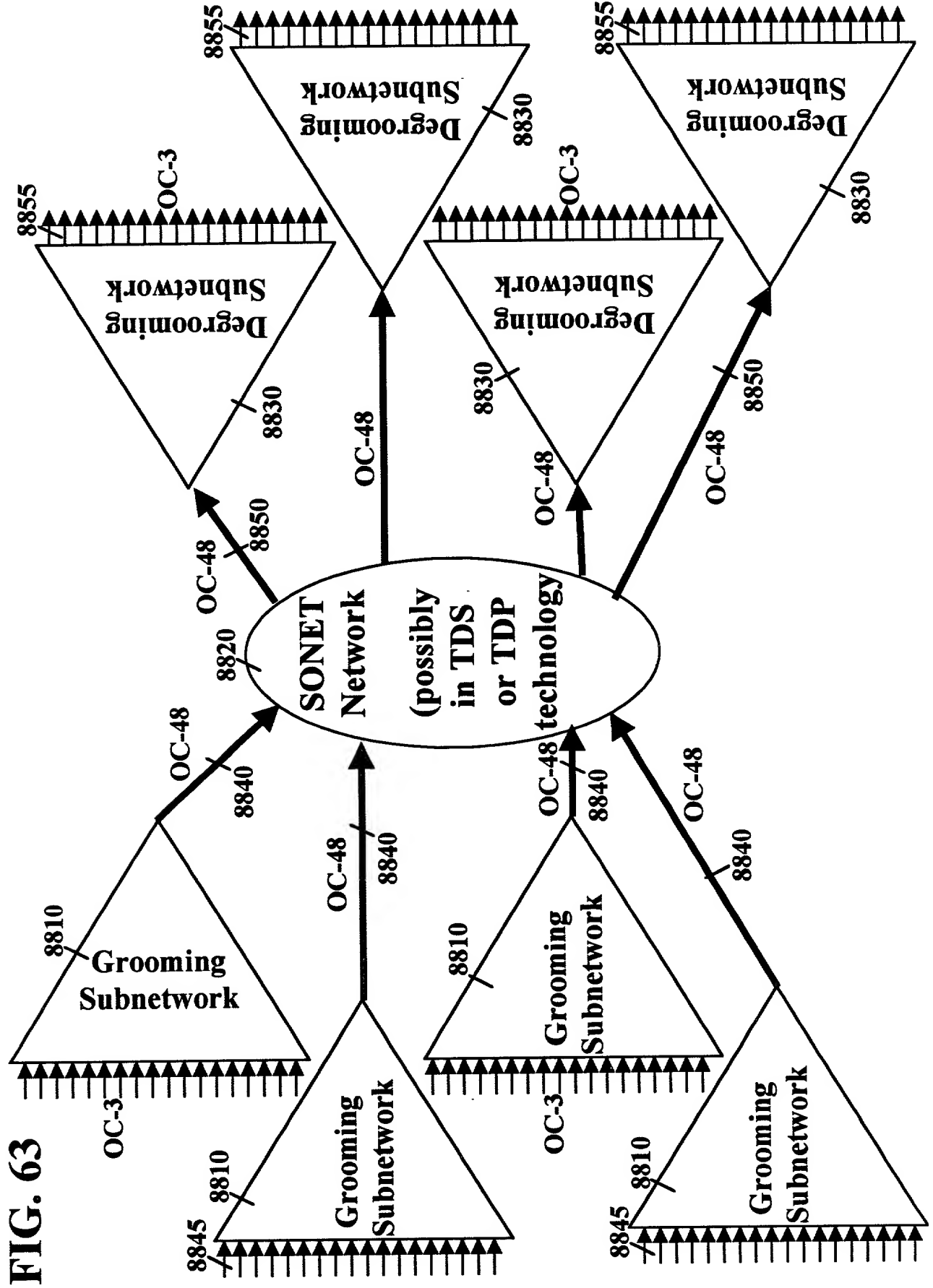


FIG. 63

FIG. 64

- SONET - synchronous optical network
- Multiplexing method: byte interleaving
- Signal hierarchy: OC-N (STS-N)
 - STS-N rate: $N \times 51.84$ Mb/s
 - Frame format: 9 rows by $90 \times N$ columns
 - capacity: $N \times 810$ bytes in 125 microsecond.
 - overhead: $N \times 27$ bytes
 - payload: $N \times 783$ bytes

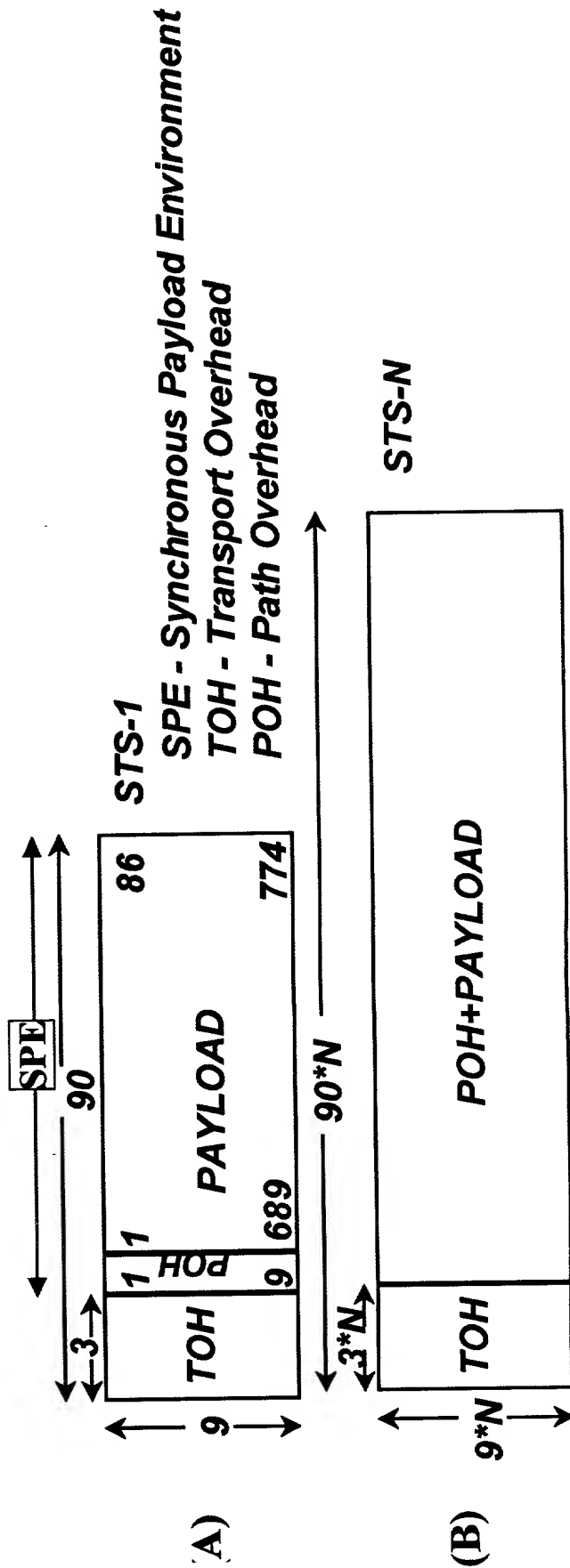


FIG. 65

